THE COURIER-JOURNAL "OWL" TRAIN OVER SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Lv. Louisville (4th-St. Crossing) Daily ..... 3:20 a. m.
Ar. Jeffersontown... *3:49 a. m.
Fisherville .. ... *4:00 a. m.
Shelbyville ..... 4:25 a. m.
*Stops on flag signal.
Ar. Lawrenceburg. .. 5:05 a. m.
Tyrone ..... *5:09 a. m.
Versailles ..... 5:22 a. m.
Lexington . ..... 5:45 a. m.

The Courier-Journal.

RETURNING—THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY'S "ST. LOUIS SPECIAL"
Leaves Lexington 6:10 a. m.; Louisville 9:00 a. m., daily, arriving St. Louis 4:56 p. m.—the fastest train to St. Louis by more than one hour. Entire train with observation dining car runs through complete.

VOL. CIII. NEW SERIES—NO. 13,140. LOUISVILLE, THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 22, 1904.—10 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Thursday and Friday:

Kentucky—Fair and warmer Thursday; rain Friday.

Indiana—Fair and warmer Thursday; Friday, snow in the north, rain in the south portion; increasing south winds.

Tennessee—Fair Thursday; Friday, rain.

THE LATEST.

President Roosevelt is going to start his fight for enlarged powers for the Interstate Commerce Commission immediately after the holiday recess of Congress. While he has not much hope of any action by the House, he is anxious that the House should adopt such a measure as will show the country that he is in earnest in his desire to curb the power of the great railroad corporations. It is said that Attorney General Moody is engaged in preparing a bill which will embody the President's views of the legislation he thinks desirable. Gov. Van Sant, of Minnesota, has opened his campaign for the United States Senate with an address strongly favoring the regulation of freight rates by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Argument was closed in the Nan Patterson case yesterday in New York, and to-day Judge Davis will deliver his charge and the case will be given to the jury. Abraham Levy spoke for Miss Patterson, making an eloquent plea for acquittal. Assistant District Attorney Rand was merciless in his denunciation of the actress, and Mr. Levy, the opposing attorney, declared at its close that it was the most wonderful and masterful argument he had heard in all his experience of twenty-four years in the New York courts.

Peremptory instructions in the Marcum damage trial at Winchester were refused and the entire session of court yesterday was consumed in hearing the evidence of Senator Alex. Hargis, which was not concluded at the adjourning hour. The gist of Senator Hargis' testimony was that he did not conspire with the defendants or any one else to kill James Marcum, but on the other hand he had befriended the assassinated man at various times. He stated that he assisted in employing counsel for Curtis Jett at Cynthiana because he was his sister's son.

Judge Evans yesterday sent two negro women to jail at the Government's expense, to insure their appearance in the spring to testify against the policemen and negroes under indictment for interfering with an election. The women will be paid $1 a day and expenses while held in custody, it being the first time that the Federal Court has taken advantage of a statute permitting the confinement and payment of witnesses.

The upper board of the General Council approved the taxy levy last evening. Mayor Grainger and City Attorney A. E. Richards differ with Supt. E. H. Mark and C. C. Martin, Secretary of the School Board, as to the provision made for free kindergartens, the former contending that the latter branch is to be treated as a part of the school system, and that therefore no special levy is necessary.

Admiral Togo, in an official report sent to Tokio, expresses the opinion that the Russian battleship Sevastopol is disabled. Official advices received at St. Petersburg practically confirm the stories of the Russian fleet's destruction. A Che Foo dispatch to a London paper says the Japanese are preparing for another general attack on Port Arthur.

About seventy-five Republicans attended the conference called by Senator Platt, in New York, in the interest of Senator Depew's candidacy for re-election. A committee was appointed to confer with Gov. Odell, who was not invited to attend the gathering. Mr. Platt expressed himself as highly pleased with the result of the meeting.

Both houses of Congress yesterday adjourned for the holidays. They will meet again on January 4. The Senate was in session only four minutes. The House, on objection by Mr. Mann, of Illinois, refused to take up the inaugural ball resolution, and the matter goes over until after the holiday recess.

Rear Admiral Charles H. Davis arrived in Paris yesterday and the International Commission on the North sea incident is expected to hold its opening session to-day. Capt. Clado, a Russian witness, has created something of a stir in official circles by statements made during his journey to Paris.

Emperor Nicholas is holding daily councils with members of his ministry and other prominent officials to discuss the internal situation in Russia. Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky is urging a policy of concession, but he and his followers seem to be largely in the minority.

The first general report of the Commissioner of Corporations was transmitted to the President. The work of the bureau has chiefly been the laying of a foundation of accurate knowledge of the legal and general business conditions with which it must deal.

A delegation of Bourbon county Democrats, headed by Claude M. Thomas, called on Gov. Beckham yesterday and urged the appointment of Emmett Dickson as Judge to succeed Judge Cantrill when he resigns to take a seat on the Appellate Court bench.

DANGER

Ahead For Republicans If Depew Is Defeated.

SUCH IS VIEW OF SPEAKERS

AT SENATOR PLATT'S CONFERENCE IN NEW YORK.

ALL PLEAD FOR HARMONY.

Platt Thinks the Result Will Be To "Tone Down Mr. Odell" a Bit.

MANY LEGISLATORS ATTEND.

New York, Dec. 21.—The conference of Republicans called by United States Senator Thomas C. Platt in the interest of the re-election of Senator Chauncey M. Depew by the coming State Legislature was held according to programme at the Fifth Avenue Hotel this morning. It was in session about three hours and adjourned without day after appointing a committee of seven headed by former Lieut. Gov. Woodruff to wait on Gov. Odell, who was not invited, and inform him of the sentiment as expressed at the conference.

The conference was attended by seventy-five well-known Republicans, most of them classed as being in favor of Senator Depew, but there were also not a few who are believed to be opposed to his candidacy.

* * *

Estimates Vary.

The speeches made in the conference were, almost without exception, strongly in favor of Senator Depew's re-election. No vote was taken, and estimates of the numerical classification of those present vary with the sympathies of those estimating. After the conference Senator Platt declared himself as greatly pleased with its character and personnel.

"I am proud of it," said he. "It was truly representative, and clearly showed, what I have all along claimed, that the sentiment of the people of the State is strongly for the re-election of Senator Depew. I imagine its result may be to tone down Mr. Odell."

Senator Platt himself called the conference to order, and at his suggestion William Barnes, Jr., of Albany, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Republican State Committee, presided. Twenty-seven members of the new Legislature who will have actual votes upon the senatorship were present.

* * *

Several Messages of Regret.

Messages of regret were received from Speaker Nixon, of the Assembly, and several Senators and Assemblymen. Word was received from Cornelius N. Bliss that he sympathized with the object of the conference and had spoken his sentiments at the so-called Odell-Black meeting the previous week.

Nearly all of the speeches definitely deprecated anything in the nature of a fight, and the plea for a harmonious solution of the Senatorship characterized the conference. Chairman Barnes, the first speaker, spoke in favor of Mr. Depew's re-election, declaring that to remove him from the Senate "after his long service would be a disturbing factor in the politics of the State."

* * *

Raines Sees Danger Ahead.

Senator Raines devoted a considerable portion of his extended remarks to a declaration of cordiality toward Governor Odell and ex-Governor Black. He held the welfare of the Republican party to be of importance.

"If the contest which appears to be pending now," he continued, "is carried out to the last issue and the utmost force is exerted by those who appear to be behind Governor Black and those who appear to be behind Mr. Depew, and Mr. Depew should be abandoned, I fear that two years from now, even next fall, in the city of New York, and two years from now in the State, whatever chances or prospects the Republican party may see before them today, those prospects would be dissipated, and we would be in the minority."

* * *

Mr. Woodruff Speaks.

Mr. Woodruff spoke several times, always strongly for Mr. Depew's re-election, which, he declared, was demanded by the overwhelming sentiment in Kings county.

Said he: "I have not heard a single person say that he was in favor of the election of ex-Governor Black; but I have heard men say that it would be nothing short of a crime not to re-elect Chauncey M. Depew. I believe that the Republican party in the State, and in the United States, will be seriously injured if Senator Depew is defeated. The people of the State, among them the people of the county of Kings, felt that in the last campaign they were voting for Chauncey M. Depew for Senator, just as much as they were voting for Higgins for Governor."

EDITOR WALTON MAY START PAPER AT FRANKFORT.

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Mr. W. P. Walton, the well-known Lexington editor, who has just disposed of his paper, the Lexington Democrat, to the Herald Publishing Company of that city, was here to-day, with a view to starting a Democratic newspaper here at the Capital. In the sale of his paper at Lexington Mr. Walton retained his plant and will remove it to this city. If he decides to locate here he will begin the publication of a morning paper shortly after the first of the new year.

TO FORM A NATIONAL COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Plans Adopted At a Meeting of the Executive Committee At Fort Worth.

Fort Worth, Tex., Dec. 21.—At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Cotton Association here to-day plans were adopted for the organization of the National Cotton Association under the resolutions adopted at the convention held at Shreveport, December 15. Oswald Wilson, of Fort Worth, Tex., was unanimously elected secretary of the Executive Committee; J. W. Spencer, president of the Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank, Fort Worth, national treasurer, and George N. Aldridge, Dallas, was added to the Executive Committee.

The secretary was instructed to send to the State chairmen the plan of organization of the Executive Committee, so that each State Committee may organize on the same lines.

The objects of this organization are:

1—To urge upon every farmer in the Southern States the absolute necessity of diversification, rotation and the cultural system of growing cotton.

2—To secure legislation in all of the cotton States for the protection of insectivorous birds, and destroy systematically the cotton stalks as soon as the cotton is picked.

To secure these results steps will be immediately taken to systematically organize the entire cotton country.

HARDSHIPS

UNDERGONE BY CREW OF A WATERLOGGED SCHOONER.

Eight Days and Nights the Members Worked Ceaselessly With Death Staring Them In Face.

New York, Dec. 21.—A story of eight days and nights of ceaseless labor under the most disheartening conditions, with death constantly staring them in the face, was told to-day by the ten shipwrecked sailors of the crew of the Portland, Me., schooner, Clara Goodwin, who were brought here to-day on the schooner Martha Wallace. The men were taken from the sinking Goodwin off Cape Henry last Friday. They were in a terribly exhausted condition and still showed the effects of their experience when they arrived here today.

The Clara Goodwin sailed from Tampa, Fla., on December 1, bound for Philadelphia. On December 8, while between Capes Hatteras and Lookout, the schooner ran into a northeast hurricane, which continued for many hours, and before it had spent its force the schooner had sprung a leak and began to fill rapidly. The steam pumps were working to their full capacity, but still the water in the hold increased in depth and the schooner became unmanageable. With all hands at the hand pumps a slight lead on the water was gained, and finally the schooner was worked into the southwest of Diamond Shoals, where temporary shelter was found. The wind shifted and she was again at the mercy of the waves. Then followed a week of unremitting toil, the conditions growing more unbearable every day and hope had almost been abandoned when the Wallace observed the signal of distress.

Before leaving the water-logged craft, Capt. Osterman applied the torch and left her with every sail set and the flames mounting skyward.

BRANCHING OUT

ARE INDEPENDENT OIL COMPANIES OF THE COUNTRY.

Controlled Mainly By George B. Cox and Congressman-Elect Rhinock, of Covington.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Four of the principal independent oil companies in this country, representing together more than $2,000,000 in face value, are now in control of George B. Cox and John L. Rhinock, Congressman-elect from the Covington district. The concerns in which they hold a majority of stock are the Record Oil Company, of New Orleans; the Charles H. Moore Oil Company, of Cincinnati; the F. S. Pease Oil Company, of Buffalo, N. Y., and the Upsom Oil and Soap Company, of Parkersburg, W. Va. Congressman Rhinock stated to-day there will be no combination of the four concerns, but that each will continue to be operated as it is at present and under the present management for a time at least. But by consolidating interests and adding capital it is expected to systematize and develop the business considerably, Mr. Rhinock stated.

The plant of the Moore Company in this city is now being greatly enlarged and it is now intended to establish distributing plants in Louisville, Memphis and other points convenient to the field of customers. The capacity of the New Orleans plant is to be doubled at once, while at Parkersburg a side company has been established, representing $400,000, he says, which will take the oil direct from wells to the refinery at that point. For the other plants there are to be additional pipe lines and a general improvement. Thomas L. Anderson remains in charge of the New Orleans plant, C. H. Moore of the Cincinnati plant, M. L. Upsom of the Charleston plant and H. W. Cleveland of the Buffalo plant.

THREE HOTELS IN NEW YORK EXCHANGE HANDS.

Pittsburg, Dec. 21.—It is announced here that a real estate trade of unusual proportions was closed in New York to-day by which the E. M. Rush estate of this city secures three large hotel properties in New York City, giving in part payment its real estate in Pittsburg valued at $1,100,000. The aggregate value of the properties involved is in the neighborhood of $5,000,000. According to the statement the Rush estate has had transferred to it for a consideration of $4,150,000 the Bretton Hall, the Regent and the Aberdeen, all thirteen-story hotels of New York, the combined rental of which is $220,000 per annum.

Charlotte Wants the President.

Charlotte, N. C., Dec. 21.—The Southern Manufacturers' Club of Charlotte adopted resolutions to-day providing for an invitation to the President to visit this city when he comes South, as the guest of the club. A committee of prominent business men was named to bear the invitation to Washington.

EARNEST

In Desire To Curb the Power of Railroads.

PRESIDENT IS NOT HOPEFUL

OF THE SENATE, BUT WANTS THE HOUSE TO ACT.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MOODY

Said To Be Preparing a Bill Which Will Embody the Views of the Executive.

A NEW CORPORATION BILL.

Washington, Dec. 21.—[Special.]—According to intimations appearing in some of the Administration organs, the President is going to start his fight for increased Interstate Commerce Commission power over railway rates shortly after the holiday recess, and while he has not much hope of action in the Senate at this session, he does want the House to adopt some kind of measure calculated to show the country, as well as the railroads, that he is in earnest over the matter. One idea advanced is for the passage of a bill authorizing a commission to inquire into the question and report to the House at the beginning of the next session. With the official testimony deduced it is expected that the case will be made stronger and the opposition thereby weakened.

"Florida," said Representative Lamar, of that State, to-day, "has frequently expressed the hope that the powers of the commission should be increased, and has strongly urged that this be done. We are vitally interested in the measure, for the State ships its own products to widely scattered portions of the country. We are all earnestly convinced that the powers of the great trunk lines should be curbed, and if an opportunity is presented I shall give all the help in my power to the President's plan."

ATTORNEY GENERAL MOODY

Preparing a Bill Which Embodies the President's Views.

Washington, Dec. 21.—President Roosevelt discussed to-day with several callers' proposed legislation regarding freight rebates and the question of empowering the Interstate Commerce Commission to adjust freight rates where found to be excessive. Among those who talked with the President were Secretary Morton and E. P. Bacon, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

It was stated to-day by one of the President's callers that Attorney General Moody now was engaged in the preparation of a bill which substantially would embody the views of the Administration on the question and that the measure would be presented to Congress probably soon after the holiday recess. The President has announced that the bill he is willing to support must be fair to both the railroads and the people; no one-sided measure can have his approval. He believes that the initial steps toward the desired legislation should be taken at the present session of Congress, and, if possible, that the legislation proposed should be crystallized into law at this time.

* * *

Charters For Corporations.

Senator Heyburn, of Idaho, had an extended talk with the President today on the subject of Federal charters for corporations doing an interstate commerce business. The Senator indicated his intention to introduce in the Senate after the holiday recess a measure providing for the incorporation under United States laws of all corporations doing an interstate business. The bill as proposed by Senator Heyburn will provide that corporations now in existence must take out Federal charters and that such corporations as may be organized hereafter also shall incorporate under Federal laws. All such corporations will be under the supervision of the Department of Commerce and Labor through the Bureau of Corporations. The bill has not been matured thoroughly yet, but Senator Heyburn hopes to have it ready for introduction immediately after the holidays.

VAN SANT IN THE FIGHT.

Favors Enlarged Powers For the Interstate Commerce Commission.

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 21.—Gov. Van Sant to-night addressed a large audience at Hastings, Minn., a small city about eighteen miles from here, on "Freight Rates," and his speech is regarded here as his entry into the senatorial contest as a candidate for the seat in the United States Senate now occupied by Senator Clapp, of St. Paul. In his speech the Governor said:

All men are interested in the question of freight rates. What is a freight rate? A freight rate is a tax on everything which flows into the life and commerce of the country. Unreasonable rates are charged and discriminations are common. These evils exist and should be remedied.

This question will be settled and settled properly. To admit that we are helpless is to declare that constitutional government is a failure.

I shall urge the Legislature to memorialize Congress in favor of granting increased power to the Interstate Commerce Commission. I trust it will do this.

A great deal of favorable sentiment has been created already from many quarters. I am ready to join hands with any man or any body of men to carry on the contests. Before joining you would better take time for reflection. Do you know the power of corporate wealth? Do you fully realize the vast influence it wields? Do you know how mercilessly it punishes those who stand in its way and oppose its will? I do. And I enter this fight with the full knowledge of these facts.

KENTUCKY SOCIETY HOLD ANNUAL SESSION.

After Dinner, At Which Toasts Were Responded To By Several Members, Officers Were Elected.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The Kentucky Society held its annual business meeting at the Missouri Athletic Club. The business meeting was preceded by a dinner, at which toasts were responded to by Dr. John Young Brown, superintendent of the City Hospital; Harry B. Hawes, retiring president of the society; Sim T. Price, Gen. George M. Shields, Dr. William G. Moore, James M. Carpenter, Dr. M. G. Hatcher, William McC. Martin and others. The society pledged its support to the Million Club. A page in memoriam in the record book of the society was ordered devoted to George Graham Vest and L. J. Watson, who have died since the last annual meeting.

The following officers were elected: Sim T. Price, president; W. S. McChesney, Jr., first vice president; John Young Brown, second vice president; Gen. George H. Shields, third vice president; William McC. Martin, secretary; George D. Harris, assistant secretary, and Robert W. Fisher, treasurer. The directors elected were: Harry B. Hawes, James M. Carpenter, Julian Jamison, Thomas P. Dudley, Dr. M. C. Marshall, John M. Wood and Thomas M. Francis. The date for the annual banquet will be decided by the directors.

DAILY COUNCILS

TO DISCUSS THE INTERNAL SITUATION IN RUSSIA.

PRINCE SVIATOPOLK-MIRSKY

And Others Favor a Policy of Concession, But the Majority Is Against Them.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 21.—Emperor Nicholas is holding councils daily at Tsarskoe-Selo, at which it is understood the internal situation in Russia is being thoroughly discussed. Among those who are attending the councils are Grand Duke Michael, the brother of the Emperor; Ministers and members of the Council of the Empire, including Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky, Minister of the Interior; M. Witte, President of the Ministerial Council; M. Pobodonotsoff, Procurator General of the Holy Synod; M. Muravieff, Minister of Justice; M. Kokovzoff, Minister of Finance; Count Vorontzoff-Dashkoff, head of the Russian Red Cross; Count Solsky and MM. Ermloff, Fritsch, Richter and Hesse.

Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky laid before the Council the addresses and resolutions adopted by the Congress of Zemsvtos which was held here last month. Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky, M. Witte and Count Solsky favored a policy of concession, but the others opposed such a policy on the ground that the demands of the Zemstvos were subversive of the essential principles of the autocracy. In the opinion of the Council it is not the time to entertain proposals looking to a change in the existing form of government while war is in progress, and it was decided to discourage political agitation. Measures will be drawn up relative to the distress consequent upon mobilization.

There is no confirmation of the report that Vice Admiral Rojestvensky has been appointed commander-in-chief of the Pacific squadron and that Admiral Skrydloff is to become a member of the Board of the Admiralty.

DICKSON'S FRIENDS

URGE HIS APPOINTMENT AS CIRCUIT JUDGE.

Delegation Headed By Claude M. Thomas Calls On Gov. Beckham In His Behalf.

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The protest made against the appointment of Attorney Emmett Dickson, of Paris, as the successor of Circuit Judge Cantrill in this judicial district, made several days since by leading citizens of Bourbon county, was met to-day by a delegation of Mr. Dickson's friends resident in that county. They strongly urged him to Gov. Beckham for the office as a man whose temperament and legal education made him the best-equipped man in the district. They refuted the charges made against his Democracy, saying that in the campaign of 1899 he supported the ticket and contributed to the campaign fund in his home county. The appearance of the delegation here in support of Mr. Dickson shows a bitter factionalism in the county of Bourbon that is expected to result in Gov. Beckham looking to some other county of the district for the new Judge.

In the Dickson delegation from Bourbon were Claude M. Thomas, J. H. Brent, Sheriff W. W. Mitchell, R. K. McCarney, Mayor Ben Perry, Attorney William Grannon, Attorney Neville Fisher, Kirby Wood, Gran Allen, J. M. Hall, P. J. McCarthy, R. J. Neely, C. D. Webb and County Committeeman W. D. McIntyre. Mr. Thomas acted as spokesman for the delegation, and its members were closeted with the Governor for half an hour. At its close Mr. Thomas said: "We came here to urge the appointment of Mr. Dickson because we think he is best fitted to be the successor of Judge Cantrill. He is a strong young man. During the campaign of 1899, in which he has been attacked, he was one of the eight men in Bourbon county who contributed $100 to the campaign fund. We hope to see him secure the appointment."

Death of a Prominent Educator.

Des Moines, Ia., Dec. 21.—A telegram was received here to-day from San Antonio, Tex., announcing the death of Prof. J. L. Budd, for twenty-two years at the head of the Horticulture Department at Iowa State Agricultural College, and one of the most widely known pomologists in the world. He visited Russia in 1887 for the United States Government and spent two years in studying the fruit trees of Siberia and introducing many new varieties into the United States.

PEREMPTORY

Instructions In Marcum Damage Trial Denied.

SENATOR HARGIS ON STAND.

DENIES HE CONSPIRED TO KILL JAMES MARCUM,

BUT HAD BEFRIENDED HIM.

Explains At Length His Part In the Trial of Curtis Jett At Cynthiana.

TESTIMONY NOT CONCLUDED.

Winchester, Ky., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The most of the morning session of Circuit Court was consumed by arguments of counsel on the motion of defendants in the Marcum damage case for peremptory instructions, the jury having been sent out of the room. After hearing the arguments of the attorneys, Judge Benton rendered an elaborate opinion, in which he quoted extensively from legal authorities to sustain his position. He said he had followed closely the testimony given by witnesses, much of which had impressed him as having little real value, while that of others had impressed him greatly. The Judge was disposed to think that not much has been made out against Senator Hargis, but that the law declares if there is a scintilla of evidence against defendant, the jury must decide. Hence he overruled the motion for peremptory instructions in the case of each one.

A motion by defendants' attorneys to set aside the swearing of the jury was also overruled and defendants were ordered to proceed. The only witness on the stand to-day was Senator A. H. Hargis, and he was still on the stand when court adjourned to-night.

* * *

Senator Hargis Takes Stand.

Senator Hargis stated that he was forty-five years old and resided in Clark county, but has large mercantile and farming interests in Breathitt county. He said he was School Commissioner of Breathitt county for four years and State Senator for one term; that he was a Democrat and supported the nominees of the party and contributes to the campaign fund, but took no active part in politics. He denied specifically that he had conspired with other defendants or any one else to kill James Marcum or anybody else. He said he had been a friend to Marcum, had given him employment when he first came to Jackson and had helped him all he could until Marcum circulated the report that he killed Logan Cockrell, who met his death when witness was a boy. Witness said he told D. D. Hurst, Marcum's father-in-law, that these things were not true, and that for the sake of his family he should explain the matter or retract it. He recited the fact that he had done many things for Marcum. Among other things, he said he had sold some cattle for him. He said he did not say that he approved of the killing of Jim Cockrell.

* * *

At Outs With Jett.

Witness said he had no knowledge that Marcum's life was in danger, and denied that he had had conversations with Mrs. Afrelia Marcum, Mrs. Sarah Patrick and Mrs. Mary Johnson, in which he had told them that Marcum had better leave, that the differences between him and the Hargis family might be adjusted and they would not kill him, but Ed Callahan would. Witness said he did not know Tom White until after Marcum was killed, and had no transactions with him at any time. He said Curtis Jett was his nephew, but they had not spoken to each other since November, 1902, until after the death of Marcum.

Senator Hargis said in 1902 Jett came to the store drunk and fired several shots into the ceiling, and that James Hargis went into the basement to escape from Jett. He said Jett told him why he wanted to kill Judge Hargis, but he had forgotten the reason. When Jett was brought to Jackson in irons natural sympathy for his sister's son impelled him to offer assistance. He assisted to employ counsel, but was not a witness either at Cynthiana or Jackson. He said he was at his home in Clark county the day Marcum was killed, and went to Jackson next day. He said he had known Capt. Ewen for years, but said Ewen did not come to him the Sunday after the killing, show him some telegrams and say: "I believe that I am in danger of being killed."

* * *

He Did Not Say It.

Witness testified that he did not say to Ewen: "If I were you and knew who killed Marcum I would tell it," but added if he had said anything to Ewen about the matter that would have been the substance of his advice. During the Jett trial at Jackson witness said he heard that his wife had written to Mrs. Marcum and Mrs. Patrick and referred to witness in connection with the plot. He asked her about it and she said she had not referred to him. If she had done so he said he would have regarded her as unfaithful to him as her husband.

Testimony had been adduced by plaintiff that at Jackson Senator Hargis refused to speak to Sheriff McCord and acting Sheriff Little. He said he did refuse to speak to them because he thought Little had tried to humiliate him by bringing his nephew in irons, but said he shortly afterward apologized to McCord, and is now on good terms with both of them.

Senator Hargis was still on the stand when court adjourned.

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE TO MAKE AN ACTIVE FIGHT.

Will Strive To Retain Anti-Canteen Law and Ask For An Appropriation of $350,000.

Columbus, O., Dec. 21.—The Executive Committee of the American Anti-Saloon League met here to-day and outlined plans for a legislative campaign.

It was determined to make a fight for the retention of the anti-canteen law; sufficient additional appropriation to complete army post recreation halls; for effective prohibitory legislation for Indian Territory, should it be granted statehood; the passage of the Hepburn-Dolliver Bill to prohibit the shipping of liquor into the new Territories. The league will insist upon a fairer test of the anti-canteen law. This, it was claimed, has not been given the statute. The league will ask for an appropriation of $350,000 of Congress to build and complete the recreation halls at various army posts, which are intended in a way as a substitute for the canteen. There are seventy such buildings. Some, however, have not been completed, and it is to finish these that the money is chiefly needed.

GREEN GOODS

DEALT IN EXTENSIVELY IN EASTERN KENTUCKY.

BAIL REFUSED J. C. M'ELROY,

Who, With His Wife, Is Under Arrest At Huntington Charged With Fraudulent Use of Mails.

Huntington, W. Va., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Great interest is manifested here in the outcome of the trial of J. C. McElroy and wife, arrested for dealing in green goods, the United States mails having been used freely, it is alleged, in furthering their schemes. Mrs. McElroy was first arrested, and as she was quite prominently known here, having moved in society, the arrest naturally caused a great sensation and several of the most influential business men of Huntington came forward to lend assistance. Henry M. Ensign was accepted as bondsman but later, when the husband was arrested and brought here from Kentucky, the Commissioner refused to allow him bail and he now languishes in prison. His preliminary trial, as well as that of his wife, will take place just as soon as Post-office Inspector Horton and a private detective return from points in Eastern Kentucky, chiefly Vanceburg and vicinity, where they have been collecting evidence against the accused. The two post-offices most frequently used by the McElroys in furthering their scheme were Central City, W. Va., and Trinity, Ky., the aged mother of McElroy being postmistress at the latter place.

McElroy's chief graft, so Government officials allege, was to sell one thousand dollars' worth of the "queer" for ten dollars in real coin, and unless all reports are false he had built up quite an extensive business among the rural districts of Eastern Kentucky and he was not at all idle while in West Virginia.

Mrs. McElroy, who had numerous letters in her possession when arrested, regarding the green goods scheme from her husband, claims that she was an unwilling victim, that her husband persisted in writing her these letters without her approval and that for six months they have not lived together as husband and wife. Mrs. McElroy is much wrought up over the affair. She called at the county jail to-day to have a talk with her husband, but this privilege was denied her. Commissioner Gibson believes that the evidence will be ready so as to go into trial to-morrow afternoon.

SIPPING THE DREGS.

CHICAGO LAWYER PAYS FOR SQUANDERING OTHERS' MONEY.

John R. McFee, Who Was Arrested In Louisville, Is Sentenced To the Penitentiary.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—John R. McFee, a lawyer, once in good standing in Chicago, was sentenced to the penitentiary to-day on one of several charges of forgery. McFee is alleged to have secured nearly $40,000 by forgery. Much of the money was squandered in extravagant indulgence and on the race track. Even while his trial was in progress the grand jury was hearing further charges of forgery against McFee.

The heaviest loser by McFee's alleged forgeries was Mrs. Anderson, victimized to the extent of $13,500. The others were chiefly Chicago banks. McFee was captured in Louisville two weeks ago.

An odd incident in connection with the case in court to-day was the appearance of William S. Young, an aged lawyer, in behalf of McFee. Young was Public Guardian in Cook county during Gov. Altgeld's administration, and as such was convicted of embezzling the funds of his wards. McFee at that time was Young's lawyer, as Young was to-day lawyer for McFee.

McFee was arrested in Louisville after being a fugitive from justice for about three months.

Robbed of Over $10,000.

New York, Dec. 21.—John H. Rutherfurd, a well-known New Yorker, is reported to have been robbed of a $10,000 letter of credit and $750 in currency while en route to Paris, according to a Herald dispatch from London. Rutherfurd had been visiting in London and had decided on a journey to Egypt. His loss was discovered upon arriving in Paris.

Hay Memorial Chapel Burns.

Simsbury, Conn., Dec. 21.—The Hay Memorial Chapel, given to Westminster school by Secretary Hay in memory of his son, Adelbert S. Hay, was burned to-day. The loss, estimated at $12,500, is only partially insured. The fire is supposed to have started from a defect in the furnace. The chapel was built and dedicated in 1902.

PITILESS

Denunciation of Nan Patterson By Mr. Rand.

A "CRUEL MOUTHED AVENGER"

WHOSE LOVE, HE DECLARED, WAS THAT OF A BEAST.

LEVY MAKES AN ABLE PLEA.

Pays High Tribute To Rand's Oratory, But Expects His Client's Acquittal.

"WONDERFUL AND MASTERFUL"

New York, Dec. 21.—Judge Vernon M. Davis did not deliver his charge to the jury in the trial of Nan Patterson, the former actress, to-night, but sent the jurymen home to rest, after a day spent in listening to the arguments of counsel. It had been explained that the case would go to the jury before 6 o'clock, but Judge Davis put his charge over until to-morrow.

Abraham Levy, chief counsel for the defendant, occupied the time of the morning session with his argument, while Assistant District Attorney Rand took up the afternoon with his speech.

Both addresses were impassioned and eloquent. Mr. Levy swayed his listeners to tears at times by his references to his client and the home-coming in Washington which he anticipated. Placing a Bible on the railing in front of the jurors, Mr. Levy read the eighth chapter of the Gospel of St. John. He laid particular emphasis on the sentence: "He that is without sin among you, let him cast the first stone," and then he said to the jurors:

* * *

Appeal To the Jury.

"Will you say to her who sits before you here, in the words of Him who spoke at that time: 'Woman, go, and sin no more?'

"With the happiness of your own home before you and with the joy of the Christmas festival in anticipation, are you going to condemn this young woman?

"Do not send her to her doom now, when the entire world is rejoicing. She sits abandoned by all except that old man, her aged father. I leave her in your hands, confident that you will acquit her and restore her to her devoted old father at a time when all proclaim 'Peace on earth, good will to men.' I ask that you allow her to take him home to the aged wife and mother who awaits them, and give her a chance to live a new life with them in her home."

* * *

Rand's Pitiless Argument.

Mr. Rand's argument was a severe arraignment of Miss Patterson, and when the Prosecutor pitilessly condemned the young woman as the murderess of Bookmaker Caesar Young she quailed under his invectives.

"Actress, stony-hearted, cruel-mouthed avenger that she is, the story she told, the manner of her telling it, ought not to be convincing to a child.

"Every action proclaims her guilt. I have never seen a real murderer who has not been distinguished by coolness, calmness and unruffled demeanor and sisted in writing her these letters without her approval and that for six months they have not lived together as husband and wife. Mrs. McElroy is much wrought up over the affair. She called at the county jail to-day to have a talk with her husband, but this privilege was denied her. Commissioner Gibson believes that the evidence will be ready so as to go into trial to-morrow afternoon.

conceit. Never yet was there a murderer who was not anxious to testify, believing that his story would prove convincing to the jury," thundered the prosecutor.

In detail he held her character to the jury and asked if a woman like her was able to have any love other than that of "beast." "The beast in the woman called to the man, and the beast in the man answered," he said.

* * *

Counsel Assailed.

Miss Patterson's counsel were not spared by Mr. Rand, who, after saying that the defendant's testimony had been typewritten and learned by heart, added: "There are those among her defenders who are capable of preparing testimony which they know to be false. I name no names, and I stand ready to prove what I say if there is any question raised on that statement."

J. Morgan Smith and his wife were denounced by the lawyer.

Most impressive was Mr. Rand's attempt to show the jury that Young could not have shot himself. The skeleton, which had already appeared during the trial, was brought forward, and the attorney went over the details of the entrance of the bullet and the direction it took after entering Young's body. During this recital Miss Patterson covered her face with her gloved hands.

* * *

An Object Lesson.

Mr. Rand used the revolver with which Young was killed to prove that in no position could it have been held by Young to inflict the wound that caused his death. Facing the jury with the pistol in his outstretched hand, the prosecutor exclaimed:

"Gentlemen, I will give you this revolver to take into the jury room, and if any man among you can hold it as the defense's theory of suicide would require you to hold it in order to inflict this wound and then pull the trigger, I will consent to your setting this defendant free on the spot."

The remainder of the speech was given over to controverting the testimony of the defense.

After Mr. Rand's speech Mr. Levy said:

"That was the most wonderful advocacy of any cause, the most masterful speech that I have ever heard in a criminal case in my experience in the courts of twenty-four years.

"In spite of that, I am confident that Miss Patterson will be acquitted."

ILLEGAL SYSTEM OF TRANSFERS IS COSTLY.

New York, Dec. 21.—The New York City Railway Company loses fully $1,000 a day through an illegal system of transfers, according to a statement made to-day by the company's chief inspector in a Police Court. The inspector appeared as the complainant against four men who had been arrested, charged with using transfers which they had solicited from persons in the street. The men pleaded ignorance of the transfer law, but were each held in $100 bail for trial.

DISABLED.

Such Is Togo's Opinion of the Sevastopol.

A DEAD OFFICER PROMOTED.

JAPANESE ARMY REPORTS TROPHIES AT KEEKWAN.

SKIRMISHES IN MANCHURIA.

Tokio, Dec. 21.—Admiral Togo, who has personally made a series of observations of the Russian battleship Sevastopol, telegraphs to the Navy Department expressing the opinion that the Sevastopol is disabled. Great weight is attached to Togo's personal observations and opinion, instanced by the fact that when the Russian battleship Petropavlovsk was sunk Togo was one of the few officers of the entire Japanese fleet whose eye caught the vision of speedy disaster.

Commander Yezoe, who was killed while torpedoing the Sevastopol, has been promoted and has been given other posthumous honors.

The Japanese army besieging Port Arthur reported to-day as follows regarding the trophies captured by the Japanese in the north fort of Keekwan Mountain:

"Further investigation shows that we captured five 8.2 quick-firing field guns, two 47-millimeter quick-firing guns, one of them being serviceable; two 24-millimeter guns, one being serviceable; four machine guns, all serviceable; sixteen rifles, 461 rounds of great gun ammunition, 250 rounds of 24-millimeter gun ammunition, 1,150 rounds of machine gun ammunition, 15,000 rounds of small arms ammunition, eighty grenades and nine star shells, all serviceable; six cases of powder and timber, sand bags, clothing, etc."

* * *

Report From Manchuria.

The following report from Manchuria headquarters was received at 11:30 last night and was made public to-day:

"On Monday at 5 in the afternoon the enemy's artillery east of Da Mountain bombarded the neighborhood of Sinlintung. At 1 in the morning, Tuesday, the enemy's infantry attacked us south of Pienhuhungpao and at Tazupao. By 4 in the morning he was repulsed. Simultaneously the enemy's infantry attacked Chinshantung, Helilntung and Huangti and made a most vigorous attack in the neighborhood of Chinshantung. The fighting continued about an hour when the enemy was completely repulsed. We had no casualties."

* * *

Attaches To Depart.

The Japanese transport Manshu leaves Japan for Port Arthur about December 26 carrying the foreign naval attaches and parliamentary delegations. The trip is intended to give the attaches an opportunity to make technical observations.

DESTRUCTION OF WARSHIPS

Is Confirmed In Dispatches Received In St. Petersburg.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 21.—While declining to give details, the Admiralty admits that Russian advices from Port Arthur sent by Gen. Stoessel substantially confirmed the Japanese advices of the partial wrecking of the Russian ships in the harbor, and the censor has been instructed to permit the publication of the dispatches. It is claimed that several of the larger ships and a respectable number of torpedo boat destroyers are still seaworthy, but they are not being considered as a factor in the coming fight between Admiral Togo's ships and the Russian Second Pacific squadron. The whole series of misfortunes which has attended the Port Arthur squadron is a bitter chapter in Russian naval annals, but since the latest advices here has been less disposition to criticise Rear Admiral Wiren's failure to make a sortie, Gen. Stoessel having decided that further defense of the fortress would be impossible if the guns of the warships and the sailors landed were re-embarked. Had the ships been able to go out under the conditions existing they would have been at the mercy of the Japanese and would have been sacrificed without hope of inflicting commensurate damage. If the fortress is relieved it is believed that most of the ships will be raised and saved.

The report that a Japanese squadron of forty vessels had already sailed to meet the Second Pacific squadron is regarded at the Admiralty here as being incorrect and circulated for a purpose.

Military critics here do not attach vital importance to the capture of the north fort of Keekwan Mountain. They declare it is not part of the main line of defenses of Port Arthur, and therefore is without influence on the fate of the fortress.

ANOTHER BIG ATTACK

On Port Arthur Is Planned By the Japanese Forces.

London, Dec. 22.—The Daily Telegraph's Che Foo correspondent says that the steamer Lady Mitchell, which sailed from Tsingtao with supplies, ammunition and dynamite, reached Port Arthur during a snowstorm four nights ago. He also says it is reported that the Japanese were compelled to evacuate their position on Hse mountain owing to a flanking fire from other forts and the explosion of Russian mines, from which they lost heavily.

The Japanese, the correspondent adds, are employing thousands of coolies in making strong forts at Dalny and around Port Arthur. They express a determination to capture Port Arthur before the Chinese New Year. An attack is now preparing that will be on a hitherto unequaled scale, and it will mean either success or terrible disaster to the besiegers. The correspondent concludes by saying that it is stated that Gen. Nogi has asked for 60,000 re-enforcements from Japan.

The Russian Loan.

New York, Dec. 21.—Overtures are reported to have been made to a number of local bankers concerning the flotation here of a part of the forthcoming Russian loan. No definite steps have been taken as yet toward placing the bonds, but bankers express the belief that a fair-sized block will find a market in this city, and there may even be a public offering, as in the case of the two recent Japanese loans, which were placed half here and half in Europe.

A Point of Vantage.

Headquarters of the Japanese Third Army Before Port Arthur, Dec. 21, via Fusan.—The capture of the north fort of East Keekwan Mountain December 18 by the Japanese is of much importance, because it opens a way up the gorge to the highest hills and will render easier the capture of the mountain. It gives much additional foothold for a general assault on the western half of the eastern fortified ridges. The Japanese now hold five of the seven protecting forts.

Russia Buys Drexel's Yacht.

London, Dec. 21.—It is stated that Russia has bought Andrew J. Drexel's fine steam yacht Margarita, paying $650,000.

ADMIRAL DAVIS HAS ARRIVED AT PARIS.

Russian Witness Causes Some Comment By His Injudicious Utterances.

Paris, Dec. 21.—Rear Admiral Charles Davis arrived here this afternoon. Lieut. Com. Smith, United States naval attache, met the admiral and his party at the railroad station and conducted them to the Hotel Brighton. The admiral said to the Associated press that he greatly regretted having been unable to arrive in Paris in time to attend the preliminary meetings. He had taken the fast express train after landing at Antwerp.

Later the admiral called on Ambassador Porter, who advised the Foreign Office that Admiral Davis was ready to take up his work on the International Commission which is to inquire into the North Sea incident. It is expected that President Loubet will receive the American admiral to-morrow, and that the commission will afterwards hold its opening session.

Capt. Clado, who was detached from Vice Admiral Rojevensky's squadron to testify before the International Commission, made statements during his journey to Paris that are exciting considerable stir in official and diplomatic circles, as indicating a rather defiant and belligerent tone on the eve of the assembling of the commission. Some of Clado's statements were strongly antagonistic to Great Britain, he declaring that the British agitation over the North Sea incident leading up to the appointment of the international Commission was a plan to delay the Russian Second Pacific squadron from relieving Port Arthur. He also asserted that another campaign, having for its object the passage of the Dardanelles by the Russian Black Sea fleet, will be launched at an opportune time. In the meantime, he added, men and equipment from the Black Sea fleet will be sent to aid the Second Pacific squadron.

It was pointed out at the British embassy that Clado is not a member of the commission, but only a witness, and therefore no official cognizance will be taken of his statements.

ARRANGEMENT

WAS MADE WITHOUT KNOWLEDGE OF VARIOUS STOCKHOLDERS.

Such Is the Testimony of Broker Campbell In the Brooks Johnson Suit.

St. Louis, Dec. 21.—The taking of depositions incident to the trial of the suit of J. Brooks Johnson to dissolve the merger of the St. Louis Transit Company and the United Railways Company was concluded before Special Commissioner Clifford Ballen to-day, with the testimony of Broker James Campbell, Edward H. Conrades, A. H. Bauer and Russell Stanhope.

From the testimony of the witnesses, Attorney Gilliam, representing Johnson, sought to show that the tripartite agreement, whereby the transit company and the United Railways Company directorate and the Brown Bros. syndicate, of New York, voted to purchase the transit company assets, was made without the knowledge of various transit company stockholders and discriminated against their interests.

James Campbell, broker, who was a director in the St. Louis Transit Company and the United Railways Company, testified that he owned one share of stock in the transit company and one in the United Railways Company, but that he held twenty other shares of transit stock in the names of other persons.

When the proposition for merging the Transit interests with those of the United Railways Company was under way and it was proposed to raise $7,000,000 to buy the Transit Company assets, he was allotted participation in the new deal to the amount of $100,000. Mr. Campbell said the subscription was taken by some one in New York. Mr. Campbell put up $84,000 with the Bank of Commerce. It was shown by testimony at a previous hearing that Geo. P. Edwards, the broker who held 100 shares of stock and applied for $100,000 in the syndicate, received stock of the face value of $41,000.

CARNEGIE PROFFERS TO SUBSCRIBE $400,000.

Boston, Dec. 21.—At a meeting of the Benjamin Franklin fund managers of this city to-day, a letter was read from President Pritchett, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, containing a proposition from Andrew Carnegie to duplicate the present amount of the fund—$400,000—provided the total be devoted to the establishment of a school for the industrial training of men and women along the line of the mechanics and tradesmen's school of New York and the Cooper Union.

GEN. FUNSTON INSPECTS TROOPS AT FT. THOMAS.

Cincinnati, Dec. 21.—Gen. Frederick Funston, commanding the Department of the Lakes, arrived to-day from Columbus barracks on his tour of inspection. On reaching the reservation at Fort Thomas he was given the regulation salute of eleven guns. Gen. Funston made an inspection without having the troops paraded, owing to the cold weather. He returns to Chicago from here.

KILLED HIMSELF RATHER THAN SUBMIT TO ARREST.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Henry Burkhart, until recently employed by a firm of wholesale meat dealers, shot himself dead to-day while a constable waited at the door with a warrant for his arrest.

The warrant charged that Burkhart had embezzled money belonging to his former employers.

Old Locomotive For Purdue.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 21.—Negotiations have been completed whereby Purdue University, Indiana, is to receive from the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad a loan of the historic locomotive Daniel Mason. The locomotive was built in 1858. The University is also to become custodian of an old passenger coach which is said to have been placed in the service of the railroad in 1835.

American Typewriters Abroad.

New York, Dec. 21.—The popularity of that American invention, the typewriter, continues to grow in foreign lands. The Remington Typewriter Company announce that they have just received a special prompt delivery order for no less than 885 Remingtons for the use of a prominent Asiatic Government.

"Father of British Navy" Dies.

Portsmouth, Eng., Dec. 21.—Admiral Sir Erasmus Ommanney, the "father of the British navy," died here to-day after a lengthy illness. He was the last survivor of the battle of Navarino, fought in 1827, which resulted in the destruction of the Turkish fleet. The Admiral was born in 1814 and entered the navy in 1826.

CLAIMS

She Is the Real Widow of Covington Ragman.

MOTION BY RACHEL WATHEN

TO SET ASIDE APPOINTMENT OF SARAH WATHEN

ADMINISTRATRIX OF ESTATE.

Covington, Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Rachel Wathen, of Louisville, through her attorneys, to-day applied to the County Court to set aside the order appointing Sarah Wathen as administratrix of the estate of John Rufus Wathen, and also to set aside the order approving the compromise with the South Covington and Cincinnati Street Railway Company. Both women claim to have been the wife of Wathen.

Wathen was about seventy years of age. For several years he gathered up old papers and rags and sold them in Cincinnati. Two weeks ago, while en route to Cincinnati, he was struck by a traction car at the entrance to the suspension bridge and two or three days later died. Sarah Wathen, who claimed to be his widow, was appointed administratrix and compromised with the street railway company for $450. To-day the Louisville woman made her appearance and set up her claim as the real widow and legal heir to Wathen's estate. The hearing of her motion was set for December 30.

GAME OF BUNCO.

Pennsylvania Woman Came To Owensboro To Wed J. Chester Noals.

Owensboro, Ky., Dec. 21.—Mrs. Beatrice Selberston, a pretty widow from Avondale, Pa., came here to marry J. Chester Noals, who represented himself as a wealthy farmer and business man. He sent her a hundred dollars to make the trip on, but when she came he could not be found. No man of the name is known in this section. The woman satisfied herself that she had been misled and left for home at noon, when she gave out her story.

Wants Change of Venue.

Covington, Ky., Dec. 21.—In the Circuit Court this afternoon Mrs. Lansdowne, mother of John Lansdowne, who was murdered, filed a petition through her attorney asking for a change of venue. The petition states that Mrs. Lansdowne believes a fair trial cannot be had in Kenton county because "of undue influence of friends of the defendant, John Lieberth." A writ to try Lieberth for lunacy was granted by the court last week.

Shantyboatmen In Jail.

Paducah, Ky., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—C. T. Babcock, a shantyboater, is in jail here charged with stealing several suits of clothes and other articles from John Milligan, at Gilbertsville. He is also accused of appropriating $1,100 in checks, money and valuable papers. Babcock was arrested at East Cairo, Ky., by Deputy Sheriff Hall, of Ballard county.

Candidates For Senator.

Hawesville, Ky., Dec. 21.—The Democrats of the Tenth senatorial district, composed of the counties of Hancock, Breckenridge and Meade, will hold a primary Saturday, January 28. There are three candidates—Dr. J. W. Knox and R. W. Owen, from Lewisport, this county, and Senator G. W. Richardson, of Meade.

Will Preach At Paducah.

Paducah, Ky., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The Rev. T. E. Richie, of Princeton, has accepted the pastorate of the East Baptist church here and assumes charge at once. The Rev. Richie has been holding a revival at the church and made such a good impression that the congregation called him.

Will Be Buried At Georgetown.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Dec. 21.—Dr. M. G. Buckner, pastor of the Christian church in this city, received a telegram announcing the death of his father, John W. Buckner, in Minneapolis, of paralysis. The remains will be taken to Georgetown, his former home, for burial.

Killed By Falling Tree.

Mt. Sterling, Ky., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—P. J. Daniel, a wealthy farmer, was chopping a tree, when it fell, a limb striking him on the head, mashing his skull and exposing the brain. He will die. He is fifty-six years old and one of the most highly respected citizens of the county.

Injuries Proved Fatal.

Mt. Sterling, Ky., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—John Kain, baggagemaster on the C. and O., whose right leg was crushed by a train at this station Monday morning, died to-day at the Huntington Hospital. Mr. Kain leaves a wife and four children, who reside in Ashland.

Called To Toledo.

Paducah, Ky., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The Rev. David Alexander, pastor of Temple Adas Israel, has been called to take a church in Toledo, O. He has returned from there, but has not yet made public his intention. It is believed that he will accept.

Killed By Cow.

Owensboro, Ky., Dec. 21.—Mrs. Martha Knight, aged eighty-four, was gored and killed by a cow at her home, five miles from this city. The animal knocked her down and fractured her skull and mangled her body.

BATTLESHIP TEXAS IS DAMAGED BY A DERRICK.

The Hercules Breaks From Its Moorings and Crashes Into the Big War Vessel.

New York, Dec. 21.—Breaking five great cables as if they had been threads, the 100 tons floating derrick Hercules, moored to the side of the new battleship Connecticut, broke adrift in the navy yard basin in Wallabout bay to-day and crashed into the stern of the battleship Texas, smashing several plates and so injuring the war vessel that she will have to go into drydock.

In the basin when a fierce squall swept over it were the Texas, Illinois, Kentucky, Tacoma and Minneapolis. The Hercules was securely tied to the Connecticut and was landing great armor plates on the decks. The strain caused by the heavy wind caused the cables to break and the derrick started up the bay toward the warships.

Two tugs, the Narketta and Pentucket, were hastily dispatched to catch the fleeing derrick, which was making directly for the Tacoma and Minneapolis, moored close together. The Pentucket caught the Hercules when almost upon the warship and made fast to her. Before the derrick could be controlled it swung around and struck the Texas squarely in the sternpost.

ERNST

May Control Federal Patronage In Kentucky.

NORTH CAROLINA PRECEDENT

CHAIRMAN REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE ALL POWERFUL THERE.

PROSPERITY OF THE SOUTH.

Washington, Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Announcement is made here that Chairman Thomas R. Rollins, of the North Carolina Republican Committee, will control the patronage in that State during the next Administration. Some interest attaches to the matter owing to conflicting opinions as to whether Rollins or Representative-elect Blackburn, the only Republican Congressman from the State, would control. The President is quoted as saying that Blackburn is to control only in his district, the rest of the State being turned over to Rollins. About the same system of patronage disposition will, it is said, obtain in other Democratic States, which in the case of Kentucky would make Chairman Ernst all powerful except in the Eighth and Eleventh districts, and even in these districts the President will not feel incumbent to accept all recommendations, even for postmasters.

Chairman Rollins, in discussing Southern politics to-day, expressed the opinion that North Carolina contains a stronger Republican sentiment than any other Southern State, and he exhibited in this connection a table showing the votes received by Roosevelt in a number of States, as follows: North Carolina, 82,372; Virginia, 46,450; South Carolina, 2,554; Georgia, 24,003; Florida, 8,314; Alabama, 22,472; Mississippi, 3,168; Louisiana, 5,205; Arkansas, 46,880; Texas, 51,242.

* * *

Compliments the South.

A. B. Farquhar, of York, Pa., says in the Manufacturers' Record that the South is no longer a flattering possibility, but an accomplished fact in its business prosperity. Mr. Farquhar says its agricultural products this year were worth one billion seven hundred million dollars as against seven hundred and seventy-three million in 1879, while manufactures are valued at more than a billion and a half as against less than five hundred million in 1880.

"It is impossible," says Mr. Farquhar, "to become acquainted with the Southern people without learning to sympathize with their attachment to high social ideas, their family loyalty, their cordial hospitality, the reverence they accord to the grand old name of gentlemen, and more especially their chivalrous courtesy towards the better half of mankind. If the South has had much to learn from the North in business methods, in mechanical contrivance, in watching the markets and in all things that make for worldly success, as is everywhere admitted, it may no less fairly be admitted that there has always been something important to be learned on this side of the Mason and Dixon line. What is needed on both sides is fuller knowledge, that we shall know even as we are known."

* * *

Drouth Is Widespread.

The people of Kentucky and the South have not been the only sufferers from the long drouth. The damage in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia has been enormous, and unless there is rain soon the loss will run up in the millions. Gradually from the top of the Alleghany mountains downward the drouth has caused cessation in work and misery to man and beast. Within the history of the United States Weather Bureau and the memory of the oldest inhabitant such dry weather has not before been experienced, and there are streams in Western Pennsylvania dry that were never known to be dry before.

There is no relief in sight. Since 1871, the date of the birth of the local Weather Department, this is the dryest year, and three and one-half inches less rain fell this year than any previous recorded year. Many of the largest steel mills in Pennsylvania have been forced to shut down. There is practically no water available in the Connellsville region, and next week will witness the closing down of thousands of ovens.

Never in the history of the oil business for the last twenty-five years have operations in Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia been so crippled on account of the short water supply as at present.

* * *

Rural Carriers Appointed.

Jesse H. Moore has been appointed regular, Roy C. Moore substitute rural carrier for Route 2 at Brooksville, Ky.

* * *

A Kentucky Postmaster Named.

M. H. Thompson was appointed Postmaster at Savoyard, Metcalfe county, vice G. W. Thompson, removed.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

In Shape of Old Claims Allowed For Kentuckians.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 21.—After years of litigation, dating back to war times, the Court of Claims to-day gave handsome Christmas presents to a number of Kentuckians. The court submitted to Congress decisions in some notable cases reimbursing Kentuckians. Col. Laurence H. Rousseau, of Pulaski county, is awarded $435.82 for back pay as Colonel of the Twelfth Kentucky Volunteer Infantry. Mrs. Carrie M. Boone, of Louisville, widow of John Rowan Boone, of the Twenty-eighth Kentucky Infantry, is given $628.18. Col. Boone only received the pay of a Lieutenant Colonel, when, as a matter of fact, he was a commissioned Colonel.

Samuel E. Hill, of Fayette county, was awarded $282.19, having received pay as a Sergeant, when he had a Captain's commission. Maria Kerby, of Garrard county, widow of William M. Kerby, First Lieutenant of the Seventh Kentucky Cavalry, is awarded $76.53. Elizabeth B. Waller, of Hardin county, widow of Lieut. Col. Thomas B. Waller, of the Twentieth Kentucky, is awarded $54.40. John H. Ward, of Louisville, is awarded $265.41, pay as a Colonel of the Twenty-seventh Kentucky Infantry.

Elizabeth W. Harper, administrator of Thomas J. Whitman, of Hart county, is awarded $3,465 for supplies used by the Federal army.

Presidential Nominations.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the following nominations:

Judge of the District Court of the District of Alaska—James Wickersham, of Alaska, Third division.

Postmasters—Indiana: James N. Ranstead, Bremen; Charles D. Davidson, Whiting.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

PARKER

Guest of Honor At a Dinner In New York

GIVEN BY BENCH AND BAR.

REPUBLICANS AND DEMOCRATS ALIKE GRACE THE OCCASION.

PROMINENT SPEAKERS HEARD.

New York, Dec. 21.—Alton Brooks Parker, former Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals and Democratic candidate for the presidency in the last campaign, was the guest of honor tonight at a dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria. The dinner was given by the bench and bar of the city of New York, and Republicans and Democrats alike were present to honor the Justice's return to the practice of law. Among the 450 who attended were many of the most prominent members of the legal profession in this city. Former Justice D. Cady Herrick was also a guest.

Justice Morgan O'Brien, of the appellate division of the Supreme Court, was the presiding officer. The speakers included former Governor Frank S. Black, former Secretary of War Elihu Root, William S. Hornblower and Judge Parker.

The list of subscribers included nearly all of the Justices of the Supreme Court and other courts of the city.

* * *

Judge Parker's Address.

Judge Parker expressed his gratitude to his hosts for the cordial welcome extended to him in becoming a member of the bar of this city.

The notable absence of jealousy and the readiness of its members to recognize and applaud the worthy performances of each other were conditions, he said, that have always made the practice of the profession of the law in the city of New York exceedingly attractive, and many have come here from other places, not only in anticipation of the substantial rewards they might meet with and in the hope of a wider sphere of active usefulness, but also to be associated with the traditions of the bar here and with the ambition to be enrolled in the ranks of its members.

Judge Parker reviewed the history of the New York bar for a century, and mentioned the names of Cadwalader Golden, John Wells, William Sampson, George Wood, Samuel J. Tilden and scores of other famous New York lawyers. After paying tribute to the famous barristers who have gone to their reward, he said they have worthy successors in the bar of to-day, which is made up of men who maintain a high professional standard and "stand ready at all times to strengthen the hands of the upright Judge, and also to throw aside partisanship in the effort to maintain the absolute independence of the bench."

* * *

Tribute To the Judiciary.

In speaking of the movement to elevate the judiciary, Judge Parker said:

Tremendous strides have been made in recent years in the direction of re-electing, with the concurrence of both parties, Judges worthy of our best traditions. The healthy public sentiment on that subject which now prevails has been mainly developed under the guidance of the members of the bar, toward which the profession of this city has contributed more than its quota.

I thank you for this kindly welcome to your ranks, and if, while a member of the bench, I succeeded in contributing in some small degree toward the maintenance of such a judicial standard as we all would have, I beg you to regard it as an assurance of an earnest desire on my part to work side by side with you in your efforts to keep up the present high professional standing which the bar enjoys, as well as to uphold and strengthen our judiciary, whether local or State; a judiciary to which we give unhesitatingly our confidence and affection.

FOG IN LONDON

DENSE IN DAY TIME AND INCREASES AT NIGHT.

Traffic Stopped, Foot Passengers Lose Their Way and Women Become Hysterical.

London, Dec. 21.—London was enveloped to-day in a fog more dense than anything witnessed during the last two years. As early as 2 p. m. the city was lighted up everywhere the same as night, but even electricity and gas failed to dispel the gloom. The fog was particularly thick in the West End, where the streets were crowded with Christmas shoppers.

In many places the traffic was almost completely stopped and the greatest care was necessary to avoid accidents.

As night closed in the density increased and vehicle traffic in the most crowded section of the center of London was completely stopped. Singularly the fog was not so thick in the east as in the west, but within a circle of a mile with Trafalgar square as the center it was so opaque that foot passengers lost their way. Some of the scenes witnessed were pitiful, some were ridiculous and the whole was extremely weird. There were instances in which women became hysterical and even the police lost their sense of direction and omnibus drivers became confused and drove into the sidewalks until finally all traffic was held up at the main crossings and on the streets leading thereto, long, shadowy lines of omnibuses, cabs and wagons loaded with Christmas packages stood motionless. The most brilliant electric lights only served to make the darkness visible. Torch boys were requisitioned and they did a rushing trade. The railroad trains were all delayed.

Queen Alexandra, who intended to leave London for Sandringham this evening, postponed her departure on account of the fog and the consequent difficulty of driving to the station from Buckingham palace.

MORGAN CURRY KILLED BY RAILROAD DETECTIVE.

He Was Leader of Gang That Kidnaped John Babers Wallace Near Louisa Last Week.

Louisa, Ky., Dec. 21.—Morgan Curry, leader of the party of men who kidnaped John Babers Wallace near this place last week, was shot and killed last night by a detective in the employ of the Norfolk and Western railroad. One of the Curry brothers was also shot by the detective. The killing occured near the home of the Currys, ten miles east of here, on Tug river. The Norfolk and Western has just begun to operate a new line of road along the river, and the Currys have been giving the trainmen much trouble by forcing them to unload their freight wherever the Currys desired and by using hand cars just as they pleased. The detective was sent there on this account and was forced to shoot the men, it is said, in order to save his own life.

DENIAL

Of Rumor That Rockefeller Made Offer

FOR FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH

J. P. TORBITT AND JUDGE BARKER ADDRESS CONGREGATION

ON SUBJECT OF THE SALE.

The rumor that the offer for the First Christian church was made on behalf of John D. Rockefeller, who intended to have it used as a people's church, was effectually put to rest at the mass-meeting of the members of the congregation of that church last night, when J. P. Torbitt, who knows the identity of the man who is willing to pay $160,000 for the property, said that it was a Louisville capitalist who intended to put up a business house. The Rockefeller rumor spread rapidly within the past few days and many persons were fully satisfied that through the Rev. Charles Aubrey Eaton the Standard Oil magnate was preparing to establish a nondenominational church for the purpose of attracting strangers in the city and others not members of any church to its services. Mr. Torbitt declined to make known the identity of the man who made the offer for the church, but said the congregation could have positive assurance that a business house would be erected on the lot.

The meeting was well attended and great interest was manifested in the discussion as to whether the offer should be accepted. The subject was not exhausted, and a proposition to hold another mass-meeting on Wednesday night, January 4, was carried with but a few dissenting votes. Mr. Torbitt opposed another meeting on the ground that too much discussion of the subject would stir animosities and opposition.

* * *

Mr. Torbitt Favors Sale.

The speakers at last night's meeting were Mr. Torbitt, who advocated the acceptance of the offer, and Judge Henry S. Barker, who represented those in favor of remaining at Fourth avenue and Walnut street. The Rev. Dr. E. L. Powell presided, but expressed no opinion one way or the other, though Judge Barker in his speech said he understood that Dr. Powell favored the sale. Mr. Torbitt was introduced first, and made an exhaustive presentation of the arguments in favor of the sale. He said the price was a liberal one for the property, and compared the recent sales in the neighborhood to show that it was larger than had ever been paid for property on the corner. He said the offer was about 27 per cent higher than the price of the other property sold in the neighborhood. He said he did not believe a better offer could be secured, as every real estate agent in the city had been seeing capitalists and trying to induce them to offer more for the property, but had been unsuccessful. Should a financial depression come, which he said might reasonably be expected in the next few years, it would be a long time before such an offer would be made again.

Mr. Torbitt referred to previous offers made for the property. Louis Seelbach, he said, offered about four years ago $125,000 for the church, but the trustees had thought the offer too small and had declined to submit it to the congregation. A real estate agent had made a similar offer, but was told that if he said $150,000 the offer would be put before the congregation. The speaker referred to D. F. Murphy's valuation of the property, and said if the City Assessor considered the church worth $200,000, he should have assessed the Warren property, across the street, at a higher figure than he did, as the Warren property is deeper.

* * *

Building's Drawbacks.

The disadvantages of the present location of the church and the faults of the building were then taken up by Mr. Torbitt. He said the church was old, its capacity inadequate and without the conveniences needed. He said he was told at one time by an architect that the supports were not strong enough for the weight of the superstructure. The east wall is in bad condition, he said, and it was intended to expend $7,000 in improving the church if the congregation remained. The fact that a dead wall cut off all light from the east and that the noise of the streets was annoying during services was dwelt on by Mr. Torbitt, who also said the Sunday-school rooms were too small and poorly lighted and without proper conveniences. The seating capacity of the church is not sufficient for the number who now attend, and cannot be increased, he said.

The bonded debt of the church is now $15,000 and the floating debt $5,000 and Mr. Torbitt said the treasurer would have to be a financier of the Chadwick type to figure out how the debt could be paid soon, and that the only prospect was that it would be increased.

* * *

New Site On Broadway.

He urged the congregation to accept the offer, saying that a new church could be built and paid for and not a cent of debt be left. The site contemplated, Mr. Torbitt said in answer to a question, was on the north side of Broadway, between Second and Fifth streets.

Judge Barker in his reply said that he represented the women of the congregation, who had asked him to make an address in opposition to the sale. He said the strongest argument advanced by Mr. Torbitt was on the financial side, and he did not believe the church should go into the money making business. The order to "go into the world and preach the Gospel," he said, could be best obeyed by staying down in the world where men from the saloons, business houses and gambling houses could be reached. These were the men who were attracted by Dr. Powell's preaching, he said, and the one thing for the church to consider was whether more could be saved by remaining or by going away. He jocularly said that the trustees of the church were not the first good men to be led up on a mountain and tempted with a view of the riches.

* * *

Not Full Value.

But if the money devil was to get hold of the congregation, Judge Barker said, the real worth of the property should be secured. He said that with the agent's commission out, the price would be but $157,500 and that he believed Mr. Murphy's estimate was nearer its real value. Judge Barker referred to the Walnut-street Baptist church and St. Paul's Episcopal church, which moved out of the neighborhood without bettering conditions, he said. Some of the members of St. Paul's church, he said, now regretted that the change had ever been made. Judge Barker closed with an appeal for the associations of the old church and strongly advocated declining the offer.

Z. F. Smith read a statement prepared by him advocating selling the church. He said the debt had grown steadily for ten years and would continue to grow, but that if the sale were made a new church could be built and about $32,000 left to be invested for city missions. The church formerly did much toward city missions, but had not recently been able to build any and he also pointed out that the collections at night had fallen off recently.

Judge J. Wheeler McGee moved to hold another mass-meeting January 4 to further consider the question of the sale. The motion was adopted and Judge McGee was appointed to represent the members favoring holding the present property.

A Killing In Georgia.

Macon, Ga., Dec. 21.—A special from Powder Springs, Ga., says that Irby B. Vaughan was shot and instantly killed by Tyre L. Roper last night. The tragedy occurred near Hiram, following a dispute between Vaughan and a brother of Roper. Both parties are prominent. Roper has surrendered to the Sheriff.

"PE-RU-NA IS AN ADMIRABLE TONIC,"
SAYS CONGRESSMAN DUNNELL.



Congressman Mark H. Dunnell, in a letter from the National Hotel, Washington, D. C., writes:

"Peruna being used by myself and many of my friends and acquaintances not only as a cure for catarrh, but also as an admirable tonic for physical recuperation, I gladly recommend it to all persons requiring such remedies."—M. H. Dunnell.

PERUNA is an ideal remedy to protect any one from the ravages of winter catarrh, which are liable to begin during November.

It cleanses the mucous membranes of all catarrhal secretions, and allays the inflammation resulting from colds.

As a tonic to the mucous membranes it is unexcelled. Congressman Dunnell recommends Peruna. Over fifty members of Congress indorse it. Thousands of other people scattered all over the United States and Canada use no other tonic. A trial will suffice to convince you that Peruna is positively necessary to the health of the household.

Pe-ru-na Contains No Narcotics.

One reason why Peruna has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotic of any kind. Peruna is perfectly harmless. It can be used any length of time without acquiring a drug habit. Peruna does not produce temporary results. It is permanent in its effects.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio. All correspondence held strictly confidential.

Ask Your Druggist For Free Peruna Almanac for 1905.



LUMBER AND SHINGLES

Common Y. Pine Flooring, p'r M. ft.	$16.50
No. 1 Dressed Pickets, 4-ft., per M.	20.00
Clipper Cypress Shingles, per M.	1.90
¼-inch Beaded Ceiling, per M. ft.	14.00
No. 1 Pine Laths, 4-ft., per M.	2.80
Standard A Cedar Shingles, per M.	2.00
Clear Redwood Shingles, per M.	3.35

S. P. GRAHAM, 810 Magazine st., Louisville, Ky.

BEAUTIFUL
are many of the odd pieces we are still showing, and if you expect to give as presents

FURNITURE
of any kind it will certainly pay you to visit our salesrooms.
OPEN EVERY NIGHT.
Schupp & Schmidt Mfg. Co.
421-423 W. MARKET ST.
BOTH PHONES 436
FURNITURE - UPHOLSTERY.



THE SMARTNESS OF MY PEG TOP TROUSERS IS DUE TO THE DESIGN—THE MODERATE PRICE TO MY SYSTEM

THIS SEASON'S SWELLEST PATTERNS IN SCOTCH CHEVIOTS CHECKS AND STRIPES

"The Clothes-logist"

MY MARK

"Clothes-ology" tells what to wear and how to wear it. Write me for it care of

ROSENWALD & WEIL, CHICAGO.

MR. MINARY HAS TASK IN ESTABLISHING IDENTITY

Former Friend Could Not Account For Two Men of the Same Name.

Mistaken for a "bunco artist," T. J. Minary, president of the Louisville Railway Company, had a hard time making a friend, whom he had not seen for many years, believe that he was actually the man he represented himself to be. The friend, who had once fallen into the clutches of a real "bunco" man, mistook Mr. Minary for the former offender, and could hardly be persuaded that the street railway president was not trying to swindle him.

The incident happened one night this week, and came about in the following fashion, the scene of the operations being the Union depot at Seventh and Water streets:

Lindsay Childers, who was born and reared in Woodford county, the home of Mr. Minary, was in Louisville for a few hours, on his way to his present home in the West, after a visit to his old home. He knew Mr. Minary was in Louisville and called up the house over the telephone. Mr. Minary was glad to know that his old friend was in Louisville, and asked him to come out to the house. Mr. Childers said his business would not let him do this, but suggested that Mr. Minary come to the depot.

"Is this Mr. Childers? Are you looking for Tom Minary?" asked a well-dressed and prosperous-looking man of middle age, as he walked up to Mr. Childers about half an hour after the conversation over the telephone. Mr. Childers said that was his name, and that he was looking for Mr. Minary.

The man said that was his name, and he was delighted to meet his old friend. The two talked together for fifteen minutes, and Mr. Childers was having a good time, renewing the days of his youth.

"Hello, Lindsay; how are you; I am glad to see you," said the real Mr. Minary, as he walked up to the two men.

"I'll see if that train is on time," said the man who had given his name as Tom Minary, as he made a quick break for the door of the waiting room. That was the last seen of him. Mr. Childers looked somewhat confused at the second Mr. Minary. He wanted to see one Tom Minary, but two were more than he had bargained for.

"I don't know about that. Are you Tom Minary, and how did you know who I was?"

"Why, don't you remember me? I am T. J. Minary."

Mr. Childers still looked askance at the railway president, and it was plain that he doubted the statement. Mr. Minary was somewhat confused at find. ing himself mistaken for a "bunco" man, but he finally was able to show that he was really T. J. Minary and the other man was a fake.

It is supposed that the conversation over the telephone was overheard by the "bunco artist," who promptly took advantage of it, and but for the fact that Mr. Minary went to the depot when he did Mr. Childers would have been robbed.

HOLIDAY

Recess Voted By Both Houses of Congress.

SENATE HAS BRIEF SESSION.

HOUSE REFUSES TO TAKE UP INAUGURAL MATTER.

WILL MEET AGAIN JANUARY 4.

Washington, Dec. 21.—An objection by Mr. Mann, of Illinois, to unanimous consent to take up the inaugural resolution in the House of Representatives to-day sent the whole matter over until after the holidays. Mr. Morrell, of Pennsylvania, on behalf of the Committee of the District of Columbia, was directed to move the passage of the Senate resolution, which, among other things, provided for holding the inaugural ball in the Pension Building, as heretofore, but Messrs. Underwood, of Alabama, and Mann insisted that a quorum of the House should be present to consider the matter. Immediately after Mr. Mann's objection the House adjourned until January 4, 1905.

As soon as the House met to-day Mr. Morrell (Pa.) called up the Senate resolution. After the resolution was partially read Mr. Williams, of Mississippi, offered an amendment requiring the Inaugural Committee to give bond to insure the repair of all damage done to public reservations and buildings.

Mr. Underwood (Ala.) elicited from Mr. Morrell the statement that the action in calling up the resolution to-day was by order of the committee, a majority of the members of which had been polled and expressed their approval of the Senate measure providing for the use of the Pension Building for the inaugural ball. Fault was found by Mr. Underwood, with that method of resolution, and he called upon Mr. Morrell to state the names of those of the committee who had been seen, which the latter did. Mr. Underwood opposed consideration of the resolution at this time, when, he said, a quorum of the House was not present, and called attention to the promise made four years ago that the people of Washington would construct a place for holding inaugural balls. Mr. Mann then objected to a motion for unanimous consent to take the resolution up, and it accordingly goes over until after the holidays. The House at 12:39 o'clock adjourned until January 4.

A VISIT TO RICHMOND

Will Be Made By the President During the Coming Year.

Washington, Dec. 21.—President Roosevelt to-day accepted an invitation to visit the city of Richmond, Va., some time during the approaching year. The invitation was extended by a delegation representing the city government of Richmond. At the White House the delegation was joined by Senator Daniel and Thomas Nelson Page. Mayor McCarthy presented the invitation in a brief address, couched in cordial terms, concluding with a promise of "such a welcome as the world would expect a brave, generous and hospitable people to extend to one of your exalted position and character."

The President told the delegation it would afford him pleasure to make the visit as early a date as practicable, but at this time he could not fix a time definitely. He indicated, however, that it would be some time during the ensuing year, perhaps in the spring, but probably a little later.

Washington, Dec. 21.—George H. Rowe, president of the New York Press Club, to-day extended an invitation to President Roosevelt to attend the annual dinner of the club, the date to be fixed to suit the convenience of the President. The President promised to consider the matter, but could give no definite answer.

SENATE ADJOURNS

After a Four-Minutes' Session For the Holiday Recess.

Washington, Dec. 21.—After a session of four minutes' duration, the Senate adjourned, at 12:04 p. m. to-day, until January 4 next.

The proceedings consisted of a prayer by Chaplain Hale, the reading of the journal of Monday's brief session, and the receipt of a number of nominations from the President.

Mr. Livingston's Resolution.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Representative Livingston, of Georgia, introduced a joint resolution to-day providing that hereafter electors for President and Vice President and Representatives in Congress shall be voted for in each State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in September, and that the Fifty-ninth Congress shall assemble and hold its first regular session on the first Monday in October, 1905.

A Leprosarium Bill.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Representative Hepburn, of Iowa, introduced two bills to-day, one appropriating $250,000 for the establishment on some abandoned military reservation in the United States of a leprosarium for the care and treatment of persons in the United States suffering with leprosy. The other appropriating $100,000 for a leprosy hospital in the Hawaiian Islands.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL

May Exercise His Own Discretion In Letting Contracts.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Secretary Taft to-day issued an order directing the Quartermaster General to award the making of some 55,000 pairs of trousers for the enlisted men of the army at the Schuylkill arsenal, Philadelphia, to steamstresses in that city, mainly the widows and orphans of soldiers, thus settling a question raised some time ago, so far as the present lot is involved. It is ordered, however, that in the future the matter of the manufacture of clothing for the army shall be left wholly to the discretion of the Quartermaster General, the work to be done by contract or otherwise, so long as the material is of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

Watson Jury Complete.

Washington, Dec. 21.—A jury was finally secured to-day for the trial of James M. A. Watson, the District Government clerk indicted for embezzlement of $73,000 of funds in the office of Auditor Petty, of the District. The case was then passed to January 3 next to avoid interruption by the Christmas holidays.

Philippine Tariff Bill.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Secretary Taft and Col. Edwards, chief of the insular bureau of the War Department, to-day practically completed the work of putting the proposed division of the Philippine tariff in shape for presentation to Congress in the form of a prepared draft of a bill.

Wilson Wants Appropriation.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Secretary Shaw to-day transmitted to the House a request from Secretary Wilson for a deficiency appropriation of $150,000 to eradicate scabies in sheep and mange in cattle

LARGE LOSS

Suffered From Fire In Columbus, Ohio.

THE FLAMES SPREAD RAPIDLY.

DAMAGE ESTIMATED AT BETWEEN $150,000 AND $160,000.

FIRES AT OTHER POINTS ALSO.

Columbus, O., Dec. 21.—Fire early to-day on High street, near Broad, destroyed $150,000 worth of property and stocks in the center of the business district and in an explosion during the fire, five firemen were more or less injured. The fire started in the Mithoff building on the second floor in the rear of the First National Bank. The second, third and fourth floors were occupied as flats. And something like fifteen families lived there, but all were rescued.

The fire then spread into the stores of Krauss, Butler & Benham Co., the largest carpet and rug dealers in Ohio. In the rear of the store were stored thousands of dollars worth of mattings and other highly inflammable material and the fire went into this and destroyed it as so much tinder.

Ten fire engines were put to work, but were unable to get control of the flames and every engine in the city was called out. The fire spread into the building adjoining, occupied by the Wheeler grocery. In this case it was almost impossible to cope with the flames, as they were on the top floor and in the rear, away from High street and the alley along the Mithoff building. The firemen carried the hose, however, into the fourth floor of the new First National Bank building, and fairly flooded the Mithoff and Wheeler buildings.

Shortly after the flames had eaten their way to the front of the Mithoff building the firemen from No. 3 house entered and worked on the second floor.

Suddenly there was an explosion of gas, and the second floor went down. Firemen Durieen, Owens, McAvoy, Herman and Frech were injured, but none seriously. A few cuts and severe bruises constituted their injuries.

The five-story Mithoff building was completely gutted. The fire was next to the new eight-story First National Bank building, but it escaped damage.

Estimates place the loss at between $150,000 and $160,000, as follows:

Loss on buildings: Mithoff block, $15,000; Wheeler block, $2,500; Despler block, $1,000.

Losses on stock: Krauss Butler & Benham Company, $100,000; Osterman & David, $10,000; Wheeler Grocery Company, $13,000; Groff Brothers, florists, $1,500; New First National Bank, $500; Charles Dickinson, oyster dealer, $500; Annelle Laken, Woman's Exchange, $500; Parisian Cloak Company, $800; Amos Millinery Company, $100; Hartpence Dental Supply Company, $8,000; Joseph Hirsch, saloon, $500; tenants of Mithoff block, $1,000.

All are fully insured.

The cause of the fire was defective electric wiring or a natural gas explosion.

Capt. Jack Welsh, of Engine Company No. 3, was blown thirty feet when the explosion came. He was not seriously injured.

CLUBHOUSE GUTTED.

Was the Home of the Most Fashionable Washington Club.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The Metropolitan clubhouse, the home of the most fashionable club in Washington, was gutted by fire to-day, involving an estimated loss of from $60,000 to $100,000, partially covered by insurance. The fire was caused by a spark from an electric wire near the elevator shaft. The club has a large membership, embracing some of the best-known men in public life, but the only occupants at the time of the fire were the watchman, steward and two other employes, all of whom escaped.

Manager Knight, of the club, estimates the loss on the building at $100,000, on which there is an insurance of $45,000, and on contents $35,000, with $15,000 insurance. The police estimate of the loss is considerably lower than these figures.

Blaze At East Liverpool, O.

East Liverpool, O., Dec. 21.—Fire in the Exchange building, owned by W. L. and C. C. Thompson, in the heart of the city, to-day caused an estimated loss of $70,000. The heaviest losers are D. M. Ogilvie & Co., dry goods dealers, whose large stock is almost ruined by smoke, fire and water. Damage to the building $15,000 and to Louis Bros.' furniture stock $5,000. All are well insured.

ENJOINED FROM PAYING THE WHITE LEGACY.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 21.—Just as he was about to turn over $30,000 to Frederick Hall White, the Harvard football player, who reached his majority yesterday, and who inherited nearly $200,000 from the estate of his mother, James Kingsley Blake, of this city, was served with papers restraining him from doing so. Mr. Blake is administrator of Mrs. White's estate, and the restraining action is brought by Josiah J. White, father of the young man. The elder White, who lives in Brooklyn, sues for $25,000, alleging various grounds of indebtedness.

DROP



A Postal FOR This Book FREE

Your health is your greatest blessing. Guard it as your life. Find out the truth about yourself, whether you are sick or well. Learn how to get well and keep well—and how to get well should you become ill. Poor health is the result of your failure to obey nature's laws. How can you obey these laws unless you know what they are? Do you suffer from headaches? Is your appetite poor? Do you lay awake at night? Are you nervous and irritable? Then you are on the down-road to poor health. Get on the up-road. Dr. McLean's book tells you how to regain lost health or to retain the health you have.

Dr. J. H. McLean has prepared many remedies to help those who suffer. One of them is

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm.

This remedy reaches the organs that are most susceptible to diseases—the organs that must be kept in good working condition to secure good health for you. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm puts these organs in good order and keeps them so; makes them throw off disease germs; relieves untold suffering; brings health and strength to those who use it. At all druggists $1.00 the bottle.

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

STATE

Will Close To-day In Gillespie Murder Trial.

SLOW PROGRESS BEING MADE.

TESTIMONY OF GILLESPIE BEFORE GRAND JURY READ.

STENOGRAPHER DAY TESTIFIES

Rising Sun, Ind., Dec. 21.—The second week of the trial of James Gillespie, charged with the murder of his twin sister, Elizabeth Gillespie, closed to-day. The State will close probably to-morrow. Gillespie's testimony before the grand jury was read to-day:

Jane Boyle testified that Mrs. Seward, indicted with Gillespie, was in witness' house when the shot was fired, and when the report was heard she jumped to her feet, shouting excitedly: "Oh, where is Jim?" and ran to her home. She said five minutes later she heard Belle Seward and Gillespie talking at the side of the Seward house.

Matt J. Day, official stenographer at the former trial, read the stenographic notes of the trial and replies made by Gillespie to questions propounded by the prosecution in cross-examination. Day remained on the stand all afternoon. The prosecution would ask a question and Capt. Coles would object, but in nearly every instance the objection was overruled by the court and the answer allowed to go to the jury.

HEIR TO FINE FARM.

Adam Smith Has Not Been Heard of For Thirty Years.

Windfall, Ind., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Adam Smith, who deserted his home at Marion forty-seven years ago, and has not been heard from for more than thirty years, has a large estate awaiting him in Grant county. Jacob Smith, his father, owned 263 acres of land near the city of Marion, and when Adam was eighteen years old the father attempted to whip him, when the son disappeared and was not heard of for fourteen years, when he returned and claimed that he had during the Civil War served in Company A, First regiment of Kentucky infantry. After remaining at home a short time he went to Cincinnati, where he became a pilot on the Ohio river. In June, 1879, he wrote home telling the family that he was the owner of two good farms, besides a business block in St. Louis, and that he was pilot on a steamer plying between St. Louis and New Orleans, and this was the last heard from him.

MILT TOW DISMISSED

On Grounds That the Indictment Did Not Specify Right Charge.

Bedford, Ind., Dec. 21. —[Special.]—Milt Tow, on trial for assault to kill, was discharged by the prosecutor on the grounds that the indictment should have been for murder. Tow was one of the principals in the Bryantsville tragedy, in which James and Charles Rout were killed. Henry Tow, a brother of Milt, and Dave Beasley, the other two principals, are under indictment for murder, and their trial will take place before the Orange Circuit Court in January on a change of venue. The coming grand jury will be expected to return an indictment against Milt Tow for murder, but the question now puzzling the prosecutor is whether he will be here to stand trial, as he was given his freedom without bond.

Leaps From Car Window.

Valparaiso, Ind., Dec. 21.—An unidentified man going from Chicago to New York jumped from a car window of a Pennsylvania passenger train near here to-day and made for the woods.

Officers and a posse started after him, but so far they have failed to find him. He was well dressed and appeared well-to-do.

The man attracted considerable attention by his action on the train and is supposed to be demented.

Slot Machines Removed.

Bedford, Ind., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Twenty slot machines that were shipped to Bedford and placed in saloons were removed by City Marshal Myers to-day.

AN ARBITRATION TREATY WITH ENGLAND OPPOSED.

Ancient Order of Hibernians of Massachusetts Gives Reasons For Their Stand In Matter.

Boston, Dec. 21.—The Ancient Order of Hibernians of Massachusetts, numbering about 30,000 members, went on record to-day as opposing a treaty of arbitration between the United States and Great Britain. A letter of protest inclosing resolutions was sent from the State headquarters to the presidents of each division of the order.

The resolutions declare that "the ratification of the treaty, coupled with the willingness of John Hay, the Secretary of State, to take concurrent action with the English Government in all the important questions may precipitate war with one or more of the great Powers of the world."

Continuing the resolutions says:

"Such a treaty of arbitration, thus obtained, will have all the force and effect that a treaty of alliance would have and concurrent action with England under these conditions would inevitably lead to war without the consent of Congress."

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA SUFFERS FROM DROUTH.

Industrial Activity In Many Centers Is Threatened—Snow Proves Beneficial.

New York, Dec. 21.—Dispatches from Western Pennsylvania are to the effect that industrial activity in many centers is threatened on account of the protracted drought. Unless conditions change soon it is possible thousands of men may be thrown out of employment in the mills, mines and coke fields.

This has been the longest drouth and the dryest year according to the records for that section since 1871. There is one-half foot of snow on the ground, but even should it melt the situation would not be relieved.

The snow, however, has saved many persons and cattle from thirst. In the Allegheny Mountains and along the foothills melted snow is used extensively. The mines in the mountains are reported to have used sulphur water until the pipes and boilers have been greatly damaged.

Officials of the railroads east of Pittsburg are experiencing great difficulty in keeping their tanks supplied. Mountain streams which in past years have produced a fairly abundant amount of water are drained, and, despite the fact that trains are being used to transport water from far Eastern points, it is said to be difficult to meet the demands of the Pittsburg division.

In the towns along the Pennsylvania railroad various water companies have ordered all bathtubs shut off. Many manufacturing industries have not had any water for a week.

At Latrobe firemen when called by an alarm could not get water to extinguish a blaze. They stood by and saw a house and barn burn down. The water company at Irwin is only issuing a limited supply daily.

Beginning at Cresson, on the mountain top, to the bottom of the range water is being carried in barrels many miles or melted snow suffices for all purposes.

The Allegheny river is pouring out a fair supply of water. The Allegheny and Pittsburg waterworks are supplied from this river, which, however, is gradually getting lower. Towns further up the Allegheny are in a distressed condition.

The Youghiougheny river, running past Connellsville and through the coke region, is dry from its source to the mouth, and the Monongahela river is so low and sulphurous that the water is unfit for use.

WITNESS GOES SUDDENLY INSANE IN COURT ROOM.

Joseph Butteau Was To Testify In Chicago As To the Sanity of a Relative.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—While listening to testimony in court here to-day regarding the sanity of a cousin, Joseph Butteau, of St. Raphel, Quebec, apparently became suddenly insane. The case involves a contest over the will of John Benoit, who died in this city about a year ago, leaving a fortune of $40,000 to the Roman Catholic church.

It was Butteau's first day in court in the trial in which, as a witness, he was to aid his cousin, Mrs. Philomene Pellerin, in an attempt to break Benoit's will. When the court convened Butteau sat in the rear of the room surrounded by relatives of Mrs. Benoit, who are also contesting the will. Suddenly Butteau began to sing slowly and softly strange airs of his native country. He did not cease when the Bailiff stepped up to remind him that he was in court and was disturbing the proceedings. His incantations became louder and more insistent.

Rev. Achille Bergeron, who is the principal defendant in the case, and against whom Butteau was to give testimony, attempted to soothe the witness, but without effect. The priest, however, succeeded in leading Butteau into an adjoining room. Here Butteau's singing became louder and he was soon chanting to the full power of his voice. The Judge of the court found it necessary to suspend the trial until Butteau was removed from the building. Butteau's relatives in Canada have been notified and he will be kept in detention until they are heard from.

TRIPLE TRAGEDY OF A REJECTED SUITOR.

Lockport, N. Y., Dec. 21.—Fred Jones, a clerk in a store at Newfane, shot and killed Mrs. Abbie Goodrich and Constable William C. Gray to-day, and then shot himself fatally.

Jones was a suitor of Mrs. Goodrich, who was a widow with several children and well-to-do. Being older than Jones, she objected to his attentions. Jones, it is alleged, had threatened to kill her and burn her property, in consequence of which she to-day obtained a warrant for his arrest, which was given to Constable Gray to serve.



If It's Quality as Well as Price You Are Looking For, Try

"Old Tom Jones Whiskey."

Our price, 75c for a full quart, is from 25c to 50c less than others ask for goods that are not equal either in purity or quality. Especially recommended for family and medicinal uses.

Simon N. Jones Co. Sole Distributers
Second and Main, Louisville, Ky.

We have a special offer for out of town customers: Six full quarts, plain box, $5, CASH WITH ORDER, express prepaid to all points east of Missouri river except to Florida.

Men's wear.

Men's Gloves of all kinds; warm and dressy gloves, in wool, dogskin, kid and furs; every pair is guaranteed by us; prices range from $4.50 down to the little sum of 50c

Men's Laundered Shirts; a beautiful line of colors; also plain white; stiff or negligee style, plain or plaited; price, each..$1.00
A box of 3 for.....$2.75

An extraordinarily large assortment of Men's Suspenders; beautiful patterns in bright and somber colorings; the finest grades have sterling buckles; each pair put up in a box; prices $3.50 to 50c

Men's extra heavy Fleeced Underwear, in unbleached, light blue and Havana brown; at our price we fearlessly say that it's the best value in the city, at, a garment, only 50c

Men's handsome Ties; from this attractively large assortment of ours can be chosen either Four-in-hands, English Square, Puff, Shield and Band Tecks; each put up in box; $1 and..50c

An exquisite line of Men's Oxfords, Reefers and the new Square Mufflers; made of beautiful quality silk, in black and fascinating colors; prices from $2.00 to 50c

NOTE—Exchanges made after Christmas. Engraving done after the holidays on sterling silver suspender buckles free of charge.

Men's Jersey Office Coat; tailor-made throughout; color black and blue; regular $3.00 values sell this week at $2.50 and..$2.25

Men's Two-toned All-wool Golf Cloth Lounging Robes; a variety to choose from; the usual price for this robe is $10; our price this week $7.48

Men's Wool Eiderdown or German Blanket full size Bath Robes; cord and tassel at neck and around waist; large selection; price, each, $4.98 and..$3.95

Men's All-wool Two-toned Golf Cloth Smoking Jacket; all the newest combinations are represented in our large line; sizes 34 to 46; prices, each, $4.98 and $4.48

Men's All-wool Tricot Smoking Jackets; satin facing, trimmed with silk frogs; colors are dark blue, green and maroon; exceptional values, at, each...$3.95

Toys and fresh candies.

Dolls at 25c
Drums at 25c
Wagons at 40c
Sleighs at 30c
Desks at $1.25
Dishes at 15c
Chairs at 30c
Skates at 95c
Horns at 4c
Balls at 10c
Whips at 8c
Books at 5c

Fresh Mixed Candies at, lb., 10c and 15c
Chocolates at, lb., 15c
1-lb. Box Candies..50c
½-lb. Box Candies 25c

Typewriters at $1.00
Music Boxes at $4.00
Animals at 30c
Ornaments at ...3c
Games at 49c
Tool Chests at..25c
Go-carts at 25c
Dressers at 80c

A foe to club life are Bacon's slippers for men.

They contain ease, comfort and that don't-want-to-leave-home feeling. Men enjoy these slippers.

$1.24 A great array of Slippers, over 20 styles to select from, are world beaters; slipper patterns and slipper lasts make them perfect constructions. All the popular shades and leathers. This assortment is now complete, so buy to-morrow; don't delay.

The $1.48, $1.74 and $1.98 slippers are like ideal home life—a treat.

89c An assortment of Felt Slippers of ALL KINDS for women and children; ALSO LEATHER ONES FOR THE MEN—are the nattiest styles shown in the city. We urge you to select slippers to-morrow at Bacon's, the ONE PLACE in town where the size and assortment are to be had.

J. BACON AND SONS

Our Store Open at Nights.

Perfumes.

Box Perfumes in popular odors; price, each, 25c, 35c and 50c

Fancy Box Perfumes for children; there are four bottles in the box; each is a different odor; price, per box 25c

Fine Perfumes in the different popular odors; put up in fancy lined box; price, each, 65c and..98c

Fine Perfumes prepared in vial with cut-glass stopper; put up in a moire silk box lined with satin; price 98c

Rugs.

Reversible Smyrna Rug; size 30x60 inches; a big variety of pretty patterns; can't match it anywhere at 95c

Bromley Smyrna Rug; the rug that has a future; choose from many pretty patterns; size 30x60 inches; price $1.75

A Bigelow Axminster Rug; size 27x63 inches; regular $3.00 values; sell at.....$2.25

Jute Carpet Rug; both sides finished; size 9x12 feet; regular price $12; to-morrow's price $9.00

Tapestry Carpet Rug; size 9x12 feet; made with only one seam; price only.....$16.00

Bromley Carpet Rug; size 9x12 feet; made reversible; both sides can be used; price....$20.00

Ladies' neckwear.

Ladies' beautiful heavy Linen Embroidered Cuff and Collar Sets; priced reasonably at...50c

Ladies' pretty Plain or Beaded Stock Collars; a variety of colors and patterns to choose from; at 98c

Ladies' fine Liberty Silk Scarfs; 36 inches wide and 1½ yards long; colors blue, black or white; price $1.50

We Want Your Money.

The small sums that you can save, or the large amounts that you can invest.

You plant it here; and we'll cultivate it and make it grow—paying you compound interest on it.

Call or write for information about the little steel banks, for home use, which we furnish free to depositors.

Ky. Title Savings Bank,

Fifth and Court Place.

WOOD Mantels

At Wholesale Prices.



Mantels, with Cabinet.....$18.00
Mantels, without cabinet.....$15.00
Include best quality tile and plated grates set up in house.

Hegan Mfg. Co.

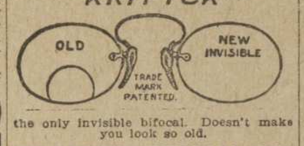
TWO GOOD THINGS

Your Money. Our Lumber and Special Mill Work, Tanks, Hot Bed Sash.

When you want anything in our line at the best prices, let us swap.

J. N. STRUCK & BRO.
BOTH PHONES 40.

"KRYPTOK"



the only invisible bifocal. Doesn't make you look so old.

WEDEKIND OPTICAL CO.
THIRD AND CHESTNUT.
WM. G. POLK. CARL M. WISEMAN.

ATLANTIC CITY.

CHALFONTE
THE LEEDS COMPANY

MME. BUSH—HAIR STORE.
Graduate of New York School of Dermatology.
513 FOURTH AVENUE.

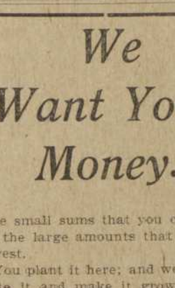
A mere mention of malaria makes you think of Wintersmith's Tonic. First thoughts are best.

Christmas Presents

To be appreciated, must be useful and ornamental. Our stock presents the most varied assortment of Artistic and Useful Presents possible to assemble.

Music Cabinets,
Parlor Cabinets,
Sewing Tables,
Tea Tables,
Rockers and Chairs,
Bugle Chimes,
Ladies' Desks,
Tabourettes,
Reproductions of Old Roman, Greek, English and French Furniture,
Hall Racks,
Lace Curtains,
Rugs,
Portieres,
Utility Boxes,
Russian Hammered Brass and Copper Vases,
Candlesticks,
Jardinieres,
Umbrella Stands, etc.

W. H. McKnight, Sons & Co., Fourth and Walnut. INCORPORATED.



The Parrot Imitates.

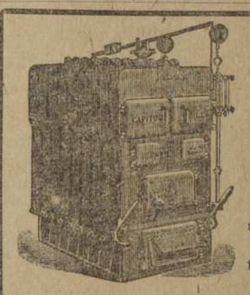
We ORIGINATE; and, for that reason, are recognized as handling the BEST COAL on the market.

It is best for many reasons—principally because it burns free and produces more heat per ton than any other coal.

Don't take our word for it, let the coal do its own talking.

25 Bushels Straight Creek Lump, $3.25; 100 Bushels, $13.00.

Scanlon Coal Co., 9th and Kentucky, 1st and P. BOTH PHONES 405.



Apparatus for Steam and Hot Water Heating.

Estimates submitted through your steam-fitter.

General line of Brass and Iron Goods for Water, Gas and Steam.

The Ahrens & Ott Mfg. Co.

Branch House, New Orleans, La. LOUISVILLE, Ky.

Don't Fail to Call and See Our Large Stock of the

GRAND BEGONIA GLOIRE DE LORRAINE

It makes a splendid Christmas gift at a reasonable price. All latest novelties in Cut Flowers and Plants.

SCHULZ THE FLORIST

644 4th ave., Opp. Customhouse

NOTHING adds so to the pleasures of life as a Bright, Newsy, Well-Illustrated Sunday Newspaper.

The Sunday Courier-Journal

Fills the bill to a dot. Be sure to read it next Sunday. It will have many fine features of timely interest, including a St. Petersburg correspondent's sensational explanation of the worthlessness of the Russian navy. Besides a batch of readable local articles there will be a group of pictures of Manual Training High School Boys. Also there will be fiction, a page for the children, comic pictures, colored illustrations, a page for women, and high-class miscellany.

HAND SAPOLIO CLEANSES stained fingers absolutely, removing not only every suggestion of dirt, but also any dried, half-dead skin that disfigures the hands, and this in so gentle, wholesome a way as to materially benefit the remaining cuticle.

COURIER-JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING DIRECTORY

Elevator Sunday 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Louisville Loan Co.....Room 1.
Barber Shop—Room 2, second floor. H. R. Cook, Proprietor.
Drs. Orendorf & Weber—Suite No. 4, second floor. Hours 9 to 1, 3 to 6, 7 to 8. Sunday 9 to 12. Tel. 924.
Arts and Crafts Co.—Misses Bruce. Rooms 4 and 5.
Dr. John R. Collier, Osteopath—Nervous diseases a specialty. Hours 8 to 4. 'Phone Main 3733—A.....Room 8.
The Colonial Security Company of St. Louis (incorporated)—A. V. Christensen, Supt.....Room 9.
National Life and Accident Ins. Co.—W. A. Johnson, Supt.....Room 10.
Madame Stoken, Complexionist. Hours 9:30 to 12 and 1 to 5:30 p. m..Room 12.
Dr. Wm. N. Spohn.....Room 12. Hours 8:30 to 9:30 a. m., 12 to 1 and 6 to 7 p. m.
Dr. S. G. Rees, Dentist—Telephone 3659 A.....Rooms 14 and 15.
Wm. J. Watkins & Co.—Press and Ornamental Brick, Coke, Coal, Iron.....Room 16.
Val. P. Collins, Architect.....Room 18.
New Louisville Jockey Club...Room 17.
Dr. George H. Day.....Room 18. Hours 9-1, 3-7 p. m.; Sunday, 9-12 a. m.
Dr. A. F. Pelle, Dentist, Dr. W. M. Coulson, } Room 19
Western and Southern Life Ins. Co.—Alex. Altsman, Supt....Rooms 20, 21 and 22
Louisville Truss and Rupture Co.—Tel. 218 A—Main.....Room 24.
Dr. C. C. Godshaw.....Room 24. Hours 9 to 10 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m. Tel. Main 218 A.
Dr. J. W. Clark, Dentist—Rooms 25 and 26. Telephone 3689—M.
Hunter & Hellman—Fire Insurance. Rooms 27 and 28.
Dr. W. C. McManama, Osteopath. Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Both 'phones.....Room 29.
Geo. J. Monroe, M. D.—Room 30. Hours 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.; Sunday 9 to 10:30 a. m. 'Phone 3733 Y, Main.
Miss Kate Fitzgerald—Purchasing Agent. Room 31.
Miss Mary McGinn—Shoe Parlor. Custom work a specialty. Cumb. 3689 Z....Room 32.
Tinsley Engraving Co.—Rooms 33, 34, 35, 36 and 36½.
Mrs. J. T. Pendleton, Modiste. Rooms 38 and 39.
Dr. Sue N. Epperson, Osteopath. Room 40. Office hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 4. 'Phone Main 3689 Y.
The Atelier Novelty Mfg. Co....Room 42.
A. S. Keller.....Room 43. Decorator in China and Porcelain.
P. T. Archer—Commercial Photographer. Room 44½.
Dr. H. B. Green, Dentist.....Room 45.
Thos. E. Grove, Artist—Portrait and Ivory Miniatures.....Room 56.
Val. P. Collins, Architect.....Room 18.
Harvey Joiner, Artist—Room 51. Paintings on exhibition. Visitors welcome, 10 to 4 o'clock.
Louisville Bureau of Designing—Architects, Engineers and Artists. Tel. Main 3220—M.....Rooms 52 and 53.
Inland Farmer.....Room 54.
John Herr Sutcliffe—Advertising Agency. Room 55.
Miss Linda Nuss—Stamping; Art Needlework; Shirt Waists; Children's Clothes. Room 56.
California Fruit Agency—A. B. Cauldwell, Manager.....Room 57.
Mrs. F. G. McMichael—Acoustican and Massacon Instruments for Deafness..Room 58.

Courier-Journal.

—Published—

DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

Office, cor. Fourth Ave. and Green st.

Rates.

Daily edition, one year	$6 00
Daily and Sunday edition, one year	8 00
Daily and Sunday, one month	75
Weekly edition, one year	1 00

To City Subscribers.

Daily, delivered....10c per week
Daily and Sunday, delivered..15c per week
Daily and Sunday, delivered, 1 month..65c

Postage.

Entered at the Louisville post-office as second-class matter.

10, 12 and 14 pages	1 cent
16, 18, 20, 22 and 24 pages	2 cents
28, 32, 40 and 42 pages	3 cents

Communications.

All communications should be addressed to the Courier-Journal and not to individuals. If writers who submit MSS. for publication wish to have rejected articles returned, they must in all cases send stamps. The editors are glad to examine MSS., but return postage must be included.

Telephone Numbers.

Business department	1340
Editorial rooms	276

TEN PAGES.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1904

"Business."

Wednesday Evening, Dec. 21.—The stock market opened with values ruling steady and hardened a little, but the report of Commissioner Garfield recommending that corporations doing an interstate business be licensed caused a feeling of uneasiness and brought about a decline. In conservative quarters the report is not regarded as likely to prove a source of disturbance. The market closed weak, being off from one to two points.

Money on call was steady at 2¾ to 3 per cent., and time loans easy and dull at 3½ to 3¾. Sterling exchange was weak.

Small primary receipts and crop damage reports from the Argentine Republic caused a strong wheat market, May being up 1¼c, corn ½c and oats ¼ and ¾c.

Cotton was hammered by the bears, but a recovery set in and prices closed higher.

The Chicago cattle market was steady to strong, the hog market was steady to 5c higher, and the sheep market was weak and lambs steady.

Sanitation of Railroad Cars.

It has long been recognized that one of the most dangerous agencies in the spreading of contagious diseases is the railroads. This is not alone effected by the conveyance of infected cases of smallpox, scarlet fever and the like from one point to another, subjecting persons who come in contact with the patient along the route or at his destination to infection. Were this so the danger would be much less than it is. But the liability of such infection does not cease with the completion of the journey. The cars themselves become infected with the germs of disease, and until they are thoroughly disinfected and cleansed there is practically no limit to the extent to which infectious and contagious diseases may be transmitted or diffused by such agency. It will be remembered that during the prevalence of the yellow fever in Memphis and other points South the health authorities of Kentucky established a quarantine at the State line, at which all passengers and the cars were subjected to thorough sanitative treatment, through the use of disinfectants and otherwise. In this way the fever was prevented from spreading northward, the prevalence of the disease in Philadelphia and New York a century ago having demonstrated that in the warm season it could have maintained a foothold in this latitude without such precaution.

While such commendable care was taken against the spread of yellow fever it will seem strange to those who reflect upon the number of other diseases tending to death which are capable of being transmitted in the same way, that similar precaution has not been observed to guard against danger. In time of epidemic we are much more sensitive to the subject, attention being more pointedly directed to the aggregated cases, and there is then more popular demand for restrictive measures. But the great death roll is made up of sporadic cases of the individual units which are lost sight of, but count up heavily in the total summary. Modern medical science, however, takes account of them and is organizing vigorously to meet them at the threshold and control them by sanitary precautions which will act as preventives, instead of waiting until they assume the form of epidemics. The microscope, under the direction of the comparatively new science of bacteriology, has identified the germs which lurk in the atmosphere, shelter in clothing or furnishings of houses and cars, and are the disseminators of most of the diseases that tend to death. The profession of medicine has, as to nearly all of them, found antidotes which, properly applied, will cure or prevent the transmission of such maladies. The great handmaid in such service is cleanliness and the use of disinfectants which will destroy the microbes or germs and prevent the spread of disease or its increase into epidemic form.

The Kentucky Board of Health, which has shown itself so proficient in controlling smallpox and other diseases by the power with which it is invested by law, has now given its attention to the promotion of health and preventing the transmission of disease of all kinds through a better sanitary system for railroad cars. The regulations drawn by Drs. Mayer, Mathews and Bailey, of the board, which were published in the Courier-Journal of the 20th, are commendable for the thoroughness of the sanitary rules to be observed, not only as to the cars but the depots and all appliances of the transit system with which passengers come in contact. All coaches are to be thoroughly cleansed not less frequently than every third day, and everything movable within them removed, cleaned and exposed to the air and sunshine, while at intervals of not less than ten days the whole interior surface of the cars, besides being cleaned, is to be treated with disinfectants. Within the same period all blankets, curtains and hangings used in sleeping cars are required to be exposed to superheated steam or other disinfecting means approved by the board, and mattresses are to be similarly treated at intervals of not more than sixty days. These regulations, which form but a part of all the details required to be observed, will give the traveling public some idea of the better safeguards which will be thrown around their health, the want of which has long been apparent.

It is gratifying to know that in the formulation of these regulations the Board of Health has had the fullest co-operation of all the principal railroads which traverse the State. The principal officials have shown every interest in the matter, and the board has had the benefit of the suggestions of the most practical railroad men upon whom the carrying out of these regulations will devolve. These facts give assurances of success of the board, in its aim, which is equally the desire of the railroad corporations, and call for the intelligent co-operation of the public in the observance of habits of neatness and cleanliness in keeping with sanitary rules. If the regulations shall be carried out in the spirit which prompts them, we shall not only have less smallpox, but a decrease of diptheria, pneumonia, consumption, contagious and infectious fevers, and many other maladies not regarded by the public as transmissible, but which modern science has shown to be, through the very means and agencies which it is the object of this reform to correct.

Roosevelt and Cockrell.

A good many of the Courier-Journal's contemporaries are sounding the praises of Mr. Roosevelt because, a Republican President, he has appointed a Democrat—ex-Senator Cockrell—to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

This, they say, proves Mr. Roosevelt to be a man of broad mind, who rises superior to partisanship in the administration of his office as President of the whole country, and they are paying him admiring tribute accordingly.

President Roosevelt may be all that his admirers claim him to be—when he chooses—but his selection of Mr. Cockrell has no bearing on this point.

The newspapers which are eulogizing him for appointing a Democrat when he might have appointed a Republican are evidently ignorant of the fact that he could not have appointed a Republican.

The Interstate Commerce Commission is composed of five members, three of whom are Republicans and two Democrats. The vacancy to which Mr. Cockrell was named was on the Democratic side of the Commission. The President could not have appointed a Republican instead of Mr. Cockrell because there were already three Republicans on the Commission, and the law requires that not more than three of the commissioners shall belong to the same political party.

The President was not bound to appoint a Democrat. He might have appointed a Prohibitionist, a Populist or any other sort of "ist," but he could not have appointed a Republican.

Immigration.

Fifty years ago we had a national party which owed its existence to the fear of the effects of immigration, and wished to restrict it by making it more difficult for immigrants to become citizens. The managers of the interests of that party no doubt made a mistake by allowing it to be made the medium of an attack upon a church to which most of the immigrants belonged. This drew to it some additional adherents, but as soon as there was time for reflection it repelled many thousands of others.

It is rather curious to note the different stages through which the question of immigration has passed. At the beginning we had a very considerable territory sparsely populated. We needed more men to aid in subduing the wilderness which still covered a large part of our domain. Our country was young, its system of government experimental, and the chances of embroilment with foreign Powers very great. In point of fact we were involved in three wars, not counting Indian wars, before the Government under the Constitution was a quarter of a century old. Naturally the want of more men that could carry guns or man our warships was keenly felt, and hence we were disposed to welcome immigrants who came from other lands to cast in their lot with us. Having become independent by the exercise of the right to change our allegiance we were bound in logic to defend the same right in others, and this was often a source of trouble. But the country went on growing in population and the Louisiana purchase added an immense domain to our territory. The Mexican War made another large addition, so that we still needed immigrants.

But by 1854, when the Know-Nothing, or American, party was organized, several important things had happened. The famine in Ireland and unsuccessful revolutions in several countries of Europe had given a great impulse to immigration, and some began to inquire if it was not assuming too great proportions. Moreover our success in war had given us the idea that we were no longer dependent on foreign immigration for men to fight our battles.

But there were political reasons that had an even greater influence. The disastrous campaign of 1852, when it carried but four States, marked the end of the Whig party, which for twenty-nine years had been a formidable opponent of the Democracy. A new party was demanded and the spectacle, not altogether unprecedented, was presented of an opposition in search of an issue. The so-called dangers of foreign immigration were the rallying point for the American party. But the party never was the chief contestant in a national campaign. The year 1854 witnessed the birth of the Republican party, whose central idea was resistance to the extension of slavery. The vigorous opposition of the Democrats to the Know-Nothing propaganda was such that in 1855 that party sustained defeats of such magnitude as to point plainly to its early dissolution. It had candidates for President and Vice President in 1856, but secured but eight electoral votes. The contest was between the Democratic and the Republican candidates, and the Democrats again won. But the Republican party in that year was largely made up of deserters from the Know-Nothing party. When four years later the Republicans succeeded to power, and a civil war broke out, they found the men whose coming to this country many of them had sought to discourage were very useful in furnishing recruits to the army.

After the war there was a revulsion from the sentiment of the fifties. Immigration became the fashion again and was openly encouraged by both parties. So far did this go that immigration societies were extensively organized, and battled manfully among themseleves as to which should get the largest share of the immigrants that were swarming to our shores. This went on until the laboring men began to view the movement with some apprehension. They had long been told that the laws restricting trade were exclusively for their benefit, and they began to inquire why we still maintained free trade in labor. The law forbidding the introduction of foreign labor by contract was passed, but it is not believed that it has been possible to enforce it to an extent to check immigration materially. Other laws were passed to shut out criminals, paupers, some of the illiterate and those afflicted with certain diseases. But the high tide of immigration continues, and Commission General Sargent has just predicted that in the current fiscal year it will pass all previous record. He also says that the immigrants are showing a marked deficiency in desirable qualities. But it is worthy of remark that the same thing was said fifty years ago.

At all times in our history, but more especially in the earlier stages, our country has been held out as the refuge of the oppressed of all nations. There was perhaps too much insistence on this sentimental view when selfish motives were at the bottom; but it was by no means wholly hypocritical. Nor was it inconsistent with such measures as might be deemed necessary to preserve a refuge to which the oppressed might safely come. But the student of history is aware that economic forces and considerations of material interest have far more force in the evolution of a country than the highest ideals. Accordingly we have encouraged immigration when we felt we needed the immigrants and when that need passed have discouraged the coming of more. Plans further to discourage immigration are evidently in contemplation, but they are not likely to succeed beyond a more rigid exclusion of the undesirable.

The destruction by fire of another New York passenger steamboat under conditions which, had it been crowded with passengers, would have been as fatal as that of the Slocum, has called attention to the necessity of making such boats as near fire proof as possible. While freight carriers and ocean passenger steamers are constructed with a special view to safety from fire, the old style of wooden boats are still much used as passenger packets on the Sound and other local waters, and especially as excursion boats. Under modern service with electrical appliances and the greater use of inflammable oils, danger from fire is greatly enhanced and the same reasons which have led to enforced precautions from fire in theaters and other public structures should be extended to passenger steamers. The public is becoming alive to the danger, and Eastern papers are demanding better security to life through stricter Government regulations.

Judge Hargis, of Breathitt county, testifies that when Tom White was under sentence to the penitentiary for murder he, Hargis, secured his pardon by making a personal appeal to the Governor, and that he, Hargis, wished White pardoned because he, Hargis, was a candidate for County Judge and wanted all the votes that he could get. This is Hargis' explanation of why he sought the pardon of White, but it does not explain why the Governor granted the pardon at the solicitation of such a creature as Hargis is known to be and as he here, in part, confesses himself to be.

The merchants of Wilmington are up in arms because the rates of the railroads and steamboats to Philadelphia are so low that the Wilmingtonians go to Philadelphia to shop. A committee has been appointed by the Wilmington Mercantile Association to ask the raising of rates for the protection of home industry. Why not an amendment to the Constitution under which Wilmington might protect herself from her rivals by a tariff?

The snow in New York the other day was removed from the streets by 13,000 men and 4,000 carts, at a cost of nearly $400,000. How many years would Louisville be in spending that much money to build streets?

"ON DIT."

Thursday, Dec. 22.

"The wreath of holly days have come, the gladdest of the year,
It's time to think of getting home, for Christmas is almost here."

"That's mine," said R. T. Fenwick, of Peoria, Ill. "The original idea, of course, belonged to some other poet, but with the few little alterations the lines have become mine. I'm proud of them because they're true.

"'Wreath of holly days,' mused a listener. 'Not bad.'

"The few days before Christmas are the longest ones in the entire year," pursued Mr. Fenwick. "If ever there was a time when a man can feel as if he had been sent for and couldn't go, it is during this brief period. The clans are gathering now from all quarters of the world. Fathers, sons and daughters who have not been under the old home roof since a year ago at this time are on their way there now. If for no other reason this is a sufficient excuse for the celebration of Christmas. More families are completely united on this one day than on any other day in the year.

"I'll own up. I want to get home so badly that I can hardly wait. Wait until you've acquired three or four youngsters. Then you'll know the real meaning of Christmas. Buying the presents and getting ready for Christmas is more than half of the enjoyment to me. Then to be compelled to be away from home until almost the last day gets the best of me. I'm missing something. Christmas is the call of the child, and for that reason it is the children that make Christmas what it is. I've felt the call, and the minute I'm free watch me hustle for Peoria."

"I knew there was something the matter with him," said the hotel clerk who had overheard. "He's had three different rooms since he's been in the house, and none of them suits him. The meals have not been right, and he finds the cigars abominable. The newspapers don't have anything worth reading, and time simply goes backward. There's only one place where things are moving as they should—Peoria."

* * *

Two men, whose prosperous appearance lent truth to the conjecture that they might be the proprietors of two of the busiest shops on Fourth avenue, stopped for a moment while returning from luncheon yesterday. It was in the latter part of the afternoon, and Fourth avenue, filled with shoppers, with the hustle and bustle of street traffic and the many holiday signs, seemed to have for them a fascination. Across the street—in the gutter—stood a man offering to the passers-by wreaths of holly, some dozen of which were supported upon a long stick which he held. Still further down the street he had a competitor.

The two men not only paused, but lingered. And then one of them broke into the very spirit of Christmas with a flagrant pun.

"Did you," he asked of his companion, "ever see a hollyhock in full bloom in the winter time?"

His companion never had, but was willing.

"Then look across the street," continued the first speaker, "and behold one."

His companion looked—but entirely in vain.

"Right across the street," he was directed. "There—don't you see now?"

His companion couldn't.

Exasperated, seemingly, further aid was given by the intending punster.

"There—that man with a long stick in his hands. What's he got? Holly. And what's he doing? Ha—"

And then he understood. "Holly—hawk? Full bloom?"

Then they both nodded delightedly and laughed uproariously, for business was good—good enough to cover a multitude of bad puns.

* * *

"Going home for Christmas!" Nine of ten strangers in the Louisville hotels will explain their presence here at this time in those four words. William I. Hemenway, who was at the Louisville Hotel, had just arrived from Washington, D. C. He was bound for Boonville, Ind., and the four words told why.

"My brother Jim will be along pretty soon. He's going home, too."

Yesterday the register of the same hotel contained the signature, "J. A. Hemenway, wife and daughter." "J. A." is the "Jim" referred to. He is also called "Congressman," and will soon abandon that title for the more pretentious and lucrative one of "Senator." This just as soon as Senator Fairbanks of Indiana relinquishes his present duties for those of the Vice President of these United States.

* * *

"Our aim is the making of Americans," said David Blaustein, of New York, at the Louisville Hotel yesterday. Mr. Blaustein is at the head of the Educational Alliance of New York, a society which has its being in the heart of the East Side and is teaching the immigrants the principles of American citizenship.

"There are 350,000 of these people in the East Side," said Mr. Blaustein, "and nearly all of them understand Yiddish. This tongue is used generally, although other languages are spoken. Our society not only seeks to take the immigrant in hand the moment he lands in New York, but endeavors to keep in touch with him at all times. By means of printed matter and frequent lectures which are delivered, their education is not allowed to lapse. One of the great objects is to give them an idea of the great resources of the United States, and to furnish them with an ambiton to improve their condition by taking up their residence outside of New York. We have been partially successful in this, having sent 20,000 to other parts of the country in the last four years."

Mr. Blaustein speaks in Yiddish, and delivers many of the lectures referred to. He is also a magazine writer, and has contributed several articles dealing with the work in which he is interested. At present he is making a tour of the country with a view to ascertaining what opportunities would be offered to immigrants in the different sections.

* * *

G. J. Lydecker, a United States army officer from Cincinnati, is registered at the Galt House. He is connected with the department in charge of the river and harbor improvements.

* * *

Two weddings were celebrated in the Willard Hotel yesterday, the first being that of I. W. Fish and Miss Pollie Traylor, of Stanford, Ky. The ceremony was performed at noon by Dr. E. L. Powell. The bride and groom were attended by Miss Maggie Traylor and M. J. Farris, Jr., of Stanford.

At 8 o'clock in the evening J. S. Smith and Miss Nellie Carrico, of Ekrom, Ky., were married by Dr. J. M. Weaver.

* * *

W. H. Bloss, of Chicago, was at the Louisville Hotel last night. Mr. Bloss was formerly chief engineer for the Union Traction Company of Indiana, and in that capacity was the pioneer in electric railway construction in the Hoosier State.

* * *

J. S. Bumbaugh, representing the American Steel and Wire Company, of Pittsburg, was at the Galt House last night. He will have charge of the installation of the property of the company he represents in the warehouses at the foot of Clay street.

"Making Louisville a distributing point for the South will be of great benefit to the merchants of this city. We are only delayed in our plans now by the low stage of the river. All of our barges are now loaded in Pittsburg, and if we had the water they would be on their way immediately.

"Rivermen tell me that for many years there has never been a December when there was not plenty of water. That's what we are waiting for, and if it doesn't come this month we will ship the stuff in by rail."

FIERCE BATTLE

BETWEEN FRESHMEN AND SOPHOMORES IN NEW YORK.

DUE TO THE GOULD INCIDENT.

University Will Take No Action, But Police Authorities Are Not So Lenient.

New York, Dec. 21.—No action will be taken by the Columbia University authorities in the case of Kingdon Gould, the freshman student who yesterday thwarted the purpose of five sophomores who sought to kidnap him, by shooting a revolver over their heads. Secretary Keppel said he could see no reason why the university authorities should take any action. The occurrence took place outside the university grounds, he said, and was really out of their jurisdiction.

Indignation at the action of Kingdon Gould in drawing a revolver on his sophomore pursuers yesterday, and the desire to secure a large contingent of freshmen for the sophomore dinner to-night, was the cause of a remarkable display of interclass animosity at Columbia University to-day. Over three hundred freshmen and sophomores engaged in a fierce street battle around the subway station at Broadway and 116th street.

Young Gould himself did not appear at college to-day, but the sophomores were determined to take revenge for his action on his classmates yesterday. A number of freshmen, attempting to spirit away President Holbert, of the first-year class in the sciences, were intercepted by the waiting sophomores at the 116th-street subway station and the fight rapidly centered about there. Surface traffic was stopped for over an hour and the subway station was wrecked and its glass doors demolished. Holbert finally escaped from the crowd and boarded a down-town subway train, but the fight continued fiercely. The freshmen were led by P. Von Saltza, a 200-pound Swedish student, who bowled over dozens of sophomores before he was himself overcome by force of numbers and rendered unconscious. Many other men on both sides were hurt in the same way, but no serious results were reported.

Police Captain Nally was ordered today to investigate the shooting by Kingdon Gould yesterday.

Police Commissioner McAdoo said:

"I must take cognizance of this case. Young Gould has no more right to carry a pistol without permit than anyone else."

BIG CLAIM

SET UP BY LAWSON IN THE BAY STATE CASE.

Argument Heard On His Demurrer and Decision of Court Reserved.

Boston, Dec. 21.—Judge Bradley, in the Supreme Judicial Court to-day, gave a hearing on the question of allowing the demurrer of the defendants in the suit of the Bay State Gas Company, of Delaware, against Thomas W. Lawson and others, to restrain Lawson & Weidenfell from parting with 50,290 shares of Bay State Gas Company, of Delaware, stock, 374 ($1,000) 5 per cent. bonds of the Buffalo City Gas Company 140 ($1,000) debentures of the Buffalo City Gas Company. It is asked that these securities be delivered to the plaintiff because of an alleged conspiracy to divert the funds of the Delaware company to the use of the conspirators. The answer and demurrer of the defendant Lawson are denials of the allegations of the plaintiff. The defendant describes many transactions in connection with gas matters, and declares that the Bay State Gas Company of Delaware still owes Lawson & Wiedenfell $488,434 as a result of dealings begun in 1895.

Counsel for Lawson presented a motion that a paragraph of the plaintiff's bill referring to collection and conspiracy be stricken out.

The plaintiff's attorney maintained that the charges of Lawson against the Delaware company were excessive, and that the fact that excessive charges were made and allowed appeared to show collusion. He declared that it was the aim of the litigation to show Receiver George W. Pepper, of the Delaware company, the exact relation between that company and Lawson and Weidenfell.

Judge Bradley reserved decision.

M'REYNOLDS MAY SUCCEED HAMMOND.

West Tennesseeans, However, Want a Home Man On the Federal Bench At Memphis.

Washington, Dec. 21.—[Special.]—James C. McReynolds, of Nashville, is among those mentioned to succeed Judge Hammond on the Federal bench at Memphis. Mr. McReynolds is now an assisant in the Attorney General's office here. He is said to have the backing of Judge J. M. Dickinson, general counsel for the Illinois Central railroad, who stands very close to the President.

When this possibility was mentioned to West Tennesseeans here a howl of protest immediately arose. Mr. McReynolds is known here and in Tennessee as a lawyer of marked ability, but the West Tennesseeans think the place should be given to some one from that section.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS DO DAMAGE IN PANAMA.

The People At David Thrown Into a Panic and Camp In the Streets.

David, Chiriqui, Panama, Dec. 21.—There were ten slight earthquakes, followed by one strong shock, at about 12:30 o'clock last night. Numerous houses were damaged and the people, who were thrown into a panic, are now camping in the streets. The disturbance is supposed to have been caused by the Poas volcano, in Costa Rica.

Panama, Dec. 21.—Earthquake shocks were felt within a radius of 150 miles of Panama and Colon last night. The disturbance was slight.

BOILER EXPLODES AND TRAINMEN ARE KILLED.

Indianapolis, Dec. 21.—A special from Fort Wayne, Ind., says the boiler of the engine drawing westbound Pennsylvania passenger train No. 35 exploded to-night at Warsaw, instantly killing Engineer Christian Craig and Fireman Peltier, both of Fort Wayne. None of the passengers was injured. The cause of the accident is unknown.

Points About People.

Miss Nellie Snead McDonald, one of the most charming of the debutantes, and Miss Gertrude Belknap, who is at home from school for the holidays, were the guests of honor at a charming entertainment Tuesday evening when Miss Mary Lafon gave them a small dance in the ball-room of the Weissinger-Gaulbert.

There were about fifty couples dancing and the evening was the more enjoyable for its thorough informality.

Among the guests present were the following:

MISSES.

Nellie McDonald,	May Young,
Gertrude Belknap,	Kathleen Hussey,
Ethel Swann,	May Atchison,
Louise Bell,	Eva Lee Smith,
Marie Burnett,	Dora Phillips,
Augusta Willey,	Bessie Moxham,
Louise Patterson,	Kate Delui Moxham,
Eliza Minnigerode,	Anna Wood,
Bonnie Robinson,	Nell Newman.
Bessie Clark,	

MESSRS.

George Brent,	Clay Lyons,
Arthur Menefee,	Tom Jefferson,
Harry Warren,	Pettet Robinson,
Guy Warren,	William Belknap,
Robert Baldwin,	John Helm,
Keith Bullitt,	Hal Griffith,
Chesley Swann,	Kennedy Rodman,
Henry Coons,	Helm Strater,
Cary Tabb,	Mr. Newman,
Lewis Gorin,	Jack Terry,
Will OConnor,	Lafon Jones,
Norton Coleman,	Lee Hamilton.
George Babcock,	

* * *

Miss Hannah Lewers Johnston will be the hostess at a charming euchre party to be given this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The house will be beautifully decorated with red Christmas bells tied with crimson ribbons, and with holly.

The prizes will be a dual pendant mirror, a toilet bottle with silver filagree covering; the consolation will be a brooch and the booby will be a silver hat pin.

The guests will include the following young girls:

MISSES.

Margaret Hegewald,	Mary Vance,
Frances Dick.,	Mary Prewitt Stucky,
Lettie Lee Peter,	Kathleen Cunningham,
Helen Munn,	
Jean Bennett,	Sallie Guthrie,
Julia Caldwell,	Isabelle Hobbs,
Elizabeth Vance,	Lena Babbitt,
Lucy McClarty,	Margaret Shield,
Lila McClarty,	Lucile Markham, of Buffalo,
Elizabeth Boyle,	
Leora Brown,	Anna Henri Hufaker,
Jessie Weaver,	
Mary Addison Walker,	Elizabeth Patterson.
Sue Vernon Wolfe,	
Rosa Dunlap,	

* * *

Mr. Ralph Strother will be the host at a handsome dinner party to be given Friday evening.

Covers will be laid for fourteen and the party will include the following:

MISSES.

Lizzie Haldeman,	Julia Caldwell,
Helen Hickman,	Hannah Johnston,
Mary Prewett Stucky,	Elizabeth Boyle,
	Linda Montgomery.

MESSRS.

Foree Dennis,	Albert Dick,
Kilbourne Dennis,	Gilbert Burnett,
Owsley Grant,	Ralph Strother.
Summers Davis,	

* * *

Miss Louise Patterson, who has been attending school in Philadelphia, returned home Tuesday to spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Patterson.

* * *

Miss Ella Tilford, who is a student at Wellesley, has returned home to spend the holidays with her father, Mr. Robert Tilford.

* * *

Mr. Hubert Vreeland, of Frankfort, who has been spending several days with his brother, Mr. Graham Vreeland, returned home yesterday.

* * *

Miss Florence Danforth will leave next Monday for Philadelphia, where she will visit for several weeks.

* * *

The Rev. and Mrs. Edwin Muller and sons, of Lexington, have returned home after a short visit to Dr. and Mrs. Charles R. Hemphill. They came to attend the Hemphill-Fay wedding Tuesday evening.

* * *

Miss Evelyn Price, of Harrodsburg, who has been spending the past month in Louisville with Mrs. Louis Ferguson, has returned home.

* * *

Mr. Davis Edwards will leave Saturday for Versailles, where he will spend Christmas with his mother.

* * *

Miss Susie Tate, of Clarksville, Tenn., is in the city visiting Mrs. Bennett H. Young this week.

* * *

Mr. H. Olin Wilson, of Brooklyn, N. Y., will arrive in Louisville Saturday to spend Christmas with Mrs. Wilson, who is the guest of her father, Mr. Samuel Castleman. They will both return home on Monday.

* * *

Mr. R. K. Smith will leave Saturday for North Carolina, where he will spend Christmas with his sister.

* * *

Mrs. T. J. Minary and Mrs. Thomas Helm Minary will be "at home" at 1051 Second street, Friday afternoon, January 6.

* * *

A Christmas dinner and Christmas tree will be held at the Business Woman's Club Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock for the employes of the club. It will be in charge of Miss Lizzie Wood.

* * *

Miss May Marriott, who has been spending the winter in New York with relatives, has returned to Louisville, and is with Mrs. Patrick Joyes. She will reorganize her art club early in February, and the members will again study the history of art.

* * *

Miss Amy Dosker will leave to-day for Grand Rapids and Holland, Mich., where she will spend the next two weeks.

* * *

Miss Mary Aline Vogt will give a dance in honor of the State College boys on Wednesday, December 28.

* * *

Miss Goldie Robinson will return home on Saturday from Summit, N. J., to spend the holidays with her sister, Mrs. Frederick D. Hussey.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Chapman Joyes and children, of Joyesdale, are spending several days in Louisville this week with Mrs. Patrick Joyes.

* * *

Mr. Tracy Axton, who returned home this week from a three months' trip through the South, will leave Saturday for Owensboro, where he will spend Christmas with his mother.

* * *

Mrs. R. E. Gooch, of Cleveland, will arrive on Saturday to spend Christmas with her brother and sister, Dr. H. M. Pusey and Miss Nellie Pusey.

* * *

Misses Laura and Mildred Norton and Miss Emily Helm, who are attending school in New York, will return home to-day to spend the holidays with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. George C. Norton and Mr. and Mrs. John L. Helm.

* * *

Mrs. W. W. Hite will receive Christmas Monday, December 26, from 3 to 6 o'clock at "Shadyside."

* * *

Mrs. Alex McLennan will be the hostess at a tea to be given on Wednesday, December 28, in honor of Misses Marion and Elizabeth Green, who are at home from college and school for the holidays.

* * *

Miss May Serpelle, who is a student at Hollins Institute, Va., has returned home to spend Christmas with her mother, Mrs. John Serpelle.

* * *

Mr. Will Bowmer will leave Saturday for Cloverport, where he will spend Christmas with his parents.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Robert M. Carrier, of Sardis, Miss., will arrive in Louisville Friday to spend Christmas, and will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Barret.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Americus Callahan and sons, of Chicago, will arrive in Louisville Saturday to spend Christmas with Mrs. Callahan's mother, Mrs. Samuel Miller.

* * *

Mr. Robinson Bridgeford has gone to Sardis, Miss., where he will spend ten days hunting. He will be at his sister's, Mrs. Robert M. Carrier.

* * *

Mr. Robert W. Bingham, who has been ill with grip and tonsilitis for the past ten days, is improving.

* * *

Mr. Horace Cleland, of Los Angeles, Cal., who is a student at the Presbyterian Seminary at Princeton, N. J., has been visiting his grandmother, Mrs. Louise Cleland, at Pewee. He will leave to-morrow for Lebanon to visit Mrs. John Grundy over Christmas, and will then go to Danville, where he will visit Misses Elizabeth and Margaret Fales.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Albert de Funiak and son, Carlo de Funiak, of Ensley, Ala., and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest de Funiak, of Montgomery, Ala., will arrive this week to spend Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. Frederick de Funiak.

* * *

Mrs. Jesse Glass, of Chicago, spent Tuesday in Louisville with Mrs. William Settle on her way home from Shelbyville, where she had been visiting Mr. Glass' parents.

* * *

Mr. Roy Wimp, of Irvington, was in Louisville this week for a short stay on his way to Los Angeles, where he will locate.

* * *

The Misses Wathen, of Oak street, will entertain at euchre to-day in honor of Miss Annie Shanahan.

* * *

Mr. Robert Horner, of Philadelphia, gave a dinner at the Vatel Tuesday evening in the Japanese room. His guests included Mr. and Mrs. John Stratton, Misses Florence and Standiford Danforth, Mr. Frank Stratton and Mr. W. H. Baker, of Philadelphia.

Mr. Horner left yesterday for Philadelphia to spend Christmas.

* * *

The Tavern Club's next dinner-dance, which was to have taken place on December 31, has been postponed until January.

* * *

Miss Martha Johnson entertained at euchre Tuesday.

* * *

Mrs. Sebastian Zorn gave a charmingly informal tea yesterday afternoon in honor of Miss Louise Patterson and Miss Louise Armstrong. Miss Agnes Lee Stockdale presided at the tea table.

* * *

Miss Lucile Lewis, who has been attending school at Lynchburg, Va., has returned home to spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Lewis, of 214 West Broadway.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Wayne Spickerman will leave Saturday for Cincinnati, where they will spend Christmas with Col. Wing.

* * *

Mrs. Henry Scott Gilbert entertained in honor of Miss Annie Shanahan, of Tuckahoe, W. Va., with an informal pit party. Her guests were Misses Annie Shanahan, Fannye Bess O'Reilly, Nelchen Watkins, Jessie Fulton, Elizabeth Tarpy and Eleanora Wathen.

Misses Shanahan and Tarpy won the first and second prizes.

* * *

Miss Jessie Fulton will entertain in honor of Miss Shanahan with a luncheon Thursday at Klein's private dining-room.

* * *

M. Corso, of 356 West Jefferson street, has gone to Phoenix, Ariz., where he will remain some time for his health.

* * *

Dr. Hugh Manning, Lawrence W. Manning, of the Bureau of Insular Affairs at Washington; A. T. Manning and George M. Manning, who are attending State College at Lexington, will go to Manchester, Clay county, to-day to spend the holidays with their parents.

ON THE FUNNY BONE.

Snowbound.

Now, I am a hayseed poet, an' am oft compelled to show it
By a-writin' 'bout the cider an' the "sass,"
'Bout the huskin' an' the hayin', 'bout the skatin' an' the sleighin',
Or the joys of seein' home a country lass.
An' it's for this selfsame reason I must have for every season
A rhyme that's apt and timely, as you know,
So it takes no owl from college just at present to acknowledge
It is time I wrote some po'try 'bout the snow!
'Bout the snow, snow, snow, snow, snow, snow, snow,
It is time I wrote some po'try 'bout the snow.

"Oh, the snow is soft an' slushy—" Gosh! That stuff is kinder mushy,
As a starter I'm afeerd it's rather pore;
"When the snow is sadly fallin'—" Seems to me that I'm recallin'
Somethin' very like that guff's been writ before.
Dang it all, I'm out of timber! My old think tank ain't so limber
As it was some ten or twenty years ago;
I can't think of no new fillin', so I hope you'll all be willin'
To consider this a po'm 'bout the snow!
'Bout the snow, snow, snow, snow, snow, snow, snow,
To consider this a po'm 'bout the snow.

* * *

The Question In Manchuria.

First Cossack—Hello, old man!

Second Cossack—Glad to see you still alive, dear boy.

First Cossack—Where are you going to do without your Christmas dinner?

* * *

In the Long Ago.

Japanese Pug—What's your husband doing?

Persian Cat—He is writing an historical novel.

Japanese Pug—That so? When's it located?

Persian Cat—Oh, ever so many years ago. It's to be entitled, "When Bootjacks Were In Flower."

* * *

The Shopper's Dream.

She stood in a department store lost in thought before an image of the four-armed Buddha.

"Wouldn't they come in handy for Christmas shopping," she murmured dreamily. "One arm to hold onto the trolley strap with, and three to carry packages."

"Beg pardon, mum," said the salesgentleman, and back she came to earth.

* * *

Well, Rather.

When'er I think of what I've got
To buy for just one frau,
I'm mighty glad that I am not
A Mormon chap just now.

* * *

I Ask You.

I owe my newsboy fifty cents, the rent is overdue, the beer man's bill is now immense and so's the coal man's too. The iceman has not yet been paid, and though he has been nice, his bill, I'm very much afraid, will have to go on ice. I've owed my tailor for a year, and I regret to say he threatens now my job to queer unless I promptly pay. I had to hock my watch to buy a present for my wife, and I'd just like to know how I can lead the simple life?

* * *

Foolish Man.

O'Rorke—'Tis queer, but whinever I feel in me pants fer me knife, 'tis always in th' other pocket I find it.

McToole—Thin why don't yez feel in th' other pocket fir-r-st, b'gobs?

* * *

Cause For Gloom.

Nordy—What's the matter with the bridegroom? He ought to look happier than he does. The papers state that the bride's father gave her $300,000 in bonds.

Butts—Yes; but the groom has just discovered that they're of the Chadwick variety.

Was Syveton Assassinated?

Paris, Dec. 21.—M. Syveton, father of the late Deputy Syveton, to-day made a formal complaint to the Criminal Court that his son had been the victim of an assassination.

The accused person was not specifically named as the examining magistrate is to make a specific charge after an investigation of the complaint.

GOSSIP OF THE DRAMA.

One of the features of Mme. Rejane's performance Tuesday evening was a lesson in building a complexion. It was a revelation to the men of the audience to see what an intricate affair a complexion is, and it must have been of particular value to the women. Many of these may have known all about it beforehand, but surely there are other unsophisticated debutantes and juveniles who didn't. Anyhow, Madame used divers and sundry brushes and pastes and powders and heaven knows what else, and great was the change wrought! By the application of these what-you-may-call-'em she lopped off fifteen years from her appearance. You could see the years dwindling as she worked. She would make a red streak on her lip, and her age was reduced a year, and then a daub of red on her cheek would give youth another advantage over age. And at the end, presto! she had been transformed into a gay soubrette. All this happened in the dressing room of Zaza, music hall singer and chief character of the play, whose first act is supposed to take place in the "wings" of the music hall.

When Madame grows tired of acting she could make a success as a complexion specialist.

* *

Not long ago Miss Maude Adams was quoted as worshiping at the Rejane shrine. She said something to the effect that the French woman represented, in her view, the greatest actress of the age and that she herself was aspiring to master the methods of Madame. She studies Rejane, she says, whenever she goes to Paris, and if ever she could attain so high a position as to be compared with her dramatic idol she would be really happy.

There is no denying that Mme. Rejane is the source of Mrs. Leslie Carter's methods. This American woman not only played the French actress' play, "Zaza," but also chose the same quick, nervous delivery and adapted her English lines to the French style of enunciation. There is more ebulliency and brightness and spontaneity about the French actress however, and that's a difference.

In Paris, in artistic and Bohemian circles, in society and among the boulevardiers, in the foreign colony of diplomats and artists; in the world that moves, and even among the poorer classes, the name of Gabrielle Rejane is one to conjure with.

Mme. Rejane was, so to speak, born to the stage. She spent her early childhood about the lobby of L'Ambigu, where her father took tickets at the main entrance to the theater, and her mother attended to the buffet. It was while living in this environment, meeting all the best actors and actresses of the time, that her ambition to become an actress was kindled. At school she became acquainted with the daughter of Jules Simon, then Minister of Public Instruction. Through her schoolmate Gabrielle managed to obtain admission to the Conservatoire, where she studied hard and was graduated first in the class. She was given a small part in one of M. Meilhac's comedies, acquitting herself creditably. Later on she was engaged in the vaudeville for two years, followed by seasons in the Odeon and Varieties, after which she may be said to have been fairly launched upon her career. When she achieved the position of individual starhood, she filled engagements in nearly every prominent theater in Paris, making her own productions—acting in fact as active manager. She has been in this country only once before, in 1894, when Abbey, Schoeffel & Grau paid her 200,000 francs for one hundred performances. This season her American tour is under the management of Liebler & Co., whose contract with Madame calls for even a payment more than twice as large.

* *

Flashlight photographs showing scenes in "The Earl of Pawtucket," the Augustus Thomas farce to be seen once again at Macauley's next week, have a rather interesting history. It seems that in producing this play Mr. La Shelle was handicapped by that most irresistible of all things—time. The day that he accepted the play from Mr. Thomas he found that he could book it at the Madison Square Theater in New York, the only difficulty being that the engagement must open in exactly sixteen days from date. The scenery was still to be built and painted and the company to be engaged and rehearsed, but Mr. La Shelle accepted circumstances and went ahead to do in two weeks what ordinarily he or any other manager would have wanted at least two months for. And he succeeded in ringing the curtain up on time on the date first fixed. When it came to getting pictures of the scenes for advertising the play in advance, however, he was "stalled." How could he take photographs of scenery that was still unpainted? Fortunately, all the scenes in the play are laid in rooms of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel in New York. Mr. La Shelle telephoned Manager Boldt, of the Waldorf. Might he be allowed to send the actors to the Waldorf and have them put on their costumes and be photographed in the various rooms to be depicted in the play? Yes, Mr. Boldt would be very glad to accommodate. And so it happened that the flashlights being used by the company in frames and for newspaper illustrations are pictures, not of scenery, but of the thing itself.

* *

Of course, it was just naturally bound to happen!

The first play based on Thomas W. Lawson's story of "Frenzied Finance" was produced in Toledo last week by the Dearborn Amusement Company. The title is "An American Princess," and it is from the pen of Henry Ragder. The cast includes John E. Kellerd, Mary Ryan, James E. Wilson, Ada Gilman, Mabel Aylward, George E. Probert, Norval MacGregor and a dozen others.

* *

A contract has been signed between Henry W. Savage and Frank McKee whereby Mr. Savage assumes one-half interest in the dramatic rights of Alfred Henry Lewis' novel, "The Boss." These two managers will jointly make the production in February.

* *

Next week's bills:

Lawrance D'Orsay in Augustus Thomas' charming farce, "The Earl of Pawtucket," is the attraction at Macauley's the first half of the week, with Monday and Wednesday matinees. Ezra Kendall in "Weatherbeaten Benson" is scheduled for the latter half of the week.

"Under Southern Skies," which is described as being to the South what "Way Down East" is to New England, is the offering announced at the Masonic. It is by the author of "Way Down East."

"Hearts Adrift" is the title of the melodrama announced for the Avenue. An airship is to be a feature.

The Hopkins Theater will have for "headliner" the Four Madcaps, with what is described as a "phenomenal" dancing act.

* *

To-day's offerings:

Masonic—"Louisiana," at 2:15 and 8:15.
Hopkins—Vaudeville, at 2:15 and 8:15.
Avenue—"Her First False Step," at 2:15 and 8:15.

OFFICIAL WASHINGTON ATTENDED THE WEDDING.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Jonkheer Rene de Marees Van Swindeen, the Netherlands Minister, and Miss Elizabeth Glover, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Glover, were married at noon to-day in the Church of the Epiphany by the Rt. Rev. Henry Yates Satterlee, bishop of Washington; the rector of Epiphany, the Rev. Dr. McKim, reading the betrothal. After the ceremony the wedding guests were entertained at breakfast at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Glover on Farragut square, the guests being received by Mr. and Mrs. Glover and the bride and bridegoom. Official Washington attended the wedding in full force, but the official character of the ceremony was throughout softened by a strict adherence to the Episcopal ritual.

Marine Intelligence.

New York, Dec. 21.—Arrived: Perugia, Naples. Sailed: Bovic, Liverpool; Rotterdam, Rotterdam and Boulogne; Majestic, Liverpool; United States, Christiansand and Copenhagen.

Liverpool, Dec. 21. — Sailed: Siberian, Halifax.

Innistrahull, Dec. 20.—Passed: Pomeranian, New York for Glasgow.

Antwerp, Dec. 20.—Sailed: Lancastrian, Boston.

Naples, Dec. 21.—Sailed: Prinz Adelbert, New York.

Naples, Dec. 20.—Arrived: Italia, New York.

Browhead, Dec. 21. — Passed: Saxonia, Boston for Liverpool.

Copenhagen, Dec. 19. — Arrived: Helligolav, New York via Christiansand.

REMOVES

Two More Rural Carriers From Service.

POSTMASTER GENERAL ACTS.

WERE CHARGED WITH TRYING TO INFLUENCE LEGISLATION.

OVERSTREET WAS A TARGET.

Washington, Dec. 21.—Postmaster General Wynne to-day removed two more rural carriers for alleged efforts to influence legislation, the employes being H. E. Nivin, of Berthoud, Col., and J. W. Whitehead, of Medina, O. Nivin is chairman of the executive board of the National Rural Carriers' Association. Whitehead is also a member of the executive board and is secretary of Ohio State organization of the carriers. The executive board held a meeting in St. Louis, as the result of whose instructions President Cunningham, of the association, is said to have called on the members of the National Committee of both the Republican and Democratic parties to ascertain what support they would give to legislation in the interest of the carriers. The plans for the campaign for this legislation carried on prior to the November election by President Cunningham and Secretary Turner, both of whom were recently dismissed as the result of an investigation of their work, were, it is charged by the postal authorities, approved and indorsed by Nivin and Whitehead.

* * *

Plan of Carriers.

The report on the investigation points out that Nivin's plan was that the rural carriers in each State should look into the question of supporting the candidates for election or re-election to Congress in their State and to such of these candidates as proved "true" to the carriers the association would pledge its support for any political honors sought in the particular State. Some letters which the department now has on file indicate that the carriers had outlined an elaborate plan which they expected would effect important results in favor of their cause and set out that the association must be free from entanglements with any particular political party, but must select for their support such men, regardless of party, as were most friendly to their interests.

The correspondence indicates that Representative Overstreet, of Indiana, was a special target of attack by the carriers because he refused to give them any pledges or promises as chairman of the House Committee on Postoffices.

* * *

Post-office Inspectors Investigate.

Two post-office inspectors are investigating these matters and other developments are expected shortly. It is understood that a meeting of the Executive Board of the National Association of Letter Carriers, comprising the carriers in the city service, will be called immediately after the Christmas holidays to take action in connection with the recent dismissal of President Keller, of that organization, from the Government service. This meeting is made especially necessary by the fact that Keller, having been dismissed as a carrier, will not be received or recognized in any way at the Post-office Department and his power as head of the association thereby will be seriously crippled. The question of continuing the present expense accounts incident to the office of president also is expected to be considered.

SERVE NO GARNISHMENT PAPERS IN HOLIDAYS.

Constables Have Clung To Their Resolution Through Sixteen Years.

During the past sixteen years Constables Solomon Felsenheld and G. W. Yeager, of Magistrate Charles J. Fegenbush's court, have not served a garnishment during the week preceding Christmas, and D. S. Augustus, deputy constable in the same court, has not done so in several years. The constables have followed this rule faithfully, believing it was the least they could offer in the way of a Christmas gift to humanity, and they are making no exceptions to the present year, although several papers have been offered them for service.

The two constables are probably the originators of the idea to "hold up" garnishments issued against laboring people during or preceding the holidays, and their idea is being applauded in such a manner that several Magistrates have refused to issue such papers during the holiday period. Magistrate John N. Velten announced last week that no such papers would be issued from his office during the present week unless the garnishee was about to leave the city. He has had several applications already this week, but has consistently stuck to his resolution, as they were all for small amounts and against people to whom they would prove a hardship at the present season.

Arrest Under New Law.

Frank Roehrig, a driver for Dan Batman & Co., was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detectives Moran and Ahearn, charged with stealing from a common carrier. This is the first case which has presented itself since the last meeting of the Legislature, which enacted the law making it a felony to steal from a common carrier, such as a railroad or express company. Heretofore the case became a felony only when the stolen articles reached a value of more than $20. Roehrig is charged with stealing a case of one dozen half-pints of whisky from the Illinois Central depot. He denies the charge, saying that a man whom he did not know placed the case on his wagon, with the request that he would watch it for a few moments. The arresting officers claim that he was seen to take the case of whisky, however, and will push his prosecution vigorously.

A Real Hard-Luck Story.

James P. Watson, who says his home is in Bullitt county, was found wandering about the depot at Seventh street and the river at 8 o'clock last night weeping as if in the deepest distress. When questioned regarding his trouble he said he had come to Louisville to purchase Christmas presents for his children, but had lost his pocketbook just before reaching Louisville yesterday. He said that while handling the purse on the train he dropped it out of the car. "My purse contained $10," he said, "but it was all the money I had to spare this year. I intended to get some little things for my wife and three little fellows, but I will now have to go back without them. I secured enough money from a friend to get back home, and while I was sitting there thinking of my hard luck I couldn't help shedding a few tears."

The Old Reliable
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
There is no substitute

BRIGHT

Prospects of Lexington Getting Natural Gas.

WILL BE PIPED FROM ESTILL.

JURY FAILED TO AGREE ON VERDICT IN BUSH CASE.

CASE WILL BE TRIED AGAIN.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Unless the calculations of the Appalachian Oil and Gas Company go amiss Lexington and Central Kentucky will have a plentiful supply of natural gas in the near future. Col. R. K. Worrell, of Richmond, who, as the representative of this company, has been working on the development of the natural gas field in Estill county, and who is an oil man of long experience, was in Lexington to-day, consulting with members of the company regarding the piping which has been ordered to construct a line to Winchester from the gas field near Irvine. Said he: "We have ordered this pipe, and as soon as it is possible we will place an order for enough to connect Lexington and Paris. On last Friday Mr. Hemphill, of Pittsburg, made a test on the new well we have sunk, and showed 685 rock pressure. The well is 2,000 feet deep and the flow of gas is thought by all who have examined it to be inexhaustible. It is located on White Oak creek. We have started a second well, but on account of water work has been suspended. The company has under lease in this section about 12,000 acres of ground."

* * *

Promotions In Post-office.

Postmaster F. C. Elkin here has made ten promotions in his office, which come as Christmas gifts to the employes. The promotions were made necessary by the resignation of Thomas L. Walker, who has accepted a position with the Republican State Campaign Committee in Louisville. George R. Warren was made assistant postmaster to fill the vacancy, and C. Foster Helm, who was a mailing clerk, was given Mr. Warren's place as superintendent of mails. Others promoted are Charles R. Staples, James C. Mahoney, H. M. Crosthwaite, J. K. Croghan, George G. Bartlett, Walter M. Bruce and Henry F. Chapman.

* * *

Another Trial For Bush.

W. N. Bush, charged with embezzling funds of the Industrial Mutual Deposit Investment Company here, will have another trial. The jury which has been a week hearing the evidence in the case to-day having failed to reach a verdict, was dismissed by Judge Parker. The defendant was allowed bond and the case will be redocketed. The jury, it is understood, voted nine for guilty and three for acquittal.

* * *

Robbed In Chicago.

John. L. Cassell, of Fort Worth, Tex., was robbed of $90 by pickpockets in the Big Four passenger depot at Chicago yesterday. He was en route to Lexington with the remains of his brother, T. J. Cassell, who died at a hospital in Evanston on Monday. He did not miss the money until the train was about ready to leave, but reported the loss to the police. He has little hope of recovering his money.

* * *

Actress Visits Stock Farm.

Mme. Gabrielle Rejane, the French actress who appears here to-night in "Zaza," accompanied by her daughter, Mlle Germaine Rejane, and a number of Lexington playhouse people, drove to the Elmendorf stud farm of J. B. Haggin to-day, where the great actress was shown the thoroughbred horses. It was her first opportunity to see the home of the famous thoroughbred horses. She expressed herself as being highly pleased with the country, and especially with Kentucky.

* * *

News In Brief.

Lee Gabbard, of Clay county, who undertook to intimidate the residents of Wickliffe street here a few nights ago by breaking down the doors of a couple of residences, was fined a total sum of $45 on three counts, two for housebreaking and one for drunkenness. Gabbard defied the arresting officers, saying he was a bad man from Clay county.

* * *

Julius Gordon, colored, was given twenty-one years in the penitentiary for killing Shelby Harris. Gordon is only eighteen years old. He became involved in a difficulty with Harris, and, drawing his revolver, shot him three times.

* * *

The funeral services of T. J. Cassell were held this afternoon at the First Presbyterian church, the Rev. Edwin Muller officiating. The burial was in the Lexington cemetery. The deceased was a prominent business man here and highly respected.

People Respond Liberally.

The local Salvation Army corps is meeting with unusual success in collecting funds with which to send Christmas baskets into the homes of Louisville's poor. The four solicitors who for a week have been standing on the crowded street corners, ringing a little bell to attract the attention to a placard begging charity from the throngs, report unusual liberality. Three hundred tickets will be given out, each entitling the holder to one bounteously filled Christmas basket. These baskets will be distributed Saturday afternoon from Salvation Army headquarters on Jefferson street, between Sixth and Seventh. The agents of the army have made a rigid investigation as to the worthiness of those to whom the tickets have been given, and they say the charity thus dispensed is sure to go where it is most deserved and needed.

Teamster Makes Assignment.

J. A. Sproul, a teamster located in Parkland, made an assignment yesterday afternoon to the Louisville Trust Company for the benefit of his creditors. His assets are fixed at $3,000 and his liabilities are believed to be about the same amount. The assets consist principally of vehicles and horses.

Parkland Revival Successful.

The revival meetings in Parkland resulted in twenty-four professions yesterday, twelve in the afternoon and twelve at night.

AT LENGTH

Upper Board Discusses the Tax Levy Ordinance.

ALL FAVOR KINDERGARTENS.

DR. FOWLER CONTENDS FOR SPECIAL FUND.

ORDINANCE FINALLY PASSED.

Kindergartens and the fact that the tax levy this year does not provide a fund for this purpose caused the ordinance fixing the tax rate of the city for the coming year at $1.86 to be held up for half an hour in the Upper Board of the General Assembly last night while the members tried to convince Dr. J. W. Fowler that the kindergartens are provided for in the annual levy. The ordinance was finally passed with only the vote of Dr. Fowler against it, but almost every member of the board had something to say on the subject before the call of the roll was completed.

The Lower Board did not have a quorum and no meeting of that body was held, it being the first time in two years that one board has transacted any business without the other being in session. The Upper Board adjourned to meet again January 3, and the Mayor will issue a call for the meeting so that the Lower Board will also meet on that night under the law.

The Upper Board was called to order by Paul C. Barth, the president, eleven members being present. The first business taken up was the tax-levy ordinance, which was reported favorably by the Finance Committee. It was read by the clerk and Mr. Barth called for any remarks. None being forthcoming he ordered a call of the roll. When Dr. Fowler's name was called he began a discussion of the usefulness of kindergartens and the necessity for providing in the levy for this branch of the schools. He said it is one of the most important features of the school system and thought the levy should provide the same amount as last year, one-quarter of 1 per cent., for the kindergartens. He said he thought this sum should not have been cut off from the levy and asked for an explanation.

* * *

Mr. Embry Explains.

G. Wallace Embry, of the Finance Committee, explained that the school fund will receive, in round numbers, $17,000 more this year than it did last year, and for this reason will have ample funds to provide for the kindergartens. He agreed that the kindergartens are useful and important and said it was not the intention of the committee to do away with the kindergartens when the levy for that purpose was cut off from the amount set aside for schools. Mr. Embry was sure that the School Board may provide for kindergartens if it wants to do so.

Charles F. Taylor gave the figures showing the amount which will be received by the schools this year and last year, and said the schools will get $16,600 more this year. He said the school fund's portion of the Water Company's assessment will be $10,698, and that this is much more than the amount which the schools received last year on the one-quarter of 1 per cent. levied for kindergartens.

Dr. R. B. Gilbert said he believed the School Board would provide for the kindergartens from the fund which has been set aside for school purposes, and that the kindergartens will not be discontinued. He said he had been told that Prof. E. H. Mark had said that $7,000 would be set aside for this purpose.

Joseph Nevin said he favored the kindergartens, and he wanted a resolution adopted by the General Council requesting the School Board to appropriate money for the purpose. He said he thought the resolution would have weight with the board, and that if requested the Trustees would gladly provide for the kindergartens.

* * *

Mr. Tyler's Position.

The call of the roll was begun, Dr. Fowler voting no. When the name of Owen Tyler was reached he made an explanation of his vote. He said it was not within the province of the General Council to say to the School Board how the funds allowed it shall be spent, and that even if a certain portion of the levy is set aside for kindergarten purposes the General Council cannot say to the board that it must spend the money for that purpose. He said it was up to the School Board, and the General Council had nothing to do with it. The call was continued, and the ordinance was passed by a vote of 10 to 1. The board then adjourned.

PROMOTIONS COME TO B. AND O. S.-W. EMPLOYES.

W. W. Blakely Gets Newly-Created Office, Commercial Freight Agent—Succeeded By Edward Morgan.

Announcement of the promotion of W. W. Blakely and Edward Morgan, of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern railroad, has been made by J. M. Ryan, division freight agent. Mr. Blakely, who has been traveling freight agent, has been appointed commercial freight agent; Mr. Morgan is advanced from his position as contracting freight agent to the position vacated by Mr. Blakely. The appointments are effective January 1, 1905, both with the Baltimore and Ohio and the Central States Dispatch.

These changes are made with a view to strengthening the organization of the Louisville office, since both Mr. Morgan and Mr. Blakely will make their headquarters in this city. The position of commercial freight agent is created for this purpose. Mr. Morgan's successor as contracting freight agent will be chosen from the present office force of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern.

Messrs. Blakely and Morgan have been in the employ of the Baltimore and Ohio for a number of years, and, beginning with a clerkship, have risen through their own efforts. The promotions come as a testimonial to their faithful service.

Warrant For Her Brothers.

Miss Blanche Stone, a young woman who lives with an aged mother at 2220 Duncan street, swore out a warrant yesterday afternoon against her brothers, Fred and Charles Stone, charging them with disorderly conduct. When Miss Stone made application for the warrants she explained that her two brothers frequently raise disturbances about their home, that they are indigent and will not work or assist in supporting their mother. She says the boys are unbearable about home and that she and another sister are compelled to submit to indignities and to work and support the boys. No arrests have yet been made.

Dies In Sanitarium.

Pearl Sharp, thirty-eight years old, whose home is at Birmingham, died at Beechhurst Sanitarium yesterday morning from a complication of nervous troubles. He went to that institution five weeks ago to be treated, but his condition continued to grow worse until his death. His body was shipped to Birmingham yesterday.


While They Last $1.00

Our Special Sterling Silver Deposit Cologne Bottle, 3¾ inches high, monogram free,
$1.00


Welcome Gifts for the Home

Berry Bowls, Bon Bon Dishes, Nappies, Celery Trays, Salad Bowls, Baking Dishes, Chafing Dishes, Candelabra, Bread Trays, Fruit Dishes, Vegetable Dishes, Cake Baskets, Tea Sets, Water Sets, Decanters, Vases.


We are strong on Diamond Rings this year. Cluster of Diamonds, Rubies, Sapphires, Opals, Pearls, Emeralds and Solitaires.


A visit to our store easily convinces you why it has been so crowded with customers—New Goods, New Ideas, Low Prices. Our stock is augmented daily.


$25 SPECIAL.
Brilliant white and perfectly cut diamond, set in a 14-karat gold mounting.
Exceptional Value

JAS. K. LEMON. EST. 1828 BRAINARD LEMON
DIAMONDS
JAS. K. LEMON & SON
511 FOURTH AVE.

Festoons
ARE IN FAVOR
Our assortments contain Pearls, Peridot, Sapphires, Amethysts, Garnets and other stones; all beautiful in design and workmanship.


From the young man to the young lady we suggest a set of Hair Ornaments; from
$5 to $35


A Fountain Pen is an acceptable gift to any man.
Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen

SHERIFF'S REPORT

SHOWS TOTAL TAX COLLECTIONS FOR YEAR $1,077,767.42,

Of Which $32,144.80 Is Back Taxes. —Some Large Exemptions.

E. T. Schmitt, Sheriff, has completed his report of tax collections for 1904, which he will make to the State Treasurer to-day. The report shows that upon the total assessment of property in city and county, amounting to $137,749,172, the taxes collectable at the combined State and county rate were $1,074,443.55. From this is deducted $28,820.93, taxes which were not enforceable, upon exonerations, duplicates, delinquents, credits and because of land sales. The latter is collectible by the County Clerk, and must be forthcoming from all whose property has been auctioned by the Sheriff and bid in by the State. It is only by payment of these taxes that titles can be cleared. However, most of the property advertised and sold is never tax paid, as it is abandoned and of no practical value. The total tax on the sold property amounts to $15,917, of which $10,217 is due the State and $5,700 the county.

The amount of taxes regularly collected is shown by the report to be $1,045,622.62. Added to this is an aggregate of $32,144.80 back taxes omitted personalty paid in during the year as a result of prosecutions by revenue agents. This brings the amount received up to $1,077,767.42.

Among the largest exonerations for the year are the following pieces of property and their assessed values: Auditorium property, left by W. F. Norton to Baptist Orphans' Home, $80,000; Public Library site, $54,000; Business Women's Club, $10,500; College of Pharmacy, $13,300; Kenyon building, left by Mrs. Fanny Speed to the Board of Education of the Methodist Church in Kentucky, $95,363. The Kentucky and Indiana Bridge and Railway Company's terminals, valued at $921,640, are assessed by the State Railroad Commission.

Violated Child Labor Law.

The Louisville Towel Supply Company, which is operated by Louis, Henry and F. W. Schoppenhorst, pleaded guilty in the Criminal Court yesterday to the charge of employing child labor, and paid a $25 fine. This is the same punishment as that secured by the Commonwealth in a number of other cases. Through the vigilance of Thomas J. Scally, Factory Inspector, the evidence has been secured and cases made out against offenders under the statute.

Court Paragraphs.

—Reynolds & Zahn sued the Myers & Sons Saddlery Company for $70.30 claimed on a note.

—Chris Miller & Co. sued the Southern Railway Company for $124.70 claimed as damage done a consignment of oats shipped over defendant's road.

—In the suit of J. C. Stelsy against Pat O'Brien to recover $204 on lumber purchased, a verdict for $122.60 was awarded plaintiff in Judge Field's court.

—Mary E. Phipps sued Robert Phipps for divorce, charging cruelty and abandonment. They were married July 28, 1902, and defendant is now at Bristol, Tenn.

—A verdict for the plaintiff for $125 was awarded James Duncan against the Louisville Railway Company in Judge O'Doherty's court. He sued for $1,500, claiming personal injuries.

—F. U. Lacy filed suit, individually and as trustee for S. F. Robinson, against the Patterson-Fowler Company and the Southern National Bank, asking for a bill of discovery for funds amounting to $864.73 claimed by plaintiff from first-named defendant.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

Southern Railway News Co. vs. Fidelity and Casualty Company, of New York.—Filed December 9, 1904.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Jefferson Circuit Court, First Chy. Division. Opinion by Judge O'Rear, reversing.

Corporations—Employer's Liability Insurance—Limitation—Pleading.—In this action by appellant against appellee to recover judgment for the amount of judgment appellant paid to the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham Railroad Company in satisfaction of a judgment recovered against it in favor of an employe of appellant, who was fatally injured by one of the railroad company's trains, the basis of this action being an employer's liability policy of insurance issued to appellant by appellee it is held—That the provision in the contract that the company shall not be liable for the recovery of a claim under the policy, unless the suit to recover upon it is commenced within two years after the accident, which is the cause of action has occurred, is not a good defense for the reasons stated in the opinion in the case of the Union Central Life Insurance Company vs. Harry C. Spinks, delivered December 9, 1904, and for the reasons stated in this opinion the demurrer should have been sustained to the part of the answer setting up and relying upon the special contract of limitation aforesaid. The demurrer to the reply should have been overruled, because appellant accepted in full satisfaction of renewal premium the sum of $100 in addition to the original premiums paid, which latter sum was the consideration for the continuance of the policy in force for a period beyond that provided for in the original policy.

Barnett & Barnett and Charles F. Taylor for appellant; Forcht & Field for appellee.

Taylor vs. Webber, etc.—Filed December 8, 1904.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Graves Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Barker, reversing.

Pleading—Defect in Pleading.—In an action to vacate a judgment directing a sale of land, the failure of the pleader to add to the allegation that the land was susceptible of division among the owners at the time it was sold for indivisibility, the words, "without impairing its value," a denial in the answer that the land was susceptible of division without impairing its value, this denial cured the defect in the petition, the denial being as broad in terms as the allegation in the petition should have been.

Second—Same—Infants.—Where the land was sold for about one-third of its appraised value, and the defendants were infants without any statutory guardian to look after their interests, such sale was invalid and should be set aside.

W. J. Webb for appellant; Lee & Hester for appellees.

Fletcher vs. Sandusky, etc.—Filed December 13, 1904.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Muhlenberg Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Nunn, affirming.

Contracts—Liens.—Where a contractor sought to inforce his lien for an unpaid balance for building a hotel (20 per cent. of the contract price not having been paid) and it was shown by the defense that the material was inferior to that specified in the contract; that the roof leaked badly, that inferior shingles were used, and the floors were not joined as the contract provided they should be, and other defects appearing, the action of the lower court in dismissing was proper.

J. S. Wortham for appellant; R. Y. Thomas, Jr., for appellees.

Fehr vs. Commonwealth.—Filed December 13, 1904.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Laurel Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Nunn, reversing.

Constitutional Law—Void Ordinance.—Where an ordinance of a municipality fixed a penalty less than that fixed by statute for the same offense, the ordinance is void, pursuant to the provisions of section 168 of the Constitution.

T. L. Eblen, James Sparks for appellant; E. H. Johnson for appellee.

Miller, etc., vs. The Knight Manufacturing Company.—Filed December 8, 1904.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Pulaski Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Paynter, affirming.

Principal and Surety—Liens.—Where at the time appellant became surety upon the notes sought to be recovered upon in this action appellee had acquired the mortgage lien held by others and owned the debt it was given to secure, there can be no foundation either in law or equity to base their claim of substitution to the mortgage lien, and as they had no lien on the property mortgaged they can have no claim against appellee because it appropriated to the payment of its debt the proceeds it brought under the sale.

Denton & Robinson for appellants; O. H. Waddle for appellee.

Jones, etc., vs. Green, etc.—Filed December 8, 1904.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Graves Circuit Court. Opinion by Judge Barker, affirming.

Homestead and Dower.—C. died leaving a tract of land worth less than $1,000 and a widow and daughter. Both married and left the homestead, but before doing so the widow conveyed it to Jones by deed of general warranty, which he took and had recorded in the proper office. In an action by the heirs at law for a sale of the land, a division of the proceeds, Jones set up the plea that the deed to him was intended to be a lease to embrace all of the homestead of the widow during her life, and asked that the deed be reformed, and that he be entitled the dower right of the grantor. Held—The widow's right of homestead was one of occupancy only, and she could abandon it whenever she desired, and the conveyance to Jones was only evidence of abandonment. Jones set up that she was occupying the land as a homestead, and this being true, she could not take both dower and homestead, and having elected to take the homestead right, she waived her right of dower. When she abandoned the homestead the basis of the claim of Johnson, who was her tenant, failed.

R. E. Johnson, W. J. Webb for appellants; J. E. Warren for appellees.

FOLLOWS EXAMPLE OF HIS CONVICT BROTHER.

Herbert Woods Breaks Into Same Store and Is Arrested.

A term in the penitentiary for his brother, it seems, did not deter Herbert Woods from breaking into the store of Julius Winter & Co., the same place robbed several months ago by "Cockey" Woods. The store was entered Tuesday night and two fine overcoats and two sack coats were stolen. At 11 o'clock yesterday morning Detectives Walker and McCorkle arrested Herbert Woods at Sixth and Market streets while he was negotiating with a stranger for the sale of one of the stolen overcoats.

When taken into custody Woods gave his name as Wilson and said his brother had given him the coat and requested that he sell it. The detectives identified him as Herbert Woods, after which he admitted his identity, and that he is a brother of "Cockey" Woods, now serving a sentence in the Frankfort penitentiary for breaking into the store of Julius Winter & Co. "Cockey" Woods confessed to entering the store through the hatch and the roof, and the thief who entered the place Tuesday night got in the same way. The detectives expect to recover all the stolen goods. Herbert Woods is nineteen years old.

Former Senator Shoup Dies.

Boise, Idaho, Dec. 21.—George L. Shoup, former United States Senator from Idaho, died at his home here today in his sixty-eighth year, after an illness lasting several weeks.



ACCURACY RENZ 3 DRUG SHOPS PURITY ECONOMY

SOUVENIRS FOR THE LADIES
AT THE OPENING OF
RENZ NEW DRUG SHOP
Thursday Morning, December 22, 1904,
THIRD AND JEFFERSON.
The most thoroughly equipped and elegantly appointed drug shop in the South.
We cordially extend to you an invitation to our opening. Music.

DEATHS.

COHEN—At 5 p. m., December 21, Isidor Cohen, 66 years of age.
Funeral from the residence, 618 West Market street, Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment in B'rith Sholom cemetery.

REPETTO—Mrs. Catherine Repetto, beloved wife of Dominic Repetto, December 21, at 3 a. m.
Funeral from residence, 128 Fourth street, Friday morning at 8:30 o'clock and from the Cathedral of the Assumption at 9 o'clock.

MEETINGS.

St. George Lodge, No. 239, F. and A. M., will hold a stated communication in their hall, this Masonic, this (Thursday) evening, December 22, at 7:30 o'clock. Election of officers and payment of dues. Members of sister lodges fraternally invited to attend. By order of
S. A. LEDERMAN, W. M.
B. BERNSTEIN, Secretary.

UNDERTAKERS.

GRAN W. SMITH'S SON
AL. S. SMITH, Proprietor.
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Southwest cor. 7th and Walnut sts.
Both Telephones 810.

MISCELLANEOUS.

1905 NOVEMBER ELECTION 1905
P. S. RAY Candidate for COUNTY ASSESSOR,
Subject to Action of the Democratic Party.

Notice.
Office of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, Rooms 27 and 28 City Hall—Louisville, Ky., Dec. 21, 1904.
Coupons of city bonds due January 1, 1905, payable in New York, will be paid on presentation at this office until 12 o'clock m. Friday, the 30th inst.
J. M. TERRY, Treasurer.

A GOOD RESOLUTION
for the New Year is to be regular in laying aside a certain amount each week or month in a Savings Account with the
United States Trust Company.
Many men are neglecting their opportunities by not saving their money. A suggestion from you may help some of them. DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE THE 5th OF THE MONTH ARE ALLOWED INTEREST FROM THE FIRST.
Offices Fifth and Main Sts.

For Real Practical
and at the same time ELEGANT
Christmas Gifts
you must visit our
Housefurnishing Dept. in Basement.
Will show you lots of nice things which you never have seen and not to be found elsewhere.
J. Dolfinger & Co.
584 4th AVE.
NEAR WALNUT.


THE GIANT ANCHOR AIR-TIGHT HEATER
Keeps fire over night. Under perfect control at all times. Greatest economy, durability of any stove ever made. Write for testimonials. The original of its class. Imitation is the sincerest flattery. Offices, churches and all large buildings. All dealers.
ANCHOR STOVE & RANGE CO.

STEAMSHIPS.

WINTER CRUISES
18 Different Cruises and Special Services to the West Indies Mediterranean & Orient,
By Twin-Screw Palatial Cruising Steamers. From 18 to 76 days—$125 to $300 up.
Send for illustrated booklets, rates, etc., before deciding winter plans.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE,
37 Broadway, N. Y.
HUMMEL & MEYER, 307 W. Main St.
J. PINK CUNEO, 336 W. Main St.

WHITE STAR LINE.
Fast Twin-Screw Steamers of 11,400 to 15,000 tons.
NEW YORK AND BOSTON
DIRECT TO THE MEDITERRANEAN
VIA AZORES.
FROM NEW YORK:
REPUBLIC.....Jan. 14, noon, Feb. 25, noon
CRETIC.....Feb. 4, noon, Mar. 18, noon
FROM BOSTON:
CANOPIC, Jan. 7, 10:30 a.m., Feb. 18, 8:30 a.m.
ROMANIC, Jan. 28, 3:30 p.m., Mar. 11, 1 p.m.
First Class $65 upward.
For plans, etc., apply to J. PINK CUNEO, 336 W. Main st.; HUMMEL & MEYER, 307 W. Main st.; M. SHEEHAN, 1854 Portland ave., or any agent in Louisville or vicinity.

RAG DOLL
2½ Feet High
Given at the Courier-Journal and Times
Branch Offices



Life-Size Doll That the Baby's Clothes Will Fit.

This doll is an exact reproduction of a hand-painted French creation, done on extra heavy sateen that will not tear; in oil colors that will not crack. The workmanship is perfect, the color effect the very finest.

The doll is intended to be stuffed with cotton or other suitable material. It is this century's model of the old fashioned "Rag Doll" that grandma used to make, and would make grandma open her eyes in wonder.

Dollie has golden hair, rosy cheeks, brown eyes, kid-colored body, red stockings and black shoes, and in following the directions in making up, if piece of heavy cardboard is inserted in the soles a perfect shoe is formed, enabling the doll to stand erect.

One of these Dolls will be given this week with every
25c Classified Ad.
Left at any of the Courier-Journal and Times Branch Offices.

POCAHONTAS LUMP COAL
$4.25 PER TON.
NEWMAN & FRANKEL (Inc.) 427 W. Jefferson. Both Phones 3018.

PREPARE TO GIVE A RACE MEETING

New Orleans New Track Will Run In Spite of Jockey Club.

THIS IS WHAT CORRIGAN SAYS

Ram's Horn Adds To His Laurels By Giving Older Horses a Good Beating.

MORE ANIMALS AT THE TRACK.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 21.—[Special.] There will be a race meeting at the new Panama Park before spring, whether the Western Jockey Club will or no. This announcement was made by Edward Corrigan at a late hour last night after a protracted conference with President Haeslip and other officers and directors of the New Orleans Jockey Club.

This was not meant as a declaration of war, but simply as a notice to the present turf governing body of the West that the New Orleans Jockey Club and other racing associations which had not been fairly dealt with in the matter of dates would insist upon a fair deal. Mr. Corrigan said that if the Western Jockey Club stewards thought the protest against their recent allotment of dates a bluff they had better disabuse their minds of such notion at once. He expressed the opinion that there would be a revision of the date schedule at the January meeting of the stewards, but said that if not there would be enough first-class tracks to take care of such horsemen as might elect to participate in the Panama Park meeting.

Mr. Corrigan after two busy days in the city left to-night for his Mississippi home, whence he will go to Chicago in time for the coming meeting of the Jockey Club stewards on January 2.

Ram's Horn added to his laurels to-day by giving older horses much weight and a decisive beating in the All-aged Handicap at one mile and a sixteenth. Cleverly handled by Nicol he waited on Garnish, to whom he was conceding nineteen pounds, to the last turn and then ran around him and won well in hand by nearly two lengths. Two others, headed by Ed Tierney, were beaten off. Careless could have been much closer up. Phillips got the gelding cut off several times and rode him all over the track. The first disqualification of the meeting came from the mile and a quarter dash, in which Homestead, who finished second, was set back for fouling Bessie McCarthy. Benefited by weight Semper Vivax tiptoed his field and won by a neck. In competent hands Homestead would have won. Schilling lost ground on every turn and finished like an amateur. The stewards set him down for one week, ostensibly for foul riding. The twenty-eight books which cut in had a chance to clean up, as Ram's Horn was the only winner not overlooked in the betting. J. Martin was set down for three days by the starters.

Billy Porter, one of Capt. S. S. Brown's trusted lieutenants, arrived from West Baden to-day. Jockey Livingston, whose engagement with J. J. McCafferty has about expired, has joined C. E. Burnett, to whom he is under contract. C. M. Hollenback will arrive to-morrow with Formaster, who has been prepared for the Christmas Handicap at Memphis. Summaries:

Weather clear; track good. Summaries:

First Race—Selling; six furlongs:
Optional, 100 (Shaver), 7 to 1.........1
Jake Greenberg, 114 (Baird), 5 to 2.........2
Chamblee, 107 (Romanelli), 30 to 1.........3
Time, 1:15. Laura Hunter, Lady Draper, J. W. O'Neill, Mezzo, Ghats, Baggerly, Fleetful, Unmasked and Belle of Portland also ran.

Second Race—One and one-quarter miles:
Semper Vivax, 93 (J. Hennessy), 10 to 1..1
Bessie McCarthy, 101 (H. Phillips), 5 to 1..2
Beaucaire, 99 (Stoval), 75 to 1.........3
Time, 2:11 4-5. Homestead, 105 (Schilling), 1 to 3, finished second, but was disqualified for fouling. Mainspring, Keynote, Goldaga and The Way also ran.

Third Race—Selling; five furlongs:
Alcantara, 111 (H. Phillips), 15 to 1......1
Queen Rose, 111 (Schilling), 3 to 1.......2
Esterro, 108 (J. Martin), 5 to 2.........3
Time, 1:02. Jade, Swedish Lad, Lamplight, Halcyon Days, Mon Amour, Precious Band and Mildred B. also ran.

Fourth Race—Handicap; mile and one-sixteenth:
Ram's Horn, 98 (Nicol), 2 to 1.........1
Garnish, 103 (J. Martin), 5 to 2.........2
Ed Tierney, 97 (Schilling), 5 to 1.........3
Time, 1:49. Careless and Fruit also ran.

Fifth Race—Six furlongs:
Topic, 100 (Crimmins), 20 to 1.........1
Phil Finch, 97 (Nicol), 5 to 2.........2
Baywood, 108 (Munro), 30 to 1.........3
Time, 1:14 1-5. Heritage, Aggie Lewis, Mimosa, Dusky, Magistrate, Yellmantown, Twemlow and Caryota also ran.

Sixth Race—Selling; one mile:
Chanterelle, 101 (Romanelli), 15 to 1....1
Gravina, 112 (Wonderly), 5 to 2.........2
Decoration, 101 (Cocolo), 50 to 1.........3
Time, 1:43 4-5. Royal Pirate, McWilliams, Merry Acrobat, Reckoner, Kingstelle, Barkelmore, Cardinal Wolsey and Circus Girl also ran.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

First race—Three-quarters of a mile: Julia Junkin, Mrs. Frank Foster, St. Sever, Parisienne, Lyman Hay, Little Jack Horner, W. L. George, 94; One More, Bensonhurst, 99; Clonmell, 102; Floral Wreath, 104; Dalesman, 112.

Second race—Seven-eighths of a mile, selling: Rachael Ward, Trossachs, 94; Fiasco, 99; Aggie Lewis, 100; The Huguenot, 101; Fox Mead, 102; Arachne, Little Boy, Lady Charlot, Ponca, Federal, 104; Josette, 107.

Third race—Mile: Birch Rod, My Jane, 102; Merry Pioneer, 105; Bodul, Never More, Major Hanlon, Kinlight, Court Maid, 107; Flamboyant, Captain Gaines, 110; Handspinner, Rudabek, 102.

Fourth race—Mile and twenty yards, handicap: Matador, 90; King's Trophy, 96; Rankin, 104; DeReszke, 108.

Fifth race—Mile: Myrondale, Ojibwa, Reliance, 105; Midshipman, Mountebank, Yellmantown, Bob Murphy, Topic, 108; Daisy Green, 114; Ben Mac Dhui, Ernest Parham, Irby Bennett, 117.

Sixth race—Three-fourths of a mile, selling: Captain Broiaski, 89; Lineal, 94; James H. Reed, Bishop Weed, 97; Dundall, 102; Go to Win, 103; Limerick Girl, Pawtucket, Green Gown, 104; Evaskill, Kornet, 105; Sharp Boy, 107.

GOLD ROSE WINS AGAIN.

Two-Year-Old, the Favorite, Scores Her Fifth Consecutive Victory.

Los Angeles, Dec. 21.—Green B. Morris' two-year-old filly, Gold Rose, started to-day for the fifth time and scored her fifth successive victory at Ascot. The distance was over the Slauson course, and Gold Rose was held at 6 to 5 throughout the betting. Sais was looked upon to take the fast filly's measure and was heavily played at 5 to 2, while El Chihuahua found numerous backers at 5 to 1. Gold Rose went to the front and never left the issue in doubt. Sais finished second and El Chihuahua third. Three short-priced favorites were successful at Ascot to-day, two outsiders and one second choice winning the other races. Summaries:

First Race—Mile:
Liberto, 110 (Treubel), 12 to 1.........1
Iras, 107 (E. Walsh), 4 to 1.........2
Lustig, 106 (Dugan), 5 to 1.........3
Time, 1:43¼. Frangible, Miracle II., Huapala, Galanthus, Tangible, Evermore and Idalum also ran.

Second Race—Five and one-half furlongs:
West Brookfield, 101 (Kent), 3 to 1.......1
Cotillon, 103 (E. Walsh), 4 to 1.........2
Hildebrand, 103 (Hildebrand), 10 to 1....3
Time, 1:08. Mart Gentry, Dr. C., Maggie Mackey, Springleaf and Tim Hurst also ran.

Third Race—Mile:
Tryon, 102 (Lawrence), 2 to 5.........1
Potrero Grande, 102 (McDaniel), 4½ to 1..2
Freesias, 92 (Herbert), 5 to 1.........3
Time, 1:43. Foxy Grandpa, Tom Hawk, Punctilio and Ed Gumzburg also ran.

WARNER GOES TO ST. LOUIS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—Roger Bresnahan will catch next year for the New York Baseball Club and Jack Warner will go to the St. Louis Nationals. Secretary Knowles announced to-day that the Warner transfer had been completed, but declined to say what Frank DeHaas Robison paid for Warner.

Fourth Race—Slauson course; handicap:
Gold Rose, 106 (Walsh), 6 to 5.........1
Sais, 114 (Hildebrand), 5 to 2.........2
El Chihuahua, 103 (Treubel), 5 to 1.......3
Time, 1:09¾. Homebred and Felipe Lugo also ran.

Fifth Race—Mile and seventy yards:
Chub, 97 (Herbert), 3 to 5.........1
Rough Rider, 97 (Knapp), 20 to 1.........2
Evea G., 102 (Hildebrand), 2 to 1.........3
Time, 1:46½. Varro, Phyz and Autumn Time also ran.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs:
Alamanzor, 108 (Truebell), 10 to 1.........1
Schoharie, 102 (Hildebrand), 1 to 2.......2
Our Bride, 104 (Kent), 8 to 1.........3
Time, 1:15. Tendercrest, Miss Provo, Wager, Mordente and John Hughes also ran.

LOS ANGELES ENTRIES.

First Race—Slauson course: Great Mogul, 114; Skirmish, Grigli, 109; Tizen, 104; Light of Day, 102; King Promise, 100; Leonadia, 99; Lady Ninora, 92; Revel, 87.

Second Race—Four and one-half furlongs: Belle Kinney, Fireball, 107; Blue Coat, Escanado, Gleeman, 103; Hilona, 102; Trametor, Seasick, 100.

Third Race—Six furlongs: Elfin King, 110; Dan Collins, 109; Cloverton, 106; Cerro Santa, 105; Golden Light, 102; Funnyside, 98.

Fourth Race—Mile, handicap: Bragg, 112; Sheriff Bell, 107; Ellie, 98; Tim Payne, 98.

Fifth Race—Mile: The Major, 110; All About, Blue Ridge, 107; Cincinnatus, 105; McGrathiana Prince, 102; Heigerson, 98; Blissful, 97.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs: Red Damsel, Decimo, 107; Nanon, 102; Effervescence, Susie Christian, Firebane, Winnifreda, Patsy Brown, 98; Landseer, Duskey Secret, 97; Laureatta Phillips, 93.

ANANIAS THE WINNER.

Military Man, the Favorite, Finishes Third In Handicap At Oakland.

San Francisco, Dec. 21.—Ananias was the best in the handicap at Oakland to-day, winning from the start. Militaryman, first choice, finished third. Baker, at 12 to 1, upset calculations in the first race, easily winning from George P. McNear and Golden Buck. Sad Sam, at the prohibitive odds of 1 to 2, tiptoed his field, finishing first in the second race. Mimo, favorite in the third race, won from Troy by a nose. Summaries:

First Race—Futurity course; selling:
Baker, 103 (Michaels), 12 to 1.........1
George P. McNear, 112 (Bullman), 8 to 5 2
Golden Buck, 103 (Travers), 7 to 5.......3
Time, 1:13. Robert Mitchell, Edrodun, Fay Templeton and Pirella also ran.

Second Race—Eleven-sixteenths of a mile; selling:
Sad Sam, 108 (Sherwood), 1 to 2.........1
Silent Water, 94 (Greenfield), 4 to 1.....2
Batidor, 98 (Fountain), 7 to 5.........3
Time, 1:07. Redan, Urbano, Albonita and Aunt Polly also ran.

Third Race—Thirteen-sixteenths of a mile; selling:
Mimo, 104 (Davis), 9 to 5.........1
Troy, 99 (Greenfield), 7 to 1.........2
Bronze Wing, 99 (Travers), 5 to 1.........3
Time, 1:20¼. The Fretter, Hipponax, Bedner, Frank Woods, Military, Adirondack, Dora I., Skip Me, Sugden and Angie also ran.

Fourth Race—Mile and an eighth; handicap:
Ananias, 104 (Davis), 3 to 1.........1
Elliott, 112 (W. Daly), 5 to 1.........2
Military Man, 105 (Helgerson), 9 to 5...3
Time, 1:52. Divina, Arcade, Veterano and Ink also ran.

Fifth Race—One mile; selling:
Red Cross Nurse, 103 (Davis), 7 to 1......1
The Lieutenant, 105 (Jones), 10 to 1......2
Mindano, 105 (Larsen), 6 to 5.........3
Time, 1:43¼. Mocorito, Budd Wade, Northwest and Anvil also ran.

Sixth Race—One mile:
Head Dance, 106 (Kunz), 9 to 5.........1
Ara, 109 (Bullman), 5 to 1.........2
Down Patrick, 106 (Jenkins), 20 to 1....3
Time, 1:42¾. Cardinal Sarto, Fleetwood and Estella J. also ran.

OAKLAND ENTRIES.

First race—Eleven-sixteenths, selling: Inspector Munro, Al Waddle, Trapsetter, 110; Presidio, Miss May Bowdish, Flo Manola, Box Elder, Mae Wells, 107; Standard, Distributer, Maxtress, Toupee, Dollie H, Young Pepper, Queen Fay, 102.

Second race—Five furlongs, selling: M. A. Powell, 108; David Boland, Princess Zula, Nika, Ben Eric, Mizpah, 105; The Reprobate, A Lady, Meada, Lily Golding, Gallant Cassie, Saccharate, Lady Greenwood, Alice Platt, 100.

Third race—Seven furlongs: Emma Reubold, Jennie B., Border Mark, 109; Borghesi, Scotch Lad, Introductor, 108; Sunny Shore, Thorndale, Darksome, Silicate, Joe Gall, Tarragon, Monia, 105; Technique, 101.

Fourth race—Six furlongs: Claude, 112; Albula, Red Tip, Iridius, W. R. Condon, 108; Royal Rogue, 105; Martinmas, 105; Magrane, 104; Squire Johnson, 89.

Fifth race—Mile and fifty yards, selling: Canonicus, 105; I Do Go, Flaunt, 104; Scherzo, 103; Barrack, Toto Gratiot, 102; Waterspout, 100; Stilicho, Grafter, Charmel, Hermencia, 99; Maud Muller, Vigoroso, Repe, 94.

Sixth race—One and one-eighth miles, selling: Byronerdale, 108; Oro Viva, 107; Col. Anderson, 105; G. W. Trahern, Royalty, 104; Flying Torpedo, 103; Meistersinger, 102; Harka, 95.

Clear, fast.

K. I. T. League Meeting.

Vincennes, Ind., Dec. 21.—Announcement was made here to-day that the annual meeting of the K. I. T. Baseball League would be held here January 9. At this meeting the cities of Hopkinsville, Ky., and Clarksville, Tenn., will be dropped and Marion, Ill., and Owensboro, Ky., admitted. The league will then consist of Cairo and Marion, in Illinois; Owensboro, Henderson and Paducah in Kentucky and Vincennes in this State.

Receipts of the Prize Fight.

San Francisco, Dec. 21.—The total gate receipts of the Britt-Nelson fight was $26,900, of which Britt received $8,877; Nelson $5,918 and the Yosemite Club $12,105.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED

By Directors of Reading Company At Meeting In Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Dec. 21.—The directors of the Reading Company, the holding company of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company and the Philadelphia and Reading coal and iron property, to-day declared a semi-annual dividend of 1½ per cent. on the common stock, the first that has ever been authorized on the stockholding concern. The dividend is payable on February 1 to stockholders of record January 14. On January 25, 1876, the old Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company had its last dividend on common stock. Since that time the company has been twice in the hands of receivers, and the holding company was the outcome of the second receivership.

Prior to declaring the dividend on the common stock the directors declared a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent. on the second preferred stock, payable May 10, 1905, to stockholders of record April 22. It was obligatory for the directors to place the second preferred stock on a 4 per cent. per annum basis before a dividend could be declared on the common stock.

For the first time in many months every director of the company was present, including Henry C. Frick, who was recently elected.

Company Files Charter.

The Farm Land Company incorporated yesterday with a capital stock of $16,000, divided into shares of $100 each. The incorporators, each of whom has twenty shares, are T. J. Ramsey, Walter S. Adams and T. J. Howe. The maximum debt which may be incurred is limited to $10,000.

CORRIGAN TALKS OF TURF WAR

Says the Western Jockey Club Must Show Its Hand.

ROASTS CONTROLLING BODY.

Sporting Men Generally Think That Dates Will Be Changed Next Month.

OTHER CHAT OF THE TURF.

ED CORRIGAN has spoken at last, and what he says seems to bode no good for the Western Jockey Club. The Master of Hawthorne is in New Orleans, as was stated in yesterday's Courier-Journal, and in an interview he says:

"It is entirely too late for any talk of the Crescent City Jockey Club buying stock in the New Orleans Jockey Club. Mr. Bush cannot buy any stock in this club now or any time in the future. There is none for sale.

"There is another thing which I want to say," he continued. "The kind of management which the Western Jockey Club is getting now must come to an end, and that mighty soon. If the racing people of the country think we are going to build a track on the scientific lines on which we have and spend the amount of money which we have on the one here, just to close it up at the dictation of a few men who don't own a foot of ground in the other track, but simply lease it, they are very much mistaken. Our track will be completed within the next fifteen days, and we intend to use it.

"It rests entirely with the Western Jockey Club as to whether there is a turf war or not. We don't want one. We have everything in our power to fill all the requirements in the construction of our race track. We own it, and we intend to use it. That is all there is to it. There will be no turf war if it can be avoided. But we do intend to have a square deal, and we think that we are going to get it.

"The talk about work on our track being stopped and about the Crescent City buying us out is all bosh. We will wait until the special meeting of the Western Jockey Club is held before taking any further action," continued Mr. Corrigan. "Then we will make up our minds as to what we will do. In the meantime we are pushing the work here as rapidly as possible, in order to have the track ready for use."

* * *

Will the Western Jockey Club take advantage of the loophole offered it by Corrigan and his newly-formed bevy of associates and crawl out of a huge turf war that less than a week ago seemed inevitable?

This is the question that racing men all over the South and Middle West are quietly asking one another during the lull that has necessarily followed the somewhat peaceful meeting Saturday, when Corrigan and his cohorts voted to give the powers that be in the Western Jockey Club an opportunity to revise their recent outrageous allotment of racing dates for 1905.

"It is good betting," said a bookmaker, "that the few individuals who dictate the policy of the Western Jockey Club will change the dates at their January meeting. Of course, Bush, of New Orleans, and Cella, representing the St. Louis syndicate, will bitterly oppose any such move, but a Chicago magnate, who has always been given credit for having his full share of brain matter and good judgment at critical times, will without a doubt overrule the opposition.

"Now that Corrigan has shown his hand, and is known to be heavily interested financially in the new track at New Orleans, the Western Jockey Club must grant that track dates to avoid war. Is it reasonable to suppose that John Condon is going to jeopardize his interests in Chicago, and perhaps render racing impossible in Illinois, simply to satisfy the whims of the hoggish owner of the Crescent City bull ring or the demands of the notorious St. Louis syndicate?

* * *

"When the Western Jockey Club was organized and the old Turf Congress passed into history, the members of the new body formed an agreement to protect one another at all hazards. This is the only excuse they had for turning down Union Park last year and dealing out the same dose to Union Park and the new track at New Orleans this year.

"Now, however, the question of protection has reached a stage where it is out of all reason. Bush and the Tilles-Adler-Cella syndicate will have to yield and take their medicine.

"Furthermore, the men who rule the affairs of the Western Jockey Club have probably learned in the last few weeks that public sentiment is strongly and universally against them, and that they must play fair at the coming meeting and give the new track at New Orleans, the Union track at St. Louis and the original Hot Springs track their just dues.

"It looks a trifle as though the Union Jockey Club, with P. J. Carmody at its head, is being slighted by Corrigan and his followers. If the latter succeed in having the Western Jockey Club revise the dates, they are evidently willing to let the Union Club shift for itself, but in the event of a 'turndown' they will appeal to the outlaw club for assistance in forming a new circuit of tracks.

"Be this as it may, the Union Jockey Club, with the assurance of governmental support, will doubtless win its fight against the St. Louis syndicate."

* * *

Fred Cook says that he is going East next year, and expects to make good down there. He now has fifty-two horses in Trainer Phillips' hands here at Louisville, and is as enthusiastic as ever over his coming two-year-olds. He says that he has at least a half dozen that he expects will be stars, but he does not know their names yet and has forgotten how they are bred.

Cook has a good boy in Nicol. This little fellow is one of the sort that will make good anywhere. He is exceptionally alert at the post, having in the last eleven mounts been off first five times, second twice, third once and fourth three times. And mostly in big fields, too. Once well off he makes no mistakes, and, if it is in his mount to win, he can usually be found finishing in front.

* * *

Jockey W. Davis has been set down at Oakland by his employer, W. Harris, and will not be allowed to ride for anyone except W. B. Jennings, who has a contract on the boy's services for the winter. It is the general opinion that Harris was quietly given the tip by the officials to take such steps. Just why this should be so is not quite plain, but for some reason the sentiment here seems to be against Davis. He has been riding in grand form, easily leads the jockeys, and his services are in great demand, but a sort of local crusade against the boy has set in.

If the officials have any reason for shutting down on Davis' opportunities, providing, of course, that they did give Harris the tip, no inkling of them has reached the public. The Oakland officials are very much alive on the jockey question this winter and J. T. Sheehan, a promising rider, who was developed like Davis at St. Louis, is now under suspension pending an investigation. Sheehan is the boy that was reported from St. Louis last summer to have been engaged by a big Eastern stable, a rumor, however, that has no foundation in fact.

* * *

Frank Bruhns will train a public stable this winter. He has the horses for John Greener, Harry Franklin, Dr. Ferguson and several of his own. In all, he will have twenty head. Among the best of the lot is a full sister to Oiseau, the best Western colt of the year, and a full brother to that good race mare, Oliphant. Bruhns has been a successful trainer. He developed Ben McDhui, Von Rouse and other good ones, and sold them up in the thousands.

* * *

Redfern, who has at times ridden brilliantly, has not yet made a definite arrangement to ride for any big stable, and he will probably find considerable difficulty in catching on so long as his father continues interfering in his affairs as he has been doing, says the New York Telegraph. Redfern, senior, has made himself generally unpopular with horsemen, and has stood very much in his son's way by his habit of "cautioning" Arthur to be careful and not take chances almost every time he gets up on a horse. The elder Redfern's justification of his conduct is that they, the Redferns, have already plenty of gold, and that the fewer chances of getting hurt taken by Arthur the better the prospect of his continuing to bring money into the family exchequer. To this "advice" observant horsemen attribute Redfern's unsatisfactory work at Aqueduct and Bennings in November and December. No rider in these parts can put up a better article of horsemanship than Redfern when he happens to get away in front, but when he happens to break back in the bunch it is dollars to doughnuts he will pull up. While no horseman ever asked Redfern to run unnecessary risk of being killed or maimed, they feel that when he accepts a fee it is his duty to brave every reasonable hazard to get his mount to the front.

* * *

Capt. J. T. Williams, owner and trainer of Ram's Horn, is one of the old guard of the turf, and was training horses in the early seventies, when he was a frequent visitor at New Orleans during the winter meetings. With Joe Cotton he won the Cottrell Stakes, later the Kentucky and Tennessee Derbies and ran a dead heat for the Coney Island Jockey Club Derby. He owned Luke Blackburn and Checkmate, and with the latter defeated such great ones as Miss Woodford and Hindoo. Tom Hood, the speedy sprinter, and Bob Miles, the famous long distance runner, were both trained by Capt. Williams. He sold most of his great horses to Dwyer Bros., who were in the height of their success.

* * *

Philip J. Dwyer, president of the Brooklyn Jockey Club, will take a trip to Hot Springs for rest and recreation. Dwyer will not retire from the turf, as reported some time ago, but is preparing for an active campaign next season. The horses will be trained by Dick Miller, who handled Africander.

* * *

David Gideon, who recently leased his famous Holmdel farm to E. R. Thomas, has closed a deal with E. L. Davis, proprietor of Rookwood Stud, whereby the entire Gideon stud will be moved to Rookwood at once. Mr. Gideon's stud includes thirty superbly-bred mares and three stallions, His Highness, Little Saint and a stallion by Florizel II.

ANOTHER MAN WANTS TO BE PRESIDENT.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 21.—[Special.] — Another candidate for the presidency of the American Baseball Association has appeared in the person of Joseph O'Brien, of Milwaukee. Mr. O'Brien has been asked to become a candidate by two or three magnates. He is backed by Owner Havenor, of this city. O'Brien was one of the organizers of the association in opposition to the American League.

MEN IN JAIL ASK FOR A REHEARING.

Colorado Supreme Court Still Sifting Evidence of Alleged Election Frauds.

Denver, Col., Dec. 21.—The report presented to the Supreme Court to-day by the handwriting experts who examined the ballots in the box from Precinct 2, Ward 4, of this city, showed that of 356 votes, 144 were apparently fraudulent.

The court later heard further testimony on the contempt charges against Isaac Goliman and Edward Sweeny, Election Judges. Sweeny and Goliman, who conducted their own defense, disclaimed knowledge of the fraudulent ballot, and denied that they had willfully violated the court's orders. Both threw themselves upon the mercy of the Court. Chief Justice Gabbert took the case under consideration.

Each of the twenty-three men now serving sentences in jail for contempt of court has filed a petition for a rehearing and alleviation of sentence. The grounds upon which they are based are solely technical, the principal one being a challenge of the right of the Supreme Court to assume jurisdiction of the election.

YALE MUSICAL CLUB TO VISIT LOUISVILLE.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 21.—During the holiday vacation at Yale University the university musical clubs will take a Western and Southern trip, going as far as Colorado Springs and South to Nashville and Louisville on the return. The men left New Haven to-day.

The Yale hockey team will make its annual trip to Pittsburg, leaving New York on December 27. Four games will be played in Pittsburg, one with the Interscholastic team, of Pittsburg, and three with the University of Toronto.

CONSECRATED AS BISHOP OF CUBA.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 21.—The Rev. Albion W. Knight, of St. Philip's Episcopal Cathedral, Atlanta, was consecrated Bishop of Cuba to-day, to which position he was elected by the general convention of the Episcopal Church of the United States, held recently in Boston. A large number of Bishops and clergy from all parts of the United States and several from Cuba were present, taking part in the services.

PASSES EXAMINATION; READY FOR DUTIES.

William D. Wakefield was ordained a minister in the Southern Baptist church last night at the Walnut-street Baptist church. Mr. Wakefield has always taken a great interest in the work of his church, and for the past few months has been traveling in the South with the Rev. M. D. Ham, the evangelist, as soloist. Mr. Wakefield will continue with Mr. Ham as singer and will also act as his assistant. The Rev. Dr. E. C. Dargan acted as moderator of the meeting and the Rev. Dr. E. Y. Mullins conducted the examination, which Mr. Wakefield passed with credit to himself.

Refreshments After Election.

Abraham Lodge No. 8, F. and A. M., had an election of officers at the New Masonic Temple last night. The following were chosen: Charles A. Sommerville, master; E. G. Mansfield, senior warden; John Gradel, junior warden; James Crawford, senior deacon; G. W. Schardein, junior deacon; J. W. Lutz and John Herms, stewards; Lee E. Cralle, treasurer; James B. Hebden, secretary; Joseph W. Davidson, tyler. At the close of the election the meeting resolved into a social function, when refreshments were served.

Was Preparing To Attend Funeral.

Mobile, Ala., Dec. 21.—This morning, just after he had donned a gray uniform to attend the funeral of Capt. Thomas T. Roche, at the head of Raphael Semmes Camp No. 11, U. C. V., James Prendergast, commander of the camp, was suddenly stricken at his home and expired immediately.

AFTERMATH OF THE BIG FIGHT

Experts At 'Frisco Think Referee Roche's Decision Was Fair.

OPINION OF MARVIN HART.

Louisville Boxer Says That Battling Nelson Put Up a Grand Fight.

DANE ABSORBS PUNISHMENT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Although a few complaints against the decision of the referee are heard, most fight followers agree that Britt fairly earned his victory over Nelson. As the fight went the limit it had to be decided on points and there is no question that Britt landed three blows for every one Nelson sent home. In fact, Nelson did not land a dozen clean hits during the entire contest, most of his blows were delivered when they were at short range.

It is an undeniable fact that Nelson was not hurt by the blows he received and was as fresh as a "daisy" at the end of the fight, and for this reason some think Roche should have called it a draw.

The following are the opinions of some of the leading experts in fisticuffs:

Jack Welch—Roche could give no other decision. Britt outboxed and outpointed Nelson in nearly every round.

Eddie Smith—If I had been in the ring I would have decided as Roche did.

Mat Larkin—Britt has too much class for Nelson.

Harry Corbett—The decision looked all right to me. I must say Nelson deserves a lot of credit.

Alex Greggains—Britt won on the clean blows landed.

Eddie Graney—I would have decided as Roche did.

Marvin Hart—I thought Nelson put up a grand fight, but the referee decided Britt won, and that is all there is to it.

Teddy Murphy—I thought Roche could have called it a draw. Britt held a great deal and when he was not holding he ran away. His blows were of no force.

Nelson is one of the marvels of the prize ring when it comes to standing up under punishment and showing no ill effects from the terrible grueling to which he is subjected. Barring a slight bruise on the face he showed no effects of the hammering he received. He is cheerful, although he feels that he was unfairly treated in the decision.

The Southern Field Trials.

Waynesboro, Ga., Dec. 21.—The second series of the all-age contest was finished to-day about 4 o'clock. The winners of the contest were announced soon after the return from the field. Pioneer, Mr. Shelley's dog, won first prize, $300; McKinley, Mr. Askin's dog, won second prize, $200; Jesse Rodfield's Count Gladstone won third prize, $100. This completed the all-age contest, in which much interest was taken because all the dogs were used for these trials, making the race exciting. The drawing for subscription stakes took place to-night at 8 o'clock. There will be eight or ten starters in this contest, which makes two hour heats to be run.

New Players For Nashville.

Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 21.—Manager Fisher, of the Nashville Southern League baseball team, announces that he has traded Infielder Sherman Kennedy for Outfielder Marcum, of Shreveport, and that he has secured Pitcher "War" Sanders from Omaha.

REMODELING WITHOUT OBSTRUCTING TRAFFIC.

Mr. Tyler's Successful Scheme May Be Followed By City Ordinance.

Extensive improvements are being made in the Tyler building on Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth avenues, yet the traffic on the sidewalk is not disturbed, and for the first time in Louisville work is being done on a building in the business section without inconveniencing business in the least. A strong temporary porch, with a double flooring of heavy plank, reenforced by thick paper between, has been built over the entire sidewalk and the building operations can proceed without danger to pedestrians who pass underneath. A derrick raises the building material into the second floor. Owen Tyler, who is having the changes made, determined to try the plan, which is used successfully in other cities, and instead of blockading the sidewalk with a fence, he constructed the porch, making it strong enough to support heavy iron beams.

It is probable that an ordinance will be introduced in the General Council requiring the same thing to be done in all cases where work is done on a building in the business section. Heretofore, under the present plan of blocking the sidewalk with a fence, all the merchants on that side of the street lose money during the building operations. The changes in the Tyler building are the conversion of the flats on the second and third floor into offices.

NO LOCAL KNOWLEDGE OF MASSACHUSETTS ACTION.

Hibernians Favor Plan Individually, But Have Not Considered Acting.

Louisville members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians say that they know nothing of the petition lately signed by over 30,000 members of their order in Massachusetts, asking Congress to decline to enter into any agreements of arbitration with Great Britain hereafter.

The Kentucky division of the order has not taken any action of the sort and has not officially considered such action, though the members individually are in favor of it. The action of the Massachusetts division does not have the importance of a national movement of the order, though it may bring about the official circulation of the petition through all branches of the Hibernians. It will take some time to learn the wishes of the national governing body of the order, as the board of directors is composed of five members who live in widely separated parts of the country. These directors must meet and sanction any movement like that of the Massachusetts body before it becomes official.

HANLON AFTER THE SENATORS

Brooklyn Magnate Wants To Put Baltimore In American.

WASHINGTON FOR EASTERN.

His Offer Is Several Thousand Dollars Less Than Johnson's Price.

GARRY AS A MISSIONARY.

A BIG change in the baseball map is contemplated. Ed Hanlon, the Brooklyn National League magnate, is trying to buy the Washington club, of the American League, and if he succeeds, he will place Baltimore in the American League and put Washington in the Eastern League in place of Baltimore, where Washington rightfully belongs. A special from Baltimore tells the news as follows:

"Manager Hanlon has determined to place one of the big league teams in Baltimore next season. To this end he has begun negotiations for the purchase of the Washington American League Club. The plan is to transfer the Eastern League franchise, now held by Baltimore, to Washington.

"At present there is a difference of $27,000 standing in the way of the completion of the deal. The Hanlon and Frank interests have offered $48,000 for the franchise, players and grounds, now the property of the Washington organization, while President Johnson, representing the American League, in whose hands the Senatorial effects are vested, places the selling price at $75,000.

"T. C. Noyes, of the Washington club, said to-day that he knew nothing of the deal, but as such business would be conducted with President Johnson, the latter might keep the matter to himself until the transaction was completed. Should the deal be made it will be necessary to gain the consent of both the American and National Leagues. It is hardly likely there would be any objection from either source, as an exchange of two cities so close together can hardly make any difference to the National League and, of course, the change will be all for the good of the Americans. As for the Eastern League, it undoubtedly will be content to allow transfer, as in some respects Washington would be a better Eastern city than Baltimore."

* * *

Havenor Favors Hickey.

If Thomas J. Hickey wants to be president of the American Association again and J. Ed Grillo decides not to be a candidate for re-election at the annual meeting, he will have the support of President Havenor, of the Milwaukee Club. The local magnate said that until he read the dispatch from St. Paul in yesterday's Sentinel that he was not aware that Hickey wanted the position, says the Milwaukee Sentinel.

"Thomas J. Hickey is a personal friend of mine," said President Havenor, "and I consider him one of the best organizers in baseball at the present time. If President Grillo decides that he does not want to serve another year, and Hickey will take the position, I will certainly do what I can to see that he is elected.

"He was the executive head of the American Association during war times, and was one of the important factors in making the organization what it is to-day, one of the two strongest minor leagues in the country, and if Mr. Grillo decides to step out, the former president is the most available man."

The dispatch from St. Paul was not altogether a surprise, as the administration of President Grillo was not entirely satisfactory to the owners and managers of several of the clubs, and before the season ended there was some talk of a change. It was then said that President Grillo had not used his influence in a manner to avoid strife among the club owners in the Toledo complication. That affair finally developed into an open struggle between T. J. Bryce, of Columbus, and George J. Lennon, of St. Paul, for possession of the stock and franchise of the Toledo Club. It was said at the time that President Grillo took the Bryce side of the argument, while he should have endeavored to straighten out affairs within the league and thus avoided the open battle which was settled in the courts, but of necessity created feeling between the interested persons. It was said then that while Grillo might not have been able to stop court proceedings, he could have tried.

One thing is certain, Grillo made an enemy of George Tebeau when he upheld Umpire Bausewine in his action in ordering the owner of the Louisville Club off his own grounds and later suspended that magnate for throwing the umpire's valise out of his ticket office. Grillo's action in this case was upheld by the press, but it made a bitter enemy of the powerful minor league club owner and baseball politician.

* * *

Herrmann On Draft Rule.

The first home missionary efforts to lead Ban Johnson into the new light that dawned upon the National League while in New York have been taken, and President Herrmann is hopeful that before the National Commission convenes in Cincinnati, a fortnight hence, the American League leader will be able to see traces of beauty in the structural amendments to the national agreement, as proposed by the minors and O. K.'d by the National League after Howard Griffiths had laid down his oratorical hand the other day.

"It is a mistake to imagine," said the Red Chief, "that the National Commission can change a word in the national agreement. The commission is simply the creation of the agreement, and that is the book of baseball law, which can only be changed by the unanimous consent of the three parties thereto. I went East in favor of several changes and voiced my belief in the excellence of the proposition to increase the draft price. I think it a good thing for all concerned. Under the present system major leagues are compelled to pay half the draft price of $750 in the Class A leagues at the time of the draft and the other half by May 1 if the player makes good. Under the proposed change not a cent is paid at the time of draft, but the whole amount is paid after due trial, while in case of failure the men will be returned by May 15."

* * *

In the Line of Argument.

"I am frank to say I think the new plan far the better of the two, both for the majors and minors," continued President Herrmann. "The American League was not able to hear the reasons for the suggested changes, and most of the objections that seemed to exist when Ban Johnson and I held our conference did not appear in the new draft submitted. There is no limit to the number that can be drafted from the smaller leagues, while the new legislation will work no hardship on either big leagues or minors. From the dollars and cents end it will save both National and American Leagues money, while it will put an absolute end to the pernicious practise of 'covering up' which has been in vogue."

If any one can prove the worth of the new draft to Ban Johnson the Red Chief is the man. Up to date the National and American Leagues have spent something like $17,000 since the close of the season for drafted players. Under the new dispensation not a cent of that money would have been put up. In 1903 the first draft netted over $10,000 to the minors and the second only about $5,000—figures that show that about half the experiments were turned back. An American Leaguer doesn't have to be very much of an arithmetician to figure that the minors had the best of that financial proposition. The problem shows that the Class A minors are sincere in their declaration that they prefer players to money, and the amended agreement will help them keep their teams nearer intact.

* * *

The High and Low Ball.

If the high and low ball is again adopted in the rules by the American League, it will recall to many the days of Charlie Radbourne, when the great pitcher was with Providence. "Rad" was certainly the master in those days. He had such absolute control of the ball that it made no difference to him whether the batter called for a high or a low ball. He could put it almost where he pleased.

John Clarkson, of the Chicago team, could have done the same thing, but when John broke into fast company the day of the high and low ball was a thing of the past. Clarkson, on the old West Side grounds in Chicago, has been known to set a bat on end, and then step back fully fifty feet and knock the same down two out of every three times he threw the ball at it.

Ed Williamson, though not a pitcher, could do the same thing, and, if anything, was even more accurate than Clarkson. Poor old Ed "Silver" Flint, Burns and the great Mike Kelly have all gone to the great beyond, and it's only a few fast fleeting years since the throngs were cheering them to the echo on the Lake Front grounds, where the post-office now stands in Chicago.

It's the high and low ball that recalls these favorites, for when they first broke into the game that style of pitching was in use. On the Lake Front grounds the right field fence was very short, and any time that a pitcher served a high ball to old Anson on the outside of the plate it went over that fence for a home run. Kelly could do the same.

While the new rule will undoubtedly increase batting, at the same time it will give many free tickets to first base. There are many pitchers who are lucky to get the ball over the plate, let alone placing it high or low.

It's batting, however, that the public wants to see, and it looks as if the American League, the real leaders in baseball, have solved the vexed problem. That would also put an end to the "spit ball," for it's so hard to control, no pitcher could take the chances.—[Exchange.

BASEBALL CHAT.

BILLY LUSH is to coach the sons of Eli at Yale.

TEXAS LEW M'ALLISTER is to coach the Michiganders at Ann Arbor.

WILLY M'GILL, who was once a Red, joins Manager Barrow in Indianapolis.

CHARLEY PITTINGER began his twirling career in the Cumberland Valley League.

ROBERT LINCOLN LOWE doesn't know whose Christmas tree he will ornament this year.

JIMMY RYAN expects to run Evansville along blue ribbon lines, but he has signed Claude Bouzzle.

THE Detroit Tigers may go to Jacksonville from Augusta, Ga., to fill a three-game engagement with the Reds.

DETROIT is looking for novelties. At any rate, they've put the clamps to a Pottsville pitcher—Neuer.

BAN JOHNSON does not seem to be in an angelic ante-Yuletide mood. He intimates that the Nationalists are artful dodgers.

PRINCETON'S Tigers spent nearly $20,000 on their ball team last season, and turned over $5,906.41 surplus to the athletic fund.

GRANTLAND RICE is being groomed as the dark horse for the South Atlantic League presidency. He is the Atlanta Journal's sporting specialist.

IF THE Reds like Jacksonville they may go there again, but President Herrmann told Easterners that he would not rest content until the team was seasoned in California.

PRESIDENT HERRMANN has used a large, V-shaped veto on that Chicago proposition to let Orval Overall go to Frank Selee. Cincinnati can use the Mathewson of the West to advantage.

MIQUE KAHOE spent Tuesday in Hoosierdom. He went up to see President Ruschaupt, to see where he stands. "I haven't heard a word about the deal that sends me to Indianapolis," says Mique, "and while I like the city, and it will be like going back to the old home to play there, somebody has got to show me something before I send over the furniture."

ELEVATOR DROPS IN BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING.

Workman Loosens Brake, But Escapes Without Injury.

An elevator under process of repair in the Board of Trade building at Third avenue and Main street, fell from the fourth story to the basement at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon and although it was occupied by Edward Bowman, an employe of an electrical supply company, the passenger escaped unharmed except for a general shake-up.

Bowman entered the elevator just before leaving the building last night in order to see that it was in shape to leave. The carriage was filled with rubbish, the result of the recent fire, and while rumaging about in that for some tools he accidentally unfastened the brake which held the cage in place, and dropped to the basement more than a hundred feet away. The ways of the elevator have not been used for several days and had become covered with dust and dirt, and at several of the landing places pieces of plank partially stopped the way. The latter did not prevent the cage from dropping to the bottom, however, but so stayed its flight that Bowman was uninjured and emerged from the carriage none the worse for the accident.

"That was a pretty rapid flight," he related to his companions, "and I saw all sorts of sights coming down. I guess I'll watch what brakes I'm pulling next time." Bowman was working with a force of men who had been repairing the burned-out portions of the elevator shaft.

John Dolan's Funeral.

The funeral services of John Dolan, patrolman, of the First Police district, who died at the City Hospital Tuesday morning from wounds received four months ago, will take place from his residence, 416 East Main street, at 8:30 o'clock this morning and from St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. The pallbearers will be composed of the following from the Police Department: Edward Erhart, with whom he was on duty when he received his fatal wound; Jerry O'Leary, Thomas Dunn, P. J. Mahoney, Con O'Leary and James E. Collins. The patrol wagons from the First and Fifth districts will attend and will carry an escort composed of officers from the First district, as follows: Capt. T. J. Riley, Lieut. William Schmidt, Edward McGrath, George Schupp, Theodore Blatz, W. Ford, J. Wagner and John Wallace. The burial will be in St. Louis cemetery.

Isidor Cohen Dead.

Isidor Cohen, who had a shoe store on Market street for more than thirty years, died at his home, 618 West Market street, at 7 o'clock last night after a short illness of gastritis. He was sixty-six years of age and had lived in Louisville forty years. Mr. Cohen was born in Prussia and came to Louisville when young.

Mr. Cohen is survived by one sister, Mrs. Minnie Levy; three daughters, Mrs. Rosa Sommers, Mrs. Sam Greenstein, Mrs. A. Grabfelder, and four sons, Edward Cohen, of Paducah; Samuel, Harry and Max Cohen. His widow also survives. The funeral services will take place at 10 o'clock Friday morning from the late residence. The burial will be in B'rith Sholom cemetery.



Last Call

Only three more days till Christmas! Meanwhile we have a vast stock of Holiday Goods to close out, and prices shall not stand in the way.

Come on and pick out what you want.

JONES & MILLER CO.

316 WEST MARKET ST.

Bicycles

MAKE A FINE Christmas Present.



Ramblers, 1905 model.....$40.00
Speed, 1905 model.........$25.00
Rover, 1905 model.........$20.00
Referee, 1905 model.......$15.00

Special prices on Velocipedes and Tricycles.

Velocipedes, small size.....$1.15
Velocipedes, medium size...$1.50
Velocipedes, large size.....$1.75
Tricycles, small size.......$2.50
Tricycles, large size.......$3.50

OPEN NIGHTS.

Prince Wells 638 FOURTH.



of the so-called "just as good" kinds. There is no wall plaster equal to, if any half as good, as the kind we manufacture. Give us a chance to prove this to you and quote you prices.

KY. WALL PLASTER CO.

Both Phones 2267. Louisville, Ky.

THE Waverley Hotel

AMERICAN PLAN.

Walnut st., bet. Sixth and Seventh.

$2.00 PER DAY.

Rooms with private bath attached. Special rates by the week or month.

FALLS THREE STORIES AND ESCAPES UNHURT.

Thomas Dempsey, Aged Four Years, Fortunate Enough To Light On Feet.

Thomas Dempsey, a four-year-old boy, who is being cared for in the receiving home of the Kentucky Children's Home Society at 2112 Von Borries avenue, fell from a third-story window of the building Tuesday night and escaped with no more serious injury than a slightly sprained ankle, and the child is able to travel about the building at present without assistance, although he fell on a hard pavement.

Officers of the home were attracted to the rear of the building at supper time Tuesday evening by the sound of a body striking the ground near the window of the dining-room, where they were congregated. Hastening to the window they descried a small bundle lying upon the ground, which was at first believed to be clothing, but a piercing scream soon made known the fact that one of the children had fallen from the upper story.

The child was carried into the house and after being straightened out and having his tears dried, proved to be suffering from no more serious injuries than a pain in his ankle. The child had crawled to the window ledge of a third-story room, the officers learned later from a number of his playmates, and during the nurse's absence, pushed up the window and slipped over the edge. For several moments he clung to the sill by the tips of his fingers, but finally let go, falling to the ground. The sprain the lad received was only slight.

WANTED TO BE WITH FAMILY ON CHRISTMAS.

"I only wanted to spend Christmas with my family and sell a few trinkets during the holidays," explained Joseph Moore, an escaped lunatic from the Central Asylum for the Insane at Lakeland, last night when he was arrested by Patrolman Maurice Dooling at Shelby and Market streets after he had succeeded in attracting a crowd of about fifty people about him by his fantastic actions. Moore escaped from the asylum early yesterday morning, and the officers had been attempting to find him all day. During his trip from the asylum Moore succeeded in picking up a number of odds and ends of clothing and jewelry and these he was displaying upon his person and attempting to sell to the people he passed.

Has Clew To Alleged Murder.

County Patrolman Louis Gilbert is quietly at work on the Calvert murder mystery at South Park and has already secured a clew which may lead to a solution of the affair. Mr. Gilbert will not divulge the nature of his information, and says he will take the case before the grand jury if he is successful in ferreting out sufficient evidence to indict. "That was the most brutal murder done in this county in a long time," said Patrolman Gilbert, "and I intend, if hard work will bring the perpetrator to justice, to see that he gets his just deserts."

LIBEL CASES

Continued For the Defense Until February 7.

MANY WITNESSES ABSENT.

R. W. KNOTT'S AFFIDAVIT AS TO THEIR TESTIMONY.

MYSTERIOUS RED DEFENDANT

After a lively controversy, covering both morning and afternoon sessions of the Criminal Court, the cases against R. W. Knott, C. W. Hallowell, alias "Mysterious Red," and the Evening Post Company, all charged with libel of Patrick Sharkey and Edward Melter, were continued until February 7 for the defense. This action was taken by Judge Pryor out of consideration for J. T. O'Neal, counsel for the defense, who wishes to have time for an operation upon his eyes, which are at present in bad condition, and A. P. Humphrey, associate counsel, who has not had sufficient time for preparation. When the case was called the Commonwealth announced ready, but the defense on account of absent witnesses declared its inability to go into trial. An affidavit from Mr. Knott, covering what the absent witnesses would swear to, was presented, and, though admitted by the Commonwealth, the court decided that it was best, all things considered, to grant the continuance.

* * *

Commonwealth Was Ready.

W. C. Hallowell, alias "Mysterious Red," appeared in court, accompanied by an officer of the Workhouse, where he is at present serving a term of ninety days for disorderly conduct. He was not represented by counsel. The counsel appearing for R. W. Knott were A. P. Humphrey, James P. Helm, Helm Bruce, J. T. O'Neal, Gen. Basil Duke, Kennedy Helm, Huston Quin, Edward Humphrey and Merit O'Neal. For the State, besides Joseph M. Huffaker, Commonwealth's Attorney, and his assistant, Norton L. Goldsmith, there appeared Aaron Kohn, David W. Baird, T. W. Spindle and Stanley Sloss. The cases against Mr. Knott, Hallowell and the Evening Post Company were all called by Judge Pryor.

The Commonwealth immediately announced ready for trial and asked no roll call of their witnesses. James P. Helm, for the defense, renewed his motion of Monday, in which he asked that the court allow R. W. Knott and the Evening Post Company to withdraw their plea of not guilty, so that they might set up a claim that the grand jury which returned the indictments was improperly drawn. He also moved that the indictments be quashed for the same reason. Both motions were overruled, and counsel on both sides and the court retired to confer. It was then that the defense asked that they be allowed a continuance because of the bad condition of J. T. O'Neal's eyes and because Judge Humphrey, who had been out of the city for three weeks, had had but little time for preparation of the case. The Commonwealth objected to more than a few days' continuance. It was urged that a lengthy postponement of the trial would be injurious to the case of the prosecution. The defense was willing to accept an early date in January.

* * *

Objected To Short Continuance.

The Commonwealth's representatives argued that Mr. Knott, since his indictment had through his paper continued to circulate alleged libels against Sharkey. Judge Pryor ruled that he would put the case off no longer than Tuesday, whereupon counsel for the defense replied that such a short time would be of no service to them and that they would immediately prepare for trial. Of a long list of witnesses summoned by the defense only three or four responded to their names and Mr. Helm declared that their absence would render it impossible for the defense to proceed with the trial. The Commonwealth demanded an affidavit as to what the absentees were expected to swear to. Upon Mr. Helm's suggestion that it would take considerable time to prepare this instrument court was adjourned by Judge Pryor until 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Several of the Commonwealth's witnesses did not respond when their names were called for recognition. Judge Pryor ordered that attachments go for all absent witnesses. The subpoena records of the witnesses on both sides were filed, though the defense retained a long list of names which were not called and therefore was not required to be put to record.

* * *

The Affidavit Speaks of "Confidence Men."

When court reconvened for the afternoon session Mr. Helm immediately presented the affidavit of Mr. Knott, covering the testimony of absent witnesses. The affidavit states that Frank A. Beckert, a witness who was subpoenaed to appear but did not do so, would swear that he had seen poker or gambling tables in the rooms above the Sharkey saloon at Seventh and Market streets. It is further asserted that George Beavens, an absentee, would swear that for two years and until about a year ago he had frequented Sharkey's place and had often seen gambling games in operation; that he did not play in these games because he believed them dishonest. During his visits there he says he became acquainted with the following, who made their headquarters in the rooms above and the saloon itself: Porter Callahan, whom witness describes as a "notorious bunco steerer;" Nip Wayne, alleged "card sharp and sure-thing gambler;" a man named Williams, characterized as "a card sharp and a sure-thing man;" Nigger Ryan, said to have a reputation as a diamond thief and "all around crook;" Dago Gentile, otherwise known as "Dago," described as a thief and a crook; Larry King and Cockey McCormick, both described in the affidavit as "notorious bunco-steerers and confidence men," who were seen in the saloon and card room, accompanied by strangers whose appearance would indicate they were from the country and unfamiliar with the city and Sharkey's saloon. It is also claimed that Beavens would swear that he had seen many women in the saloon and the rooms above.

Arthur Welch, the affidavit states, had been summoned and if present would swear that he was with James Speed at Sharkey's saloon one night about midnight. It is alleged that Speed had his pocket picked of his watch and money. The affidavit further avers that a woman known as "Miss Ethel" had been subpoenaed, and if she had been on hand to testify, would swear as to women frequenting the saloon.

Joseph M. Huffaker objected to the affidavit because it failed to state that the witnesses, said to have been summoned by the defense, were within jurisdiction of the court. He also claimed that the affidavit was to a large degree incompetent and insufficient. Judge Pryor overruled the objections and the Commonwealth admitted the affidavit to be read at the trial as a deposition and subject to controversion.

After a brief consultation with counsel for the defense Judge Pryor announced that he would continue the case.

SATCHEL

Belonging To Mrs. Chadwick Is Missing.

SAID TO CONTAIN VALUABLES.

MAY BE IN POSSESSION OF MRS. CHADWICK'S ATTORNEY.

HEARING CONTINUED AGAIN.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 21.—Still another satchel, one thought by Receiver Nathan Loeser to contain valuables belonging to Mrs. Chadwick, was to-day found to be missing.

This developed in a short examination of Mrs. Mary Loniraville, Mrs. Chadwick's former housekeeper, held before Referee in Bankruptcy Remington. This examination was merely a continuance of the hearings the receiver is conducting to locate missing Chadwick property. Other witnesses will have to be examined before the receiver will be able to put his fingers upon the supposed valuables, if it all. The discovery is in addition to the missing trunk and grip that disappeared from the Holland House, in New York, the day before Mrs. Chadwick was arrested.

Mrs. Loniraville was the only witness examined to-day. She told of accompanying Mrs. Chadwick to the Hollenden Hotel here at the latter's request and of taking two satchels into a room.

* * *

Disposition of Satchel.

Judge Allbaugh, of Canton, and several men, the witness said, were present in an adjoining room. She heard no conversation. Asked as to what had become of the satchels the witness replied:

"I was instructed to give the large one to D. L. Pine, of this city. I called him up by telephone and told him about it and asked him to come for it. He arrived after Mrs. Chadwick had left for New York and I gave it to him." The satchel, she said, contained letters and papers. She did not know what had become of the other satchel.

When the hearing was resumed in the Bankruptcy Court in the afternoon Mr. Pine was present. He admitted that he had secured the satchel and kept it until Emil Hoover, Mrs. Chadwick's son, called for it last Sunday night. Emil told him that his mother's attorney, J. P. Dawley, wanted it. He said he thought there were papers in it. Receiver Loeser said he would ask the attorney to tell the contents of the satchel. The hearing was then continued until Friday morning.

Receiver Loeser said to-day it was not likely that Mrs. Chadwick would again be summoned before the Bankruptcy Court.

PASSENGER TRAIN IS DERAILED IN VIRGINIA.

One Person Is Killed and Six Others Are Slightly Injured At Somerset.

Charlottesville, Va., Dec. 21.—The northbound Washington and Chattanooga Limited train on the Virginia Midland division of the Southern railway was derailed at Somerset, Va., twenty-one miles north of here, at 7:40 o'clock this morning and one person was killed and six others slightly injured. The dead:

Three-year-old daughter of Mrs. McArthur, of Savannah, Ga.

Injured:

Frank Stuart, of Knoxville, Tenn.

Miss Susan E. Colgin, of East Radford, Va.

George K. McFarland of West Chester, Pa.

Mrs. A. G. Figgett, of Fincastle, Va.

C. E. Taylor, conductor.

Lucien H. Cocke, of Roanoke, Va.

All of the injured were taken on a special to Charlottesville, where physicians attended to their injuries, after which they left for Washington.

Death of a California Banker.

San Francisco, Dec. 21.—William Alvord, president of the Bank of California, one of the best-known citizens of California, died of a complication of diseases to-day at his home in this city.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended December 21 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
New York	30	.00	St. Louis	42	.00
Pittsburg	30	T	Cincinnati	34	.00
Washington	34	.00	Indianapolis	30	.00
Charlotte	54	.00	Chicago	28	.00
Atlanta	52	.00	Davenport	38	.00
Jacksonville	66	.00	Marquette	28	.00
Montgomery	60	.00	St. Paul	34	.00
New Orleans	68	.00	Bismarck	38	.00
Galveston	66	.00	North Platte	52	.00
Cor's Christi	72	.12	Omaha	46	.00
San Antonio	72	.00	Kansas City	50	.00
Shreveport	68	.00	Dodge City	62	.00
Palestine	68	.14	Oklahoma	64	.00
Vicksburg	66	.00	Amarillo	60	.00
Little Rock	56	.00	Abilene	64	.00
Fort Smith	56	.00	El Paso	62	.00
Memphis	52	.00	Modena	52	.00
Nashville	46	.00	Yello'ne Park	40	.00
Chattanooga	50	.00			

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, Dec. 21, 1904.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	30.41	30.47
Temperature	28	33
Dewpoint	20	23
Humidity	70	44
Wind direction	W	E
Wind velocity	4	5
Weather	Cloudy	Clear

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, Dec. 21, 1904.

Maximum temperature	36
Minimum temperature	26
Mean temperature	31
Normal temperature	39
Departure for day	—8
Departure for month	—135
Departure since March 1	—156
Prevailing winds	E-W
Mean barometer	30.44
Mean relative humidity	57
Character of day	Clear
Total precipitation	.00
Normal precipitation	.12
Departure for day	—.12
Departure for month	—1.39
Departure since March 1	—15.30

NO ARRIVALS OR DEPARTURES.

NO BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was on a stand last evening with 2 feet 9 inches in the canal, 7 inches on the falls and 3 feet 8 inches at the foot of the locks. No business. Weather clear and pleasant.

DRIFTWOOD.

More gorges forming in the Ohio above here....The Avalon is in a bad fix in the ice at the head of Vevay Island....The Lizzie Bay came near wearing her nose off getting to Cincinnati, but she got there....The harbor boats continue to fly around in the harbor....All the combine towboats are in fine condition for business and waiting for a rise and work to do.....No ice in the harbor here—all stuck in gorges above here....If there was plenty of water in the river the ice would not seriously interfere with navigation. A rise would soon carry off what ice there is in the Ohio....Capt. Marion Ryan, of the J. W. Thomas, has arrived from Green river, where his boat is taking a rest....Congressman James A. Hemenway has secured an audience before the Rivers and Harbors Committee for a delegation of Evansville men who will present case of the Henderson dam and lower Ohio river improvement, says the Evansville Journal-News. The purpose of the audience is to show the necessity for the construction of the Henderson dam as soon as possible, and also for a thorough survey of the Ohio below the Miami river. It is expected that appropriations for both objects will be obtained from the present Congress. The date for the audience has not yet been named.....No trouble is anticipated when the ice breaks up and moves.... There are in the Pittsburg district fully 2,500 men out of employment owing to the close of the river by ice. An employment bureau has been established for their benefit....The Peerless stuck on the bar at Evansville a few days ago....The St. Louis Globe-Democrat of Saturday says: "Abe Rhue, a retired steamboat engineer, yesterday presented George Derrickson with a folding checker board which was on the old steamer Eclipse at the time she ran her famous race in 1857. It was the property of Lan Smith, an engineer of the boat, who was a great checker player."....The Wabash river is on a stand....Several boats have gone into winter quarters at Duck's Nest, Paducah. ....The ice is too rotten to do any serious damage....People are crossing the river at Stringtown on the ice....The Lizzie Bay goes on the Queen City marine docks at Cincinnati....The river is free of ice from the mouth of the Miami to Cullum's Ripple....Capt. Gus De Souchet died of heart failure in Indianapolis Tuesday. He was born at Mt. Vernon, Ind., and for many years before going to Indianapolis was engaged in steamboating on the Ohio. He was formerly superintendent of the mail packet line between Evansville, Paducah and Cairo, and was a well-known figure among the old-time rivermen....Modoc passed Memphis Tuesday going down with a tow....Petersburg, Ky., receives its mail from Lawrenceburg, Ind., by a ferryboat, and, as there is too much ice for the ferryboat, the mail is taken over the river in a skiff. The trips are very dangerous. It takes a fearless man to make these trips, but Petersburg receives her mail regularly....Capt. Arthur Lyon, the well-known towboat pilot, has returned from a trip to California. He returns to the river when navigation is resumed.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Pa., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The long-continued suspension of navigation along the rivers is resulting in many persons who have followed the river for years seeking other positions. There will be little holiday cheer for the rivermen, as their long idleness has placed many of them in a very low condition financially. There is no sign of improvement. Instead the ice in the pools is becoming thicker and all hope of a sudden thaw with its resultant rise is passing. The gauges to-night are as follows: Monongahela wharf, 4.8 feet; Davis Island dam, 1.6 feet; Herr's Island dam, 5 feet.

Wheeling, Dec. 21.—River 18 inches and rising. Weather cloudy and cool.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—At 6 p. m. to-day the Ohio river at Cincinnati was 3.9 feet and falling. There was a sudden fall of the Ohio river over Tuesday night. This fall is accounted for by the breaking of one of the gorges below the city which allowed the water to run out. The gorge above the city is still holding and confining all of the ice, and the harbor in front of the city is clear of floating ice. The packet Lizzie Bay has been taken to the Queen City marine ways for repairs due to the fight with the ice in coming from Louisville on her last trip. Weather clear and warmer.

Madison, Ind., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—The ice let loose this evening, navigation opening here and above the city, probably to Vevay. The ferry steamer Trimble, which was harbored in Kentucky river, came down to-night to resume her trips tomorrow between Madison and Milton. A gorge at the lower part of the city caused the river to rise several inches. Weather clear and cool.

Paducah, Ky., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—River 1.8 feet on the gauge and falling. Weather clear and cool. The Clyde left for the Tennessee river.

Cairo, Dec. 21.—River 3.6 feet, a fall of .4 foot. Weather partly cloudy and cold. Arrivals: Wash Honshell, lower Mississippi, 1 p. m.; City of Peoria, Caruthersville, 5 p. m. Departed: Beaver, lower Mississippi, 2 p. m.

St. Louis, Dec. 21.—River stationary at .4 of a foot. Weather fair and cold.

Memphis, Tenn., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—River 1.6 feet, a fall of three-tenths in twenty-four hours. Delta departed for Vicksburg.

THE

BEST CHRISTMAS GIFT

For Wife, Mother, Daughter Sister or Sweetheart

By this Sign you may know and will find Singer Stores Everywhere

SINGER SEWING MACHINES

These Machines are never sold to dealers. Only from Maker to User

A small payment down, the rest at convenient intervals. Four different kinds and a wide range of prices to suit.

Select Now-Delivery when wanted

Get the Best and you get the Singer

422 East Market Street.
578 Fourth Avenue.
930 West Market Street,
Louisville, Ky.

AUCTION SALES.

Furniture, Bric-a-Brac and Other Articles at Auction, Thursday, Dec. 22, 1904.

At 10 o'clock a. m., upon the premises, 1707 Brook st., near St. Catherine, the Fidelity Trust Co., executor of will of Miss Valeria E. Hanna, will sell the furniture of the house, consisting in part of walnut bedroom sets, washstand sets, mahogany settees, mahogany bedroom set, four pieces, nice and odd and worthy of your attention. Pictures in various selections.

Bric-a-brac of all kinds, handsome china pieces, lace curtains, old style pewter set, four pieces, odd and attractive, decidedly antique; buffet, china cabinet, dining-room table, table cloths, napkins; a large assortment of doilies, very handsome and odd; beautiful deer head, cut glass bowls, cordial case with glasses, six mahogany chairs, revolving bookcase, curio cabinet and contents, three silk portieres, very unique; walnut plush seat chairs, corner cabinet or bookcase, two lampstands, etc., etc.

Books: About 300 volumes of well-selected books, including Encyclopedia Britannica, histories, novels, etc., etc. Many articles are not enumerated. Come and buy what appeals to your taste. Remember date, time and place. Terms cash.

FIDELITY TRUST CO., Executor of Miss Valeria E. Hanna, deceased.
HARDY BURTON & CO., Auctioneers.

AMUSEMENTS.

MACAULEY'S—Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Nights. Monday (Xmas) and Wednesday Matinees.

Lawrance D'Orsay in The Earl of Pawtucket

SEATS ON SALE TO-DAY.

Prices—Night, 25c to $1.50; Mats., 25c to $1.00

Next—Ezra Kendall in Weatherbeaten Benson

HOPKINS Market near 2d | **VAUDEVILLE** Night and Bargain Mat

CLAYTON WHITE AND MARIE STUART.

7—OTHER BIG ACTS—7

THE NEW MASONIC To-night, all week, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c. Matinees WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, SATURDAY. Best Seats 25c. The Great World's Fair Success **LOUISIANA** FIRST TIME HERE OF THE FAMOUS RADIUM DANCE. Next, Xmas Week—Under Southern Skies

MATINEE TO-DAY. **THE NEW AVENUE** Every day 15c and 25c. Nights 15c, 25c and 50c. **HER FIRST FALSE STEP** See the Thrilling Rescue From the Lion's Cage. Clever Specialties. Big Cast. Next (Xmas) Week—Hearts Adrift

COAL!

St. Bernard Lump, per load $3.00

New Diamond Lump, per load $3.25

ST. BERNARD MINING CO, INC.

Main Office 312 W. Main. Phones 932.

Branch Offices.

Classified advertisements, such as Wants, Rents, Sales, Lost, etc., or subscriptions for the COURIER-JOURNAL and TIMES, may be left at any of the Branch Agencies named below. Rates same as at main office.

NO. 1—F. V. SIMMS, 649 Preston.
NO. 2—THEO. RECTANUS, S. E. cor. Market and Preston.
NO. 3—VOELCKER & CO., Clay and Market.
NO. 4—F. W. HOFMANN, N. W. cor. Shelby and Washington.
NO. 5—JOHN J. SEIBERZ, Story and Webster.
NO. 6—H. G. YOUNG, 1102 Frankfort.
NO. 7—CRESCENT DRUG CO., 2500 Frankfort.
NO. 8—W. B. YOUNG, Broadway and Baxter.
NO. 9—RILEY'S NEWS DEPOT, 1903 Baxter.
NO. 10—JOHN C. WEINEDEL, Baxter and Finzer.
NO. 11—J. D. JANSING, Breckinridge and Barret.
NO. 12—JULIUS H. SPELGER, Walnut and Campbell.
NO. 13—H. G. SAAM, Shelby and Broadway.
NO. 14—F. SCHNEIDER, S. W. cor. Broadway and Preston.
NO. 15—C. L. WOODBURY, Cor. First and Breckinridge.
NO. 16—H. MOORMAN, Book Store, Preston and Caldwell.
NO. 17—HENRY A. BENDER, N. E. cor. St. Catherine and Logan.
NO. 18—GOSS-AVENUE PHARMACY, Cor. Goss and Texas.
NO. 19—RADEMAKER'S PHARMACY, 2000 Shelby.
NO. 20—J. A. SNYDER, Brook and Ormsby.
NO. 21—J. E. KILGUS, Third and Ormsby.
NO. 22—LESLIE P. BAKER & CO., Cor. Third and L.
NO. 23—ROBERT D. PEYTON, Fourth and Hill.
NO. 24—BLACK'S STAR DRUG STORE, Seventh and St. Catherine.
NO. 25—NUCKOLS BROS., Fifth and York.
NO. 26—W. B. HOPKINS, Thirteenth and Chestnut.
NO. 27—SHAFER'S PHARMACY, Twelfth and Broadway.
NO. 28—E. N. MENAR, Twelfth and Zane.
NO. 29—W. P. OVERSTREET, Cor. Fifteenth and Prentice.
NO. 30—C. F. MELTON, Eighteenth and Harney.
NO. 31—HENRY F. COHN, Eighteenth and Chestnut.
NO. 32—CHAS. H. BODE, Cor. Magazine and Twenty-second.
NO. 33—PARKLAND PHARMACY, Dixon Hall, 28th and Dumesnil.
NO. 34—W. D. MORRIS, Chestnut and Twenty-eighth.
NO. 35—H. ELLMER, Grocer, 2600 W. Market.
NO. 36—L. BIEHL, Grocer, 3300 High.
NO. 37—ALBERT STRUBY, Cor. Portland and Twenty-sixth.
NO. 38—PFEIFFER DRUG CO., Cor. Twenty-second and Griffiths.
NO. 39—J. M. COLL, Seventeenth and Bank.
NO. 40—C. A. DRALLE, Twentieth and Market.
NO. 41—KRIEGER BROS., Eleventh and Market.
NO. 42—EVANS DRUG CO., Tenth and Jefferson.

NEW ALBANY, IND.

NO. 43—FRANK E. MILLER, 602 Vincennes, cor. Oak.
NO. 44—CRECELIUS' ANTI-TRUST CUT-RATE DRUG & PAINT STORES, 131-133 E. Main, near Pearl.
NO. 45—CALLAHAN'S DRUG STORE, E. Eighth and Oak.
NO. 47—A. K. HOOVER, 512 W. Main st.

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND.

NO. 46—C. A. SCHIMPFF & SON, Stationery, 435 Spring.

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—Large brown pointer dog. Return to A. M. SNYDER, 221 E. Oak st., and receive reward. •

LOST—Pocketbook; keep money and return papers. Return to Q 187, this office.•

LOST—Green enamel watch with pin. Reward if returned to 2503 Montgomery.•

LOST—Paradise aigrette. Return to 770 Fifth and receive reward. •

STRAYED.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

STRAYED—Bay mule; any one knowing of its whereabouts tel. 4217 Home 'phone or address 1204 Highland ave. ••

FOUND.

FOUND — Ice creepers for horses, $3.00; foot-warmers, $2.50. JOHN BEHA, 108 W. Market st. •

BOARDING.

BOARDING—$2 WEEK'S BOARD. National Restaurant, 336 W. Jefferson. Oysters: Raw, bowl, 10c; fried or stewed, dozen, coffee, 15c. Regular meals 10c. Lady shoppers invited. Special rates to students. MRS. O. MOBLEY.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—To buy old feathers, furniture and carpets. E. HYMAN, 137 E. Market st. Home 'phone 727. Cumb. 3181—Z. •

WANTED—HAS it ever OCCURRED to YOU that if you DRINK pure, sparkling ROYAL MAGNESIAN SPRING WATER regular every day it would help your KIDNEYS, cure STOMACH troubles and assist in driving out the pains of RHEUMATISM? Delivered FRESH every day. Office 353 W. Main. Cumb. 'phone M 3321—Y; Home 1489.

WANTED—Contracting carpentering, jobbing and repairing all kinds of counters and store fixtures, cabinet work, painting, varnishing and finishing; millwright work our specialty. Prompt attention on short notice. ROBT. HALL, 536 Third st. •

WANTED—Your suit to sponge and press for 50c, or pants for 15c; tailoring, cleaning and repair work at most reasonable prices; all work strictly first class. NATH. H. JACOBSTEIN, Tailor, 242 3d.•

WANTED—It's to the interest of all purchasers of holiday toys, musical instruments and novelties of all kinds to come and see J. A. STITZEL for most reasonable prices. Don't forget the place. 1028 W. Market. •

WANTED—In buying your Xmas sweets don't fail to see my fine line of assorted taffys and candies of all kinds. As GOOD as the BEST. SCHNUR'S, 218 E. Market. Home 'phone 4704. •

WANTED—If you need a carriage for theaters, wedding parties, receptions, funerals, etc., call up 4510, Home 'phone, HERMAN KREINBRINK, 613 E. Chestnut. •

WANTED — There's nothing better than HENRY C. LAUER'S choice line imported and domestic wines and liquors for good Xmas presents. Come and try them. 407 E. Jefferson.•

WANTED—To press your clothes; pants, 10c; suits, 40c; called for and delivered. FRANKENSTEIN, Masonic bldg. Both 'phones. Fourth and Chestnut.

WANTED—Silvering, beveling and clipping of glass; old mirrors made new. FALLS CITY MIRROR WORKS, 402-408 Water st. Home 'phone 1829. •

WANTED—You to come see my fine line of holiday jewelry now on display. Call and be convinced of our reasonable prices. WM. J. MARTIN, 257 W. Jefferson. •

WANTED — SPECIALS—EDW. KREKEL, Jeweler. Solid gold signet rings, $2; diamond rings, $3.50; solid silver toilet sets, $8 to $20. 643 W. Jefferson. •

WANTED—Get carriages and coupes from LOUISVILLE COUPE AND LIVERY CO., 215 W. Green. Both phones 1518•

WANTED—Make yourself an Xmas gift by having your hats and feathers cleaned at lowest prices. Mrs. Bannister, 713 W. Jeff.•

WANTED—CHARLES ROMPEL, Jeweler, 419 E. Market st., formerly with Rich G. Tafel. New stock, low prices; watch repairing. •

WANTED—SCHOENE, the Furrier; all kinds fur garments remodeled, redyed at reasonable prices; work unexcelled; 324 Brook st. •

WANTED—What is Xmas without some of Brown's famous assorted candies? See candy puller in window. 218 W. Market. •

WANTED — One of the Courier-Journal and Times Rag Dolls. ROBT. CONNELL, Allensville, Ky. •

WANTED—Furnished room for man and wife; light housekeeping. Address K 127, this office. •

WANTED—You, before buying, to see our new line of Heating Stoves. W. H. HILL, 134 W. Market. •

WANTED—Small office room; central; rent moderate. Address T 90, this office. •

WANTED—Iroquois Laundry, high-grade domestic finish; work guaranteed. 350 3d•

WANTED—Nothing but one of the rag dolls. So I paid 25c for this ad. •

WANTED—Cel-Pep-Ko solicitors. 1308 W. Main st. •

WANTED—Join the Sailors. •

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED — A first-class salesman, who has thorough knowledge of the trade in spirits and all grades blended whiskies; territory Middle West and Northwest, also Southwest; prefer one with good acquaintance and some established trade. Address, giving age, experience in the trade and references, SALESMAN, Room 87 Cotton Exchange, New York. •

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Foundry foreman; must be honest and sober, with ability to handle men, mix iron and experienced in running foundry; a good place for the right man. Call or address KENTUCKY DRILL CO., Eighth and Green sts., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; shortest and most thorough method; practical experience, careful instruction, little expense; come now and complete during busy season; write nearest branch, MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, St. Louis, Mo., or Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—Reliable person each locality for business position; salary $20 weekly and expenses; expense money advanced; position permanent; previous experience unnecessary; business established. Address MR. COOPER, Como block, Chicago.

WANTED—Molders; nonunion molders on machinery and general jobbing work. Good pay, steady work guaranteed. Apply, giving full particulars of former employment. Lock box 235, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—A competent carpet man to take charge of carpet dept. in an inland town of 15,000 inhabitants in Northeast Alabama. State references and salary expected. Address Z 190, this office. •

WANTED—Men and boys to learn plumbing trade. COYNE BROS. CO. School of Practical Plumbing. Send for catalogue. Address 4973 and 4975 Easton ave., St. Louis, Mo. •

WANTED—Watchman, collector, timekeeper, bartender, clerk, drivers, packers, farmhands, porters. Apply 305 W. Market. MOBLEY EMPLOYMENT CO.•

WANTED—Manager with $5,000 to invest in manufacturing business in your own vicinity. Address Box 1660, Pittsburg, Pa•

WANTED—Boy, 16 years old, to work around store. Call between 9 and 12 o'clock. 125 Third st. •

WANTED — Men to solicit from wagon; steady work, good pay. 707 W. Jeff. •

WANTED—Several bright schoolboys during holidays. 411 W. Chestnut. •

WANTED—First-class grocery clerk and solicitor at once. 1441 Seventh st. ••

WANTED—Several young men for delivery work. 411 W. Chestnut. •

WANTED—Strong boy who can drive. 411 W. Chestnut. •

WANTED—Bright boy to go on wagon. 411 W. Chestnut. •

WANTED—Colored man with wheel. 411 W. Chestnut. •

WANTED—For a good drink stop at 1302 W. Market. •

WANTED — Bartenders to push Cel-Pep-Ko. •

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—1,000 NICE GIRLS — Citizens invited to get fine cooks, nurses, maids, housekeepers, etc. Leave order at LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 226 Third st., ground floor; no stairs to climb. Girls come ready to go right to work. •

WANTED—Ladies and girls, steady home work, quick, fascinating; tools free; $1.50 to $3 daily; long established firm. Room 43 Courier-Journal Office building.

WANTED — Experienced colored woman to do washing for family; good pay. 633 Fifth.

WANTED—Girl to help with dining-room and kitchen work. 1441 Seventh st. ••

WANTED—Cel-Pep-Ko wants a partner.•

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WHAT IS CHRISTMAS without dainties and sweetmeats of all kinds? It is to the interest of all PURCHASERS of Xmas sweets to come and see my FINE line of BAKINGS (fresh every day), CONFECTIONS and delicacies of ALL kinds. Don't forget the PLACE. THEO. WOLF, Eighteenth and Chestnut. •

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN PIANOS—Great reductions in our exchange department. During the week we have taken in trade a great many very good pianos, both in uprights and squares. These we offer at tremendous reductions. In fact, we have taken these in such a way that our prices are the lowest ever made—Steinway, Kurtzmann, Chickering, Wheelock and others. This is a rare chance to secure a fine piano for a very little money. Squares go for almost nothing; $10 to $75, $5 cash and $4 per month. Call at once. SMITH & NIXON CO., Fourth ave., bet. Walnut and Chestnut sts. •

FOR SALE—About 1,000 feet ¾ elevator cable, in 6 pieces of 95 to 118 feet in length; good 160 feet ¾ elevator operating cable, 80-foot lengths. Apply Courier-Journal Counting Room.

FOR SALE—The timber on 1,000 acres of land for $13,000. We mean business. It is situated on a railroad. If you mean business call or write H. L. TAULBEE, Lee City, Ky.

FOR SALE—Suits to order $15; misfit clothing for sale, lowest prices. I pay cash for old clothes and house furnishings. W. COHN, 367 E. Market. ••

FOR SALE—Coal Reduced—Best screened nut $2.25 25 bushels; best Kentucky lump 25 bushels $2.50 c. o. d. W. H. SLAUGHTER, JR., any old 'phone. •

FOR SALE—Gold fish for Xmas. SEIBERZ, Story ave. and Webster, has a nice line; also fancy globes; delivered free in city. Both 'phones. •

FOR SALE—Toy trunks; our own make; strongest and most useful toy made. P. J. BOTTO & CO., 328 W. Market st., bet. Third and Fourth.

FOR SALE—For the most reasonable prices in new and second-hand machinery it will be to your interest to call on HERMAN JOSEPH, 316 E. Main st.

FOR SALE—Heirloom; magnificent emerald and diamond ring left on sale. Call and see it. R. BAUDE, 306 W. Market st.

FOR SALE—The largest line of fitted suit cases and traveling bags in the city at Botto's Trunk Store, 328 W. Market st.

FOR SALE—All the latest novelties in leather goods for holiday gifts at P. J. BOTTO & CO., 328 W. Market st.

FOR SALE—50 Christmas bicycles; big inducements. SMITH BICYCLE CO., 513 Third st. Telephone 5614. •

FOR SALE—Ponies. Give the boy a Shetland. Apply 705 W. Main st., or Sunnycroft Farm, Anchorage, Ky. •

FOR SALE—An old-fashioned bookcase, about 75 or 80 years old. Apply at 116 Twenty-fourth st., city. •

FOR SALE — Horses; also to hire, and first-class livery. JOS. STAEBLER, 123-125 E. Market st. •

FOR SALE—50 ladies' hats, trimmed, $1 and upward. MOORE SISTERS, Millinery, 713 Fifth ave. •

FOR SALE — Large fine milch cow and young calf. Address J. H. WATKINS, Allensville, Ky. •

FOR SALE — Canary birds; fine singers. 633 Sixth st., bet. Walnut and Chestnut.•

FOR SALE—Pure slop, 5c per barrel. R. E. WATHEN & CO. DISTILLERY. •

FOR SALE—A1 wines and liquors. AUGUST HOLLENBACH, 248 Third. •

FOR SALE — Immediately, household goods. 1000 First st. •

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—By reason of ill health I will offer my hotel and premises for sale to the right man. The property is in first-class condition for the accommodation of the traveling public. The hotel is 3 stories, with 30 well-equipped rooms. Ample outbuildings for all purposes; good cellar and cistern. Waterworks in course of construction in hotel. Located on corner of Washington and R. R. streets, one block from depot. Investigation solicited. Call on or address U. P. MURPHY, Marengo, Ind.

FOR SALE—Either for a home or a first-class, safe investment, let us show you that 2-story 8-room brick with cottage in the rear at 914 E. Walnut. This is second to none in the East End and can be bought cheap. ARTHUR KAYE, 445 W. Jefferson. •

FOR SALE—2131 High ave., new 4-room frame, cabinet mantels, large closets, sink in kitchen; keys next door; terms easy. ROWAN BUCHANAN, owner, 518 W. Jefferson st., second floor. •

FOR SALE — 95-acre bluegrass farm, 6 miles from city, on Shelbyville pike; 1 mile from electric line; all new improvements; never-failing water. S. KAELEIN, R. F. D. No. 18, Anchorage, Ky. •

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS.

WHY PAY $100 for a typewriter when you can buy our latest improved visible writer for $50; 2 styles of type; fully guaranteed. Other machines for sale or rent. BLICKENSDERFER TYPEWRITER CO., 343 Fifth st. •

FOR SALE—Latest model visible writing and tabulating Underwood typewriter; ten days' trial free of charge. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main.

FOR SALE—Do you want to get high-grade typewriter cheap? If so, join club—get your name in early. Address M., Post-office Box 362.

FOR SALE—First-class second-hand typewriters of all makes for sale at the lowest prices. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main sts. •

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—Cozy house of 6 rooms, bath, gas, etc. 1910 Fourth st., near Lee, $20.•

FOR RENT—ROOMS AND FLATS.

FOR RENT—The three large well-lighted floors now occupied by Mayer Engraving Co., n. e. cor. Third and Main. Apply at building or T. L. JEFFERSON, Western National Bank. •

FOR RENT—Elegant apartments; two new apartments on Cherokee Drive, having reception hall, parlor den, 4 rooms; both complete, heat, stationary gas range, laundry, water and janitor's service; rent reasonable. HARDY BURTON & CO., Agents, 215 Fifth st. Tel. 1010.

FOR RENT—BELVOIR APARTMENTS; entrance to Cherokee Park, 18 minutes from Fourth and Walnut; $60 and $65; steam-heated rooms; not surpassed in Louisville in up-to-date and artistic appointments. Tel. 2287 or Belvoir. ••

FOR RENT — Unfurnished room, large, bay windows, natural gas, first floor; also hall room, furnished, front window; reference required. 848 Sixth st. •

FOR RENT—Rooms 23, 46 and 47 in the Courier-Journal Office Building. Apply at counting room of the Courier-Journal. •

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, centrally located; terms reasonable. 713 W. Jeff.•

FOR RENT—Immediately, flat, furnished or unfurnished. 1000 First st. •

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—Good farm of 125 acres, 1½ miles from Jeffersontown. Fruit, grass, etc. Apply 725 E. Gray st. •

FOR RENT—½ part store; good business locality; terms reasonable. 111 W. Jeff'n.•

FOR RENT—Santa Claus costumes at 510 Fifth.

FOR RENT—Large stable. 1505 Hull st. •

FOR LEASE.

FOR LEASE — Large 2-story warehouse on I. C. railway track, corner of Main and Fourteenth sts., suitable for storage or manufacturing purposes. Inquire 1115 W. Main st. SEMONIN & GILBERT. •

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SHIPPERS to ship their butter, eggs, poultry, game and fruits to PETER ELLWANGER, 362 E. Jefferson st., Louisville. Prompt returns. •

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

$$$ Loan $$$ Headquarters. FALLS CITY LOAN CO. 407 4th.

We are open every night until 9 o'clock. WE LOAN YOU MONEY ON YOUR PLAIN NOTE AND ADVANCE IT ON A MINUTE'S NOTICE, and will give new customers a special rate on Christmas money this week, the same as we do our regular customers.

If you could do better elsewhere in borrowing we could not ask you to deal here, but go where you will, you will still find us LEADERS IN OUR LINE. No matter what others advertise, what others charge, what they say or do, we will guarantee you the lowest rate and easiest terms, the greatest amount and longest time for payments, and will guarantee to do anything for you that ANY other company can or will do, and "OUR GUARANTEE IS GOOD."

Our constant aim will always be to satisfy and make you a permanent customer.

FALLS CITY LOAN CO.,
407 Fourth st.,
S. e. cor. Jefferson.

We can say that the FALLS CITY can be depended upon to give as low rates as any, and they are universally known to be the most reliable in the city, therefore you will always feel safe when borrowing from them. As you will notice above they are giving new customers the benefit of their Christmas cut rate, the same as they are their regular customers.

LOANS! LOANS! LOANS!

MONEY ON FURNITURE,
MONEY ON SALARY,
MONEY ON PLAIN NOTE,
MONEY ON
ANY COLLATERAL.

CALL ON THE GLOBE

WHEN IN NEED OF ANY AMOUNT FROM $10 UP ON ANY FORM OF SECURITY.

TIME AND PAYMENTS CAN BE MADE TO SUIT YOUR CONVENIENCE.

GLOBE SECURITY AND TRUST CO.,
ROOMS 215 AND 216
LOU. TRUST CO. BUILDING,
S. W. COR. 5TH AND MARKET.
SECOND FLOOR.
ENTRANCE ON FIFTH ST.
HOME PHONE 2967.

XMAS MONEY FOR ALL.

YOU WISH TO BUY PRESENTS FOR YOUR FAMILY AND FRIENDS.

DO YOU HAVE THE NECESSARY MONEY?

WE HAVE, AND YOU CAN GET IT IN TWO HOURS AFTER YOU ASK FOR IT, AT THE LOWEST RATES EVER OFFERED IN LOUISVILLE, ON YOUR FURNITURE, PIANO, HORSE AND WAGON OR ON YOUR SALARY, OF THE

OLD RELIABLE

KY. LOAN AND BROKERAGE COMPANY.

423 FOURTH ST., ROOM 1.
BOTH PHONES 2495.
OPEN EVENINGS—9 P. M.
UNTIL XMAS.

MONEY TO LOAN.
WE LOAN ON
FURNITURE,
PIANOS,
HORSES,
WAGONS, ETC.;
ALSO SALARIES ON PLAIN NOTE.
WE OFFER LONGEST TIME,
LOWEST RATES,
EASIEST PAYMENTS.
AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
421 W. JEFFERSON ST.,
HOME PHONE 5249.

NATIONAL LOAN AND TRUST CO. The ONLY company in Louisville loaning EXCLUSIVELY TO WHITE PEOPLE on FURNITURE or ANY SECURITY. We will pay any debt you owe a loan company and advance you more money. BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. SEPARATE and PRIVATE OFFICES. NATIONAL LOAN AND TRUST CO., 327 W. Market st., bet. Third and Fourth, Second floor, oppo. Bacon's. Home 1155.

CHRISTMAS MONEY
ON ANY GOOD COLLATERAL.
LOWEST RATES, EASIEST TERMS.
MUTUAL BANKING CO.,
W. S. WESSLING, Mgr.
Room 404-406 Equitable Bldg.
Both phones 1946.

FIDELITY LOAN CO.
LOANS ON FURNITURE,
PIANOS, HORSES AND WAGONS, ETC.
ALSO ON PLAIN NOTE
On SALARY, PAYMENTS
TO SUIT INCOME.
FIDELITY LOAN CO.,
502 FOURTH ST., 2D FLOOR.

HEADQUARTERS
FOR PRIVATE LOANS
On Furniture, Pianos,
Live Stock, Salary, etc.
HALF RATES.
Business Strictly Confidential.
UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO.,
Room 216 Columbia bldg., Fourth and Main sts. Home 'phone 1516.

PATRONIZE HOME CAPITAL.
We do all that others CLAIM to do.
LOUISVILLE LOAN CO.,
Room 1 Courier-Journal bldg., 516 Fourth.

JEWELERS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BEFORE buying your holiday presents it's to your own interest to see my fine line of jewelry and novelties on display. W. F. BRANDENBURG, 636 W. Market st. •

IN BUYING your Xmas presents don't fail to see AARON MYERS' entirely new stock of Fine Jewelry and Novelties; best quality for lowest prices. 141 W. Market. •

C. M. WISEMAN, excellent line of Xmas Novelties now on exhibition. Come and see us. Send for our catalogue. Gold and diamonds bought. 132 W. Market. •

FOR excellent prices on your holiday jewelry come and be convinced for yourself and see my fine display. CHAS. E. SENG, 306 E. Market st.

Special bargains in fine diamonds and silverware. A visit will pay you. No more reliable place in the city. R. BAUDE, 306 W. Market.

It's to the interest of our purchasers of Xmas Jewelry of all kinds to see my fine line now on display. GEO. W. PLINKE, 206 W. Market.

SOME J. W. IRION'S reasonable prices in Xmas jewelry; diamond rings $6; solid gold watches $8.50. Don't forget place, 534 E. Mkt.•

WINTER RESORTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING — Oaklone Cottage, Pass Christian, Miss.; private boarding; modern improvements; constant view of the gulf; sailing, fishing and hunting. Opens January 1. Address MRS. L. C. FERRELL, Pass Christian, Miss.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

A nice Christmas present. A steel range or fine heater. See L. H. HARPING, 1940 Shelby. Both Phones. •

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.—Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets.

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday. s Sunday only. a Stops at Fourth street to let off passengers from or take on passengers for Cincinnati.

From Tenth and Broadway Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	* 3:15am	a* 2:30am
Cincinnati and East	a* 8:30am	a* 9:20pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 1:00pm	a* 2:45pm
Cincinnati and East	a* 4:20pm	a*11:40am
New Orleans and Memphis	* 9:30pm	* 8:20am
Atlanta, New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:45am	* 2:10am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 3:00pm	*12:50pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:00am	* 7:00pm
Bowling Green Accom.	† 5:05pm	†10:20am
Middlesboro Mail	* 8:15am	* 5:05pm
Knoxville Express	* 8:30pm	* 7:15am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:10pm	† 7:55am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 7:30am	† 5:45pm
Bardstown and Springfield	s 6:00pm	s 9:35am
Lebanon and Greensburg	s 6:30pm	s10:20am
Lebanon and Greensburg	* 8:15am	* 5:05pm
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 5:05pm	†10:20am

From First and Water-street Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	† 7:20am	† 7:35pm
Frankfort and Lexington	† 7:20am	†12:05pm
Frankfort and Lexington	† 2:00pm	† 5:25pm
Frankfort and Lexington	s 5:10pm	s10:00am
Frankfort Accom.	† 4:00pm	† 8:00am
Bloomfield Accom.	* 5:00pm	† 8:20am
Bloomfield Accom.	s 5:00pm	s 9:00am
Bloomfield Accom.	† 7:30am	† 6:00pm
Lagrange Accom.	† 5:40pm	† 7:35pm

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 1:05 p. m. train to New York and on the 9:30 p. m. and 2:45 a. m. trains to Memphis and New Orleans.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY — Union Depot, Seventh and river:

WEST AND SOUTHWEST.

"Southern's St. Louis special," 9 a. m., daily, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis. Returning arrives 7:15 p. m.

St. Louis Express, 7:43 a. m., daily, Evansville, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia, St. Louis, Rockport and Cannelton. Returning ar. 5:45 p. m.

"St. Louis Flyer," 10:15 p. m., daily, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis. Solid train to St. Louis. Returning ar. 7:10 a. m.

Evansville Express, 5:47 p. m., daily, Huntingburg, Rockport, Troy, Tell City, Cannelton, Evansville. Returning ar. 12:20 p. m.

SOUTH AND SOUTHEAST.

Florida Limited, 7:40 a. m., daily, Lexington, Knoxville, Asheville, Charleston, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Florida. Returning ar. 8:10 p. m.

Florida Special, 7:25 p. m., daily, Lexington, Knoxville, Asheville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Birmingham. Returning ar. 3:50 a. m.

Accommodation, 3:50 p. m., daily, Shelbyville, Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg, Burgin, Lexington, Versailles and Georgetown. Returning ar. 6:15 p. m.

Courier-Journal "Owl" train (No. 5), leave Louisville (Fourth st.) 3:30 a. m., daily; ar. Jeffersontown *3:49 a. m.; ar. Fisherville *4:00 a. m.; ar. Shelbyville 4:25 a. m.; ar. Lawrenceburg 5:05 a. m.; ar. Tyrone *5:09 a. m.; ar. Versailles 5:22 a. m.; ar. Lexington 5:45 a. m.

*Stops on flag signal.

Lexington, Georgetown and Burgin Express, daily, arrives 10:40 a. m.

B. AND O. S. W.—Union Depot, Seventh and river. Cincinnati and the East, St. Louis and the West. Effective May 15:

TO ST. LOUIS, SPRINGFIELD AND WEST.

St. Louis Express, No. 16, 8:10 a. m., daily, Seymour, Mitchell, Washington, Vincennes, Springfield, St. Louis and West.

"The Night Flyer," No. 44, 9:15 p. m., daily, Seymour, Mitchell, Washington, Vincennes, Springfield, St. Louis and West.

"The Fast Mail," No. 14, 2:30 a. m., daily, Seymour, Mitchell, Washington, Vincennes, St. Louis and West.

TO CINCINNATI AND EAST.

No. 16, 8:10 a. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Detroit, Cleveland, Wheeling, Pittsburg, Buffalo, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

No. 18, 2:10 p. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Pittsburg, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

No. 20, 5:45 p. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo.

No. 14, 2:30 a. m., daily, Cincinnati, Columbus, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From East, 7:10 a. m., 11:50 a. m., 5:55 p. m., 9:30 p. m. From West, 7:10 a. m., 11:50 a. m., 5:55 p. m., 9:30 p. m.

City ticket office, s. e. cor. Fourth and Main.

BIG FOUR ROUTE (Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway)—Union Depot, Seventh and river:

FROM LOUISVILLE.

Daily, except Sunday, 8 a. m., for Indianapolis, Terre Haute, Mattoon, Chicago, Greensburg, Anderson, Alexandria, Wabash, Elkhart, Niles and Benton Harbor. Returning arrives at 6:30 p. m.

Daily, 8 p. m., for Greensburg, Indianapolis, Peoria, Lafayette and Chicago. Pullman drawing-room sleeper to Chicago. Returning ar. 7:20 a. m.

FROM CINCINNATI.

No. 46, daily, 8:30 a. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 26, "Twentieth Century Limited," daily, 2 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo and New York.

No. 18, daily, 6:30 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 28, daily, 9:40 p. m., for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

No. 6, daily, 8:30 a. m.; No. 10, daily, 1 p. m., and No. 2, daily, 9:30 p. m., for Dayton, Toledo and Detroit.

PENNSYLVANIA LINES — Station, Tenth and Broadway. Trains leave Fourteenth and Main streets 14 minutes later.

*Daily, except Sunday. All other trains daily. †Leave and arrive Fourteenth street only.

From Louisville to	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis, local	† 6:25am	*11:59am
Indianapolis and Chicago	8:20am	7:10pm
Indianapolis, local	* 1:45pm	†10:25pm
Indianapolis, Pittsburg, Michigan and East	8:30pm	10:05am
Indianapolis and Chicago	8:15pm	7:00am

EAST VIA L. & N. AND PENNSYLVANIA. (From Tenth and Broadway Station only.)

From Louisville to Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington	1:00pm	11:40am
Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Washington and New York	4:20pm	2:45pm
Philadelphia, Pittsburg, New York and Washington	8:30am	9:20pm
Pittsburg, Washington, Philadelphia and New York	8:15am	7:35pm

ILLINOIS CENTRAL — Union Depot, Seventh and river:

	Leave.	Arrive.
Memphis and New Orleans	9:40pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans	12:01pm	5:35pm
Paducah and Fulton	7:25am	4:55pm
Central City Accom.	4:40pm	9:45am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:25am	4:55pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	4:40pm	9:45am
Owensboro	12:01pm	4:55pm
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	5:35pm
California points, through car Tuesdays	9:40pm	5:35pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY Union Depot, Seventh and river. City Ticket Office, 257 Fourth ave.:

F. F. V. LIMITED, daily, 8:30 a. m., for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Richmond, Old Point Comfort and Norfolk. Returning ar. 8 p. m.

WASHINGTON EXPRESS, daily, 6 p. m., for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Richmond, Old Point Comfort and Norfolk. Returning ar. 11 a. m.

LEXINGTON SHORT LINE, trains daily, 8:30 a. m. and 6 p. m., for Lexington, Winchester, Mt. Sterling and Eastern Kentucky. Returning ar. 8 p. m. and 11 a. m.

HENDERSON ROUTE — Louisville, Henderson and St. Louis Railway—Union Depot, Seventh and river; city ticket office, 230 Fourth avenue. Effective Monday, November 28:

Daily mail, for St. Louis, Owensboro, Henderson and Evansville, leaves 8 a. m.; arrives 7:25 p. m.

Night Express, for St. Louis, Owensboro, Henderson and Evansville, leaves 9 p. m.; arrives 7:15 a. m.

Accommodation, for Evansville, Owensboro and Henderson, leaves 4:30 p. m.; arrives 12:35 p. m.

MONON ROUTE—Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Railway—Union Station, Tenth and Broadway:

No. 6, daily, 7:36 a. m., for Bloomington, Lafayette and Chicago. Parlor and dining cars. Returning ar. 7:09 p. m.

No. 6, daily, 7:36 a. m., for French Lick. Returning arrives 7:09 p. m.

No. 8, daily, except Sunday, 2:51 p. m., for French Lick and Bloomington. Returning ar. 10:27 a. m.

No. 4, daily, 8:21 p. m., for Bloomington, Lafayette and Chicago. Returning ar. 6:50 a. m.

BEARGRASS RAILWAY CO.—Cars every hour between Louisville and Jeffersontown, between 6 a. m. and 9 p. m. Leave Sixth and Jefferson streets, Louisville, for Jeffersontown on the hour; leave Jeffersontown for Louisville on the hour.

PERSONAL.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PERSONAL—FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. R. G. RAYMOND'S Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; relief in 3 to 5 days. We have never known of a single failure. Mail orders promptly filled. Price $2. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 30, 84 Adams st., Chicago.

PERSONAL—Palmist and life reader. Consult about love, business troubles. 550 Fifth.

MEDICAL.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BARTH'S Cough Syrup always cures. Large 25c bottles cut to 15c at CRECELIUS' DRUG STORE, 133 Main st., New Albany. •

CRECELIUS in New Albany sells Hot Water Bottles, 2-qt. ones, guaranteed, for 47c. •

CRECELIUS sells Peruna at 62c. Why pay more? 133 Main st., New Albany. •

TREATED

Him Cruelly and Called Him Vile Names.

PROF. SCOTT'S ALLEGATIONS

IN ASKING CLARK COURT FOR DIVORCE.

SAYS HE HAS ENDURED MUCH.

Suit for divorce was filed in the Clark Circuit Court at Jeffersonville last evening that will cause a sensation in Southern Indiana on account of the prominence of the couple, the plaintiff being especially well known. The title of the action is Samuel L. Scott against Nora G. Scott. Prof. Scott is County Superintendent of Clark county and as such has charge of the several township schools. He was the Democratic nominee for Superintendent of Public Instruction in 1902 and could have had the nomination, had he so desired, this year. He is also chairman of the Democratic Central Committee of Clark county, and a man of the highest morals. He is popular and well thought of.

To those on the inside it has been known for several days that the suit was to be filed, but, shirking the notoriety, Prof. Scott delayed making the formal application, which was done through Joseph A. McKee, his attorney. Prof. and Mrs. Scott separated on December 5, at which time he left his home in Jeffersonville and took up his residence on a farm he owns east of the city. Last evening he said the step was regretted more than anything else he had ever done in his life, and he had been fighting against it for ten years, but was finally forced into it, as there was no other recourse for him.

* * *

Many Times Assaulted.

The ground alleged is cruel treatment, and the complaint specifies a number of occasions when, it is asserted, the plaintiff was assaulted by the defendant and is in part as follows:

That three children have been born of said marriage, one of whom died an infant. The other two are a boy named Wendell L. Scott, who was nine years of age on May 6, 1904, and a girl named Eleanora N. Scott, who was four years of age March 24, 1904.

That the defendant has for the past ten years been guilty of cruel and inhuman treatment of plaintiff.

That she has repeatedly committed assault and battery on plaintiff; that among other times that such assault and battery was committed on plaintiff are the following:

That on the — day of April, 1903, defendant struck plaintiff with a poker.

That on the — day of August, 1903, defendant twice struck plaintiff with a monkey wrench.

That on the — day of February, 1904, defendant struck plaintiff with her fist.

That on the — day of March, 1904, defendant struck plaintiff with her fist.

* * *

Has Called Him Vile Names.

That defendant, in the presence and hearing of the children of plaintiff and defendant, has cursed and abused plaintiff; has called him vile names, and has attempted to poison the minds of said children against him.

That defendant has repeatedly locked plaintiff out of his residence, and has cursed, reviled and abused him and called him vile names.

Wherefore plaintiff prays judgment divorcing plaintiff and defendant and dissolving said marriage; that the plaintiff be granted the care, custody and control of said child, Wendell L. Scott, and for all other and proper relief.

The case will hardly come up for trial before the next term of court if Mrs. Scott makes a defense, although it could be called immediately after the holiday vacation. Mrs. Scott is a daughter of Alben Lutz, a prominent farmer of Jeffersonville township.

SUSPENDED FROM DUTY.

J. W. Timmonds Must Answer To Charges.

Under what is claimed to be for the good of the service and a further charge of incompetency, John W. Timmonds, chief engineer at the Government depot, in Jeffersonville, has been suspended from duty for three days, and in this time he will be expected to formulate a defense to be offered against the charges on which he was relieved from duty.

The cause of the trouble has not been fully explained from the Government depot, as, under the rules, nothing is given out for publication there, but it is said the specific charge is that Mr. Timmonds left a steam cock open in one of the rooms, allowing steam to escape and waste, when it was needed for heating purposes.

Mr. Timmonds is at his home in Jeffersonville, but, like all others connected with the depot, does not talk. Some go so far as to say he has been discharged, but this is not known positively.

Mr. Timmonds is an aged man, and has been employed by the Government in Jeffersonville since 1863, nearly forty-one years, his beginning being when the hospitals were above Port Fulton. He has been an engineer since 1849, learning the trade when a young man. His first work was at Portsmouth, O., on the Portsmouth, Hamden and Columbus railroad. Seven years later he came to Jeffersonville and took a position there on the only road running out of that city. From there he went with the Government.

A few months ago he was reduced in rank, and his pay was cut more than half in two, but after an investigation he was restored to his old charge, and so far as known was getting along without any trouble. Recently there came an order transferring Elmer E. Davis, second engineer, to Fort McPherson, but he was given an extension of time in reporting for duty, and is still at his home in Jeffersonville. It is said that Davis may remain and become chief engineer.

On recommendation of Boiler Inspector Joseph Dunn, of Louisville, who was asked to say who was a good man, William R. Lewis, of Jeffersonville, was given the place held by Davis, with the understanding that it was to be permanent if the latter went to Fort McPherson.

JEFFERSONVILLE NOTES.

—Carl Patz, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Patz, 205 Illinois avenue, died yesterday of organic heart disease, having been ill for some time.

—A marriage license was issued yesterday to William Ashby and Miss Lena Kelly, who are residents of this county and live near Bethlehem.

—Henry Richardson yesterday filed his final report as guardian of Mary Lightcap, a person of unsound mind, and tendered his resignation of the trust.

—A final report was made yesterday by Mrs. Mary A. Wahl, executrix of the estate of Emil Wahl, showing that all the bequests made in a will had been carried out.

—Raymond McCormack, formerly of this city, a son of Mayor P. H. McCormack, and who disappeared from his home in Columbus several months ago, has been located in Australia.

—Bert L. Golay, of Wirt, Ind., and Miss Flora R. Davis, of this city, were married at the home of the bride's mother on East Market street last night. They will make their home at Wirt.

—An order of sale was issued yesterday in the suit of the First National Bank of Louisville against Frank A. Landwehr to recover $410.54 and $12.80 costs on a foreclosure of a chattel mortgage.

—Mrs. Blanch Caldwell, executrix of the estate of Nora Adams, filed a report yesterday showing she had distributed $7,700 among the heirs and a further distribution of $7,000 was ordered.

—City Attorney H. F. Dilger has begun work on an ordinance for the appointment of a gas and electric light inspector, the cost of paying whom is to fall on the United Gas and Electric Company.

—Dr. B. F. Stalker yesterday filed a claim of $33.55 against the estate of Elias A. Porter, and Dr. J. B. Stalker entered an account of $30 against the estate of Andrew Porter, both being for medical services.

—Mrs. Ellen Hogan, seventy years old, whose home is at 622 Illinois avenue, sustained injuries of a serious nature by falling on the sidewalk at Seventh street and Illinois avenue. Her chief hurts are to her spine.

—Mrs. Mary Ann Evans, who was about seventy years old and the widow of Alfred Evans, died at her home in Memphis yesterday of senility and will be buried to-day. She is survived by two sons and one daughter.

—The damage action of William Star against Louis Hammersmith and Jacob Young, which came here from Floyd county, is set for trial in the Circuit Court to-day. It has been tried once and taken to the Appellate Court.

—In the partition suit of James H. Weir, administrator, with the will annexed, of the estate of Mary J. Beyl against Myrtie Beyl and others, a petition was filed and granted yesterday to sell real estate, a report to be made February 22.

—William J. Bottorff filed his final report yesterday as administrator of the estate of Avery Long, showing he had distributed $1,477.79 among the heirs and in paying costs, making a total of $7,695.22 that passed through his hands.

—A counter affidavit was filed by the plaintiff in the divorce suit of Clara Sawyer against Frank Sawyer, the defendant setting up a plea that he was not able to comply with an order of court to pay in $25. He was given until February 27 to do so.

—To even up on having to pay an increased license from $50 to $150 per annum for retailing liquor, the saloon keepers of this city have partially decided to suspend free lunches in the future. The question will be fully decided within the next few days.

—A plea in abatement was filed yesterday by the defendant in the action of the Manufacturers' Furniture and Commission Company against Anderson Smith to collect an account on the ground that the defendant is a minor and not responsible for the debt.

—The case of the State of Indiana against Newton Tomlin for petit larceny will be called in the Circuit Court tomorrow, the defendant being charged with stealing several pounds of breakfast bacon and a number of coppers from Frank Spieth.

—A plan is now on foot to have Mulberry street improved from the river to Sixth street, the cost of nearly all of which would fall on the East End Improvement Company, of Louisville, and the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company.

—David W. Spieth yesterday filed suit in the Circuit Court against Rebecca Basey to replevin 100 shocks of corn valued at $150 and $50 damages for detention. The corn was cultivated in a field that now belongs to the defendant and she refuses to give it up.

—Henry A. Burtt was appointed guardian ad litem of Lillie Stanton yesterday in a suit of William F. Cisco against the unknown heirs and devisees of Simcoe Kinchen to quiet a title. Notice was also given that a motion would be made to set aside a default judgment.

—On behalf of the First Presbyterian church donations of all kinds of articles or money for the benefit of the poor will be received at the homes of Miss Clara Lookis, 215 East Market street; Mrs. Anna Hutchison, 212 West Front street, and Miss Iona Mayer, 512 East Chestnut street.

—George Dunn, a cart driver for the Don D. Walker Coal Company, was thrown from a wagon yesterday and alighting on his head was badly hurt, it being the first belief that his skull had been fractured. The accident was caused by a wheel breaking down on Court avenue near Spring street.

—Mrs. Sadie Boyle, who lives on Illinois avenue, near Sixth street, and was hurt in a collision between an excursion train on the Big Four railroad and a regular passenger train on the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern railroad at Watson, six miles east of this city, June 12, has received $800 damages as a compromise.

—Fielding Coombs yesterday celebrated his eighty-seventh anniversary at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles Raab, in Howard Park. He was born at Runyontown and has been a resident of the county all his life. He would not be taken for more than sixty and has perfect use of all his senses and is in good health.

—A deal is said to be on between the Union Carriage and Rattan Company, contractors at the Reformatory, and Capt. J. T. Duffy for the purchase of the old brewery property on East Maple street, the place having been looked over yesterday afternoon. The firm desired to locate in Ohio Falls after its contract expires, but could not get the bonus it wanted.

MONDAY OFF.

EMPLOYES OF BIG STORES TO GET CHRISTMAS HOLIDAY.

Whipping Finish Being Made By Shoppers During Final Week.

Although Christmas comes on Sunday this year, the clerks and salespeople of Louisville will receive their holiday. By agreement the clothing houses of the city will close, and the big department stores on Fourth avenue and Market street will also take their holiday on Monday. After the tremendous rush under which the people who serve the Christmas shoppers labor for two weeks or more one day to rest and celebrate would not be sufficient, one of those days being Sunday. An extensive canvass of the shops of all kinds on Market street and Fourth avenue shows that the employers are as willing to be care-free for a couple of days as their employes are.

The streets and shops were crowded yesterday afternoon from early until late, and the evening showed no diminution of the enthusiastic wish of the people to see everything possible.

There was a noticeable lack of impatience on the part of the crowds, and when a blockade occurred in the streets or the aisles of the shops, each one waited patiently until the way was cleared. Young and old joined in the movement, and gray old men could be seen standing quietly and footing bills for their young sons and daughters.

In a Fourth avenue jewelry store a salesman accosted an old man with the accustomed, "Been waited on, sir?" "No, by gad, I haven't," was the reply. "I'm only waiting here for my dear daughter to come and spend a lot of my hard-earned money." But the smile the old man gave belied the somewhat churlish sound of his words, and presently a High School miss joined him and began to make good the prophecy her father had spoken.

Receptacles of the greatest variety are employed to carry home the results of the shopping tour, and the homely but capacious wicker-basket may be seen side by side with net and rush shopping bags of the latest design, while a great quantity of toys and other Christmas stuff is carried away in the carriages of the purchasers. The traditional Christmas spirit pervades the atmosphere everywhere, and even the chronic "kicker" has ceased for a while his complaints against "the scheme of things."

Pickle Company Amends Charter.

The Hyman Pickle Company amended its charter yesterday by canceling $55,000 worth of common stock of its capitalization, which had been held by George S. Boniface. This leaves the company with a common stock issue of $95,000. In place of the canceled stock is issued $100,000 worth of preferred stock, of which $65,000 goes to Mr. Boniface as a substitute for his stock. The preferred is interest-bearing at the rate of 7 per cent. annually and it may be retired at the end of five years at par value, plus 10 per cent., and at the end of ten years at par, plus 15 per cent.

MUST CLOSE.

Edict To the New Albany Gambling Places.

SUPT. SHUTT GIVES NOTICE

THAT WARRANTS WILL FOLLOW ALL VIOLATIONS.

TEST OF NEW INDIANA LAW.

Superintendent Shutt, of the New Albany police force, notified through the patrolmen last night all persons permitting gambling of any kind—poker, games, raffles, etc.—on their premises that such practices must be stopped at once or complaints will be filed and the offenders prosecuted. If the order is not strictly obeyed the police will raid the various places where gambling is going on and will take the players into custody. Mr. Shutt declares that unless all forms of gambling are stopped those engaged in them may expect trouble.

It is claimed that there is no gambling of any kind going on in New Albany beyond a few private poker games, and it is asserted that those engaged in these games will be hard to convict in any of the courts, if it can be done at all. Others declare that poker games are numerous in all parts of the city and that even the slot machine can be found in the obscure saloon on the outskirts.

Only a few years ago New Albany was one of the best "slot machine towns" for its size in the country, and it was estimated that when this peculiar industry was in the height of its prosperity there were more than 300 of the devices running. Since then they have all been ordered out.

VIOLATES TWO-YEAR RULE

Governing Husbands In Enforced Marriages.

An unusual suit, the result of a law enacted by the Legislature of Indiana at the session of that body two years ago, was filed in the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany yesterday, being, it is believed, the first action of that nature instituted there.

Orlando Hicks and Cleavie Walts were married September 25 in New Albany by Magistrate Mix, the groom having taken that plan to avoid the consequences of a paternity suit. Shortly after the ceremony Hicks deserted his bride, leaving her without any means of support, and since then he has contributed nothing toward her maintenance. It is provided under the law enacted two years ago that if a man marries a woman to avoid prosecution in a paternity suit and deserts her within two years after the ceremony is performed the deserted wife may recover judgment in the sum of $2,500, and should the husband fail to pay an amount not less than $200, the sum being graded according to his circumstances, he can, in case of such default, be kept in jail for one year.

Yesterday morning Hicks was arrested by Sheriff Morris, his deserted wife having had the suit brought against him. This suit is by the State of Indiana on relation of Cleavie Hicks, whose interests will be represented by Prosecuting Attorney George B. McIntyre. Hicks will have a hearing before Judge Utz in the Floyd Circuit Court to-day, when his attorneys will make an application that he be admitted to bail.

NEW ALBANY NOTES.

New Albany subscribers not receiving the Courier-Journal regularly and promptly will please report to McQuiddy & Alberts, City Newsstand Building, 137 East Spring street. Cumberland 'phone 318 Y, Home 504 A.

—Charles A. Funk has been appointed carrier on one of the rural free delivery mail routes, recently established out of Corydon, with George H. Feller as substitute.

—George, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Jeames, died yesterday morning at the home of his parents, 659 East Oak street, after an illness of but a few hours.

—Gustave Helfrich and Miss Margaretta Madlung were married last evening at the home of the bride, 217 West Spring street, by the Rev. C. W. Locher, pastor of the German Evangelical church.

—George W. Smith will celebrate the seventy-sixth anniversary of his birth today at his home, 608 East Spring street. Mr. Smith has been a resident of New Albany for over half a century.

—Archie and John Baker were arrested by Patrolman Starr on a charge of having assaulted Charles Tankard. Archie was fined $8.80 by Magistrate Mix and the case of the other was continued indefinitely.

—William Hand, aged twenty-four years and unmarried, died yesterday afternoon at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Hand, 1813 Beeler street. He was a member of Manzanita Tribe of Red Men, and was greatly esteemed by his associates.

—The funeral of Charles Knauer will take place this afternoon from the family residence, West Seventh and Market streets. The Rev. J. D. Current, pastor of the Main-street Methodist church, will conduct the services, and the burial will be in Fairview.

—Philip Smith, proprietor of the stage line operated between this city and Greenville for many years, who went West a few months ago to engage in business, has located at Hayti, Mo., where he is running a livery stable and, it is said, making an abundance of money.

—Patrolman Jasper arrested John Grammar yesterday afternoon for peddling without license. Grammar had purchased a basket of oranges, and was trying to earn a little Christmas money by their sale. He was assessed the usual fine by Mayor Grose in the city court.

—Next Sunday morning at the 5, 8 and 10 o'clock services in St. Mary's Catholic church, the annual collection for the orphans will be taken, and it is expected that members of the congregation will come prepared to make liberal contributions. Last year the collections at the Christmas services for this object amounted to $190.

—Margaret Hodge, by her attorneys, Jewett & Jewett, filed a suit in the Circuit Court yesterday afternoon praying for a decree of divorce from Alva E. Hodge and also custody of a child born of the marriage. Cruel treatment and failure to provide are alleged as the grounds of the action. They were married November 7, 1895, and separated September 17, 1904.

—Mrs. Mary Hollis, widow of Lewis A. Hollis, died early yesterday morning of cancer at her home, 1819 Dewey street, after an illness which had extended over many months. She was sixty-two years old, and she leaves eight children—seven sons and a daughter. Her body will be taken this afternoon to Mooresville, five miles north of the city, on the Paoli pike, her former home, for burial.

—Centenary Sunday-school will have its Christmas celebration next Monday night at the church. A cantata will be given, and candies, nuts and other holiday offerings will be distributed among the children. The Sunday-school of the German Evangelical church will hold its holiday entertainment the same evening, when a huge Christmas tree loaded with gifts for the children will be displayed.

—The Board of Directors of the Floyd County Fair Association has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Walter McCulloch, president; Emil Dupaquier, vice president; Henry W. Fawcett, secretary; Louis H. Meyers, treasurer; Lewis C. Hipple, superintendent. The question of having a running meeting of one week at the fair grounds near the city in May was discussed and definite action deferred until later.

—Marion Masters and John Graham, young men from Louisville, who were arrested Tuesday evening by Sergt. Fess and Patrolman Sinex for intoxication and profanity, were fined $9.80 each by Magistrate Fogle yesterday morning, and were sent to jail in default of payment. Later in the day friends from Louisville came to their rescue, paid their fine, and they were released. In addition to being drunk, Graham was flourishing a big pistol, but this was not counted against him.

—The children of the New Albany public schools have become interested in works of charity and in consequence they will make large donations of useful articles to the poor children of the city during the coming holiday time. Yesterday Mrs. Mary T. Austin, secretary of the New Albany Charity Society, was notified by the teachers of the East Spring-street school that the children of their school had collected large quantities of clothing, provisions and other necessaries, together with candies, fruits, toys, etc., usual to the holiday season for the indigent children. Mrs. Austin has been permitted by Jacob Emery, township trustee, to use his office in the courthouse as a place from which to distribute these holiday offerings and they will be given out to the children of the poor next Saturday.

—Health Officers of New Albany have received the last report from Dr. J. N. Hurty, secretary of the State Board of Health. The report shows that consumption leads all diseases in Indiana for the month of November, the number of deaths from this disease alone being 337. Of these 136 were males and 201 females. There were eighty-seven homes invaded and 137 children made orphans. Pneumonia caused 229 deaths in the month and smallpox twelve. Deaths from violence were 163, the same as for November, 1903. Of these seven were murders, twenty-four suicides, and 132 from accidental causes, gunshot wounds having caused the greatest number. There were 355 cases of smallpox in the State with twelve deaths, as stated. In November of last year there were 324 cases, with but one death. During the last year Dr. Hurty reports that consumption had caused the death of 790 mothers and 452 fathers, making 2,515 orphans, and costing the State, in valuable lives and otherwise, more than $5,000,000.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

For your Christmas Jewelry go to Phil Koch, Jeweler. Watches, Diamonds and Signet Rings specialties. 226 State street.

"Savonarola" To-night's Topic.

At the Young Men's Chirstian Association this evening a popular lecture on "Savonarola" will be given by Dr. J. S. Lyons, pastor of the First Presbyterian church. This is the third lecture in a series being given this winter on "Heroes of the Church." Savonarola being one of the most interesting characters of history, the lecture will be one of unusual interest. Dr. Lyons is an interesting speaker and is well qualified to speak upon the subject. A cordial invitation is extended to all men to attend. The lecture will begin at 8 o'clock.

Lee Skaggs Fined.

Lee Skaggs, who was arrested Tuesday for raising a disturbance on Market street by threatening to do dire things to J. P. Shively, Magistrate, who remonstrated with him for using profane language on the streets, was fined $5 in Police Court yesterday morning. Skaggs resisted being searched at Central Station and gave four policemen a lively tussle before he was finally overpowered.

Real Estate Transfers.

Christine Rothenburger to John Rothenburger, 96 acres, Jefferson county, $7,500.

Rosa M. Werne, etc., to George L. Peter, 190 feet, north side Ormsby avenue, 160 feet west of Sixth, $6,650.

Christine Rothenburger to Jacob Rothenburger, 10 acres, Jefferson county, $2,000.

J. L. Morris to Bruce Hoblitzell, 50 feet, southwest side New Broadway, northwest of Longest, $3,000.

I. Jablow to the Rev. G. E. Scott, 27 feet, east side Eighth street, south of Grayson, $2,000.

Progress Land Co. to Fannie C. Goose, 20 feet north side Griffiths, 530 feet west of Twenty-fifth, $1,050.

Hite Thompson to Kate Kiltz, 169 feet, southwest side Cummins' line, $675.

Christine Rothenburger to Annie R. Gabler, 54-100 acre, Jefferson county, $1,400.

Mary E. Monahan to Peter Knopf, Jr., 30 feet, south side St. Catherine street, 240 feet west of Eighth, $775.

D. L. Veeneman to McDowell Land and Improvement Co., lots 16 and 17, block 2, Oakdale, $1,500, etc.

E. Tate to W. H. Hoskins, 25 feet, west side Johnston, 50 feet south of Main, $1,200.

Carrie David to Philip Gotterdam, 23 feet, north side Market street, 155 feet east of Clay, $1,500.

MANY NEW BANKS PROJECTED; SALES OF BONDS INCREASE

Activity in banking and investment circles is shown by the following weekly report of the local branch of R. G. Dun & Co.:

* * *

New National Banks.

The Commercial National Bank, of Greenville, Tex. Capital, $100,000. N. M. McBride, president; J. O. Boyle, vice president; J. O. Teagarden, second vice president and cashier.

The First National Bank, of Lake City, Fla. Capital, $50,000. J. C. Sheffield, president; J. O. Harris, cashier. To commence business January 1.

The Citizens' National Bank, of Tell City, Ind. Capital, $30,000. John T. Patrick, president; John W. Scull, vice president; R. Huelsmann, cashier; C. A. Scull, assistant cashier.

The Citizens' National Bank, of Vicksburg, Miss. Capital, $100,000. C. G. Wright, president; T. A. Helgason, vice president; G. B. Hackett, cashier; B. S. Adams, assistant cashier.

The Delaware National Bank, of Delaware, O. Capital, $150,000. S. Moore, president; V. T. Hills, vice president; E. L. Pollock, cashier; G. S. Cryder, assistant cashier.

The McGregor National Bank, of McGregor, Tex. Capital, $50,000. W. A. Barclay, president; W. F. Barclay, cashier. To commence business January 5.

The City National Bank, of El Paso, Tex. Paid capital, $50,000. A. G. Andrews, president; T. B. Dockery and S. G. Harless, vice presidents; R. M. Mayes, cashier. To commence business January 2.

* * *

Application To Organize.

The Gainesville National Bank, of Gainesville, Ga. Capital, $50,000. Application to organize filed by Samuel C. Dunlap.

The First National Bank, of Moultrie, Ga. Capital, $25,000. Application to organize filed by A. W. Chase.

The First National Bank, of Manchester, Ky. Capital, $25,000. Application to organize.

The First National Bank, of Smithfield, Va. Capital, $25,000. Application to organize filed by J. P. Lewis, Martinsville.

The People's National Bank, of Gastonia, N. C. Capital, $50,000. Application to organize filed by R. P. Rankin.

The First National Bank, of Henderson, N. C. Capital, $50,000. Application to organize filed by J. H. Bridges, attorney.

The First National Bank, of Monongah, W. Va. Capital, $25,000. Application to organize filed by Howard W. Showalter, Fairmont.

* * *

New State Banks, Private Banks and Trust Companies.

The Bank of McGhee, Ark. Paid capital, $12,500. A. McGhee, president; K. G. Morely, vice president; C. S. McCain, cashier.

The Interstate Land and Trust Company, of Bakersfield, Cal. Filed articles of incorporation. Capital, $200,000.

The Brodnax Banking Company, of Walnut Grove, Ga. (Private.) S. H. and J. C. Brodnax, proprietors.

The City Savings Bank, of Hagerstown, Md. Incorporated. E. E. Hulzett, cashier.

The Bolivar County Bank, of Cleveland, Miss. Paid capital, $30,000. James Robertshaw, president; C. R. Smith, vice president; R. H. Williams, cashier.

The Farmers' Bank and Trust Company, of Pomeroy, O. Capital, $50,000. W. F. Reed, president; Thos. Turnbull, vice president; Geo. H. Parker, cashier. To commence business December 21.

The Dollar Savings Bank Company, of Niles, O. Capital, $100,000. Organizing.

The Farmers' and Merchants' Bank, of Bridgeport, Tex. (Private.)

The Bank of Huntsville, Ark. Paid capital, $10,000. S. H. Slaughter, president; J. S. P. Johnson, vice president; L. H. Gibson, cashier.

The People's Bank, of Summit, Ga. Capital, $15,000. J. A. Jones, president; S. J. Flanders, cashier.

* * *

Miscellaneous.

The First National Bank, of Muldrow, I. T. E. H. Bruce, cashier, has resigned.

The City National Bank, of Niles, O., is to consolidate with the First National Bank under the latter title.

The Hot Springs County Bank, of Malvern, Ark., is to be converted into the First National Bank. Capital, $25,000.

The People's Savings Bank, of Batesville, Ark., is to be succeeded by the First National Bank.

The Bosque Valley Bank, of Valley Mills, Tex. A. W. and H. B. Sears are now the proprietors.

* * *

Bond Sales.

Hamilton County, O.—The $150,000 4 per cent. refunding bonds were awarded to Albert Kleybolte & Co. at a premium of $6,135.

Laporte, Ind.—The $30,000 4 per cent. fifteen-year refunding bonds were awarded to E. D. Bush & Co., local, at 102.058.

Owensboro, Ky.—The $200,000 water works bonds have been purchased by Rudolph Kleybolte & Co., of Cincinnati, at par.

Pocahontas, Va.—The $40,000 five-fifteen-year optional bonds were awarded to John Nuveen & Co. at a premium of $260 for 5½ per cent.

Lucas County, O.—The $32,341.55 five-year ditch bonds were awarded to the Securities Savings Bank and Trust Co. at a premium of $765.

Muskingum County, O.—The $56,500 4½ per cent. refunding bonds were awarded to P. S. Briggs & Co. at private sale.

Havre De Grace, Md.—The $20,000 5 per cent. ten-thirty-year optional sewer bonds were awarded to Baker, Katts & Co. at 106.

Emporia, Va.—The $30,000 5 per cent. water, street and sewer bonds were awarded to S. A. Kean, of Chicago, at par.

Ludlow, Ky.—The $33,000 5 per cent. twenty-year bonds were awarded to the First National Bank of Ludlow at par.

Shenandoah, Va.—The $20,000 5 per cent. twenty-thirty-year water bonds were awarded to the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank at 100.50.

Richmond, Va.—The $5,560 4 per cent. thirty-four-year city bonds were awarded to Ralph E. Glover, local, at 106¼.

Gallia County, O.—The $10,000 5 per cent. fifteen-year refunding bonds were awarded to Seasongood & Mayer for $11,076.

Rush, Tex.—The $7,000 5 per cent. Independent school district bonds were purchased at par by the State Board of Education.

Niles, O.—The $10,800 4½ per cent. bonds were awarded to the Trowbridge & Niver Co. at par.

Beaumont, Tex.—The County Commissioners have accepted the bid of Walter A. Myrick of $7,560 premium for the $125,000 5 per cent. twenty-forty-year road bonds.

Cuero, Tex.—The State Board of Education has purchased $1,900 5 per cent. ten-forty-year water works and improvement bands at par.

Oxford, N. C.—The $45,000 5 per cent. refunding bonds were awarded to McDonald, McCoy & Co. at par and interest.

Palatka, Fla.—The $35,000 5 per cent. twenty-year sewer bonds were awarded to the East Florida Savings and Trust Co. at par.

West, Texas.—The $12,000 5 per cent. school bonds were awarded at par.

Yazoo City, Miss.—The $100,000 5 per cent. bonds were awarded to Trowbridge & Niver Co. at a premium of $2,560.

Summit, Miss.—The $18,000 school bonds were awarded to Trowbridge & Niver Co. at a premium of $630.

Hattiesburg, Miss.—The city has disposed of the $16,000 school bonds at a premium of $347.25.

Boon county, Ind.—The $6,500 6 per cent. bonds were awarded to the Clinton County Bank at 97.

Montgomery County, O.—The $3,500 4 per cent. two-four-year bonds were awarded to the City National Bank at a premium of $20.

Liberty Center, O.—The $9,500 5 per cent. five and one-half-year bonds were awarded to the Provident Savings Bank and Trust Co. at 102.730.

Niles, O.—The $10,800 4½ per cent. sewer bonds were awarded to Trowbridge & Niver Co. at par.

Jefferson County, O.—The $4,500 5 per cent. bonds were awarded at 104.10 and interest.

* * *

Bonds Authorized.

Mount Vernon, O.—The Council has passed a resolution authorizing the issuance of $150,000 natural gas bonds.

Macon, Ga.—An issue of $40,000 sewer bonds has been authorized.

Holly Springs, Miss.—The question of issuing $59,000 5 per cent. bonds to refund a like amount of 6 per cents. has been favorably passed upon by the Mayor and Council.

Johnson City, Tenn.—The city has voted to issue $25,000 improvement bonds.

Tulsa, Ind. Ter.—An issue of $50,000 school building bonds has been favorably voted.

* * *

Miscellaneous.

Meridian, Miss.—It has been decided to use the accumulated sinking funds to purchase the $150,000 bonds recently authorized.

Baltimore, Md.—The city solicitor has been directed to prepare an ordinance approving an issue of $10,000,000 sewer loan, and providing that the matter be submitted to the people at the election next May.

Fort Wayne, Ind.—The School Board has decided to issue $120,000 bonds. The bonds will soon be offered and will bear either 3½ or 4 per cent. interest.

PLENTY OF FLOWERS AND AT REASONABLE PRICES

Dealers Pleased With Holiday Trade—American Beauties Still Favorites.

Luckily for the flower-buying public, the past season, so disastrous to plant life in general, has been an excellent one for flowers. The blossoms are plentiful at present and much more moderate in price than is usual at this time of the year. The holiday demand for flowers is large in proportion to the increased demand in other lines of luxuries, and the florists hav no doubt of disposing of their large stocks without difficulty.

A florist in speaking of the flower situation said:

"The conditions are the best I have ever seen at Christmas time, flowers being unusually cheap and plentiful. We do not mind the lowness of price at all, for when the price is low it is a good sign that the florists have had good luck with the plants and that there is a demand for the blooms."

As is generally the case at holiday seasons there have been perfected a number of floral specialties, both in the cut varieties and potted plants, and care has been exercised to make the market of such range as to fit every taste and purse. American Beauty roses, in accordance with the tradition of years, occupy the first place in the hearts of buyers and dealers, and are naturally the highest priced of all the flowers, though the range in their price is wide enough to permit all classes of buyers to partake of their beauty.

The young girls are not the only ones who receive gifts of flowers, however, and the potted plants that many matrons so admire make most acceptable gifts. These range in price from the lowest possible sum to the highest, and some of the newest results of the florists' art are displacing jewels and even furniture in the views of Christmas givers. The modest violet loses its peculiar identity at Christmas when the price goes soaring to $4 a hundred. It is known that one hundred is not "such a bunch" of violets, and beaux wishing to present this modest little bloom under favorable conditions will have to spend at least $8 or maybe $12.

To folk of modest wishes a wide selection of lesser blooms is open. Roses of every desirable hue and shape are to be had, among the most fashionable the Gen. Arthur and Chatnay, at from $3 to $4 a dozen. Altogether the outlook for lovers of flowers is better than it has been for several years at the Christmas season.

FIRST

Report of Commissioner of Corporations.

RESULT OF WORK SUMMARIZED

"STATE SYSTEM" OF INCORPORATION NOT SATISFACTORY.

SEVERAL RECOMMENDATIONS.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The first general report of the Commissioner of Corporations has been transmitted to the President. It is prepared by Commissioner James R. Garfield and covers the period from the organization of the bureau to June 30 last. After reviewing the operations of his bureau Mr. Garfield says:

As shown by this report the work of the bureau has thus been almost entirely the laying of a foundation of accurate knowledge of the legal and general business conditions with which it must deal and a clear definition of the problems for the consideration of which it was created.

The result of the work may be thus summarized:

First—Commercial and industrial conditions present the foremost problems of to-day. There exists a deep-rooted general feeling of dissatisfaction with existing conditions. Some causes of dissatisfaction are apparent, and the evils very real and great.

Second—The present legal conditions under which corporate business is carried on are extremely unsatisfactory. They admit of, and invite, extreme abuse. They are the result of forced growth under divergent pressures, and in their present anomalous state represent the needs or demands of special interests, and are not a permanent body of law adapted to provide properly for all the interests involved.

Furthermore, the "State system," applied to interstate businesses, has developed additional and peculiar evils; a diversity so great as to amount in operation to anarchy; an inevitable tendency toward the lowest level of lax regulation, and the unequal and disastrous contest between State Legislatures and commercial forces of national size and power.

Third—No satisfactory reform is to be expected under the "State system" of incorporation.

Fourth—The Federal Government has at its command sufficient power to remedy these conditions in its control of interstate commerce, supplemented by subsidiary and incidental powers.

Fifth—So far the commerce clause of the Constitution has had a negative development only, both under Congress and by judicial interpretation. With the exception of the interstate commerce act—the force of which has been seriously weakened by judicial interpretation—and the navigation laws, there has been no really affirmative attempt to regulate interstate commerce. The commerce clause has been chiefly used to prevent the interference by States with interstate commerce.

Sixth—The creation of this bureau affords a means for getting essential facts. In addition to the value to Congress of such information, the publication of facts, the dissemination of knowledge, will bring into existence the influence of an enlightened public opinion which properly applied would go far to develop the sense of public trust involved in the control of private wealth and the sense of personal responsibility on the part of officers or managers of corporations.

Seventh—The work of the bureau can proceed along the lines of inquiry and report, adding fact upon fact in proof of existing conditions, but no real remedy can be expected until Congress takes action by affirmative use of the great powers granted under the commerce clause of the Constitution.

Eighth—The possible congressional actions are:

(a) Delegation to the States of control over interstate commerce. This is believed to be unconstitutional, and secondly subject to all the objections applicable to the present "State system."

(b) Compulsory Federal incorporation of interstate commerce companies. This is probably legally practicable, but it involves radical industrial and political changes by the centralization of power in the Federal Government, and presents serious difficulties because of its effect upon the authority of the States over such corporations in matters of taxation and local regulation. Any optional law of this character would not overcome these difficulties.

(c) Federal license or franchise for interstate commerce. Legally this is practicable; it avoids the legal difficulties of national incorporation as well as the practical one of centralization of power, and gives the National Government direct regulation of the agencies of interstate and foreign commerce.

Ninth—I therefore beg to suggest that Congress be requested to consider the advisability of enacting a law for the legislative regulation of interstate and foreign commerce under a license or franchise, which in general should provide as follows:

(a) The granting of a Federal franchise or license to engage in interstate commerce.

(b) The imposition of all necessary requirements as to corporate organization and management as a condition precedent to the grant of such franchise or license.

(c) The requirement of such reports and returns as may be desired as a condition of the retention of such franchise or license.

(d) The prohibition of all corporations and corporate agencies from engaging in interstate and foreign commerce without such Federal franchise or license.

(e) The full protection of the grantees of such franchise or license who obey the laws applicable thereto.

(f) The right to refuse or withdraw such franchise or license in case of violation of law, with appropriate right of judicial appeal to prevent abuse of power by the administrative officer.

This bureau, under the direction of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, affords the appropriate machinery for the administration of such a law.

HICKORY GETTING SCARCE.

Manufacturers May Ask Congress To Take Some Action.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Increasing scarcity of hickory wood in the United States has alarmed the manufacturers of wooden vehicles to such an extent that at a meeting here to-day of over two hundred representatives of these manufacturers, the advisability of taking the matter before Congress was discussed. Hickory trees recently have been attacked by an insect which, it is said, is fast destroying that class of timber. At to-day's meeting it was declared that unless the Government took action in devising means whereby these insects could be kept from breeding, in ten years practically all hickory trees in the United States will have been destroyed.

"There are now but three States from which we can draw our supplies," said P. F. Van Behren, of Evansville, Ind., "and hickory trees are becoming extinct in those States. The shortage in this article, which is the most essential component of a wooden vehicle, probably will necessitate a general raise in prices of all wooden vehicles."

Big Sugar Combine.

San Francisco, Dec. 21.—The existence of a secret agreement among the wholesale grocers of the coast for the past year and a half to control the price of sugar was revealed by the withdrawal Monday of six local houses from the Pacific Traffic and Commercial Association, the name used to cover the joint operations of the members of the trust.

These six big firms, whose combined capital equals that of all the other forty-two members, believe that their withdrawal will mean disorganization of the combination and that the trust will be obliged to go out of business. Its manager, H. D. Loveland, says, however, that the association will go ahead with its operations and is "determined to uphold the market."

Freight Interests Elect.

New York, Dec. 21.—The community of freight traffic interests, an organization whose membership embraces the freight traffic officials of all the railroads east of the Mississippi river, have elected the following officers for 1905: Henry L. Joyce, general manager of the Manhattan Lighterage Company, president; M. G. Vandergaw, freight agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, secretary; Louis M. Allen, general Eastern agent of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad, treasurer.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century
PREPARED BY
I. W. Lyon, D.D.S.

Arbitration Plan Rejected.

Fall River, Mass., Dec. 21.—The Fall River cotton manufacturers have rejected the proposition for arbitration by the National Civic Federation, submitted by the Textile Council and ratified yesterday by mass-meetings of five unions. Secretary Taylor, of the Textile Council, received the reply to-day. The communication is brief and, in addition to the refusal, adds that the manufacturers can offer no plan that will involve any change in the 12½ per cent. reduction in wages.

Cut Rate War In Flowers.

New York, Dec. 21.—A cut rate war in cut flowers has begun with the opening of a flower market in Forty-fourth street, near Fifth avenue. A combination of suburban flower growers is understood to be managing the market. The growers assert that the jobbers recently have become extremely dictatorial and have charged prices which placed many flowers out of the reach of persons with ordinary means.

Assignees Appointed.

Conneaut, O., Dec. 21.—W. W. Grant, cashier of the Marine Savings Bank, and Archibald Frazer, assistant cashier, have been named as assignee to take charge of the financial affairs of O. C. Lillie, the president of the Marine Savings Bank and cashier of the First National Bank, which closed yesterday. Their joint bond in the sum of $30,000 was executed to-day.

Charles M. Schwab In Ohio.

Cleveland, O., Dec. 21.—Charles M. Schwab arrived here to-day and held a conference with several men, understood to be connected with independent steel plants. Later Mr. Schwab went to Elyria, where he conferred with A. L. Garford, head of the Federal Steel Company. The latter company has plants at Cleveland and Elyria.

Directors Elected.

Mobile, Ala., Dec. 21.—At the annual meeting of the Mobile, Jackson and Kansas City railroad to-day the following directors were elected: W. D. Stratton, Bird M. Robinson, Charles E. Levy, R. W. Jones, Jr., Edmund K. Stallo, Alexander McDonald, F. E. Dewey, E. E. Jackson, J. W. Whiting, J. T. Oden, C. B. Willoughby.

Electric Railway Project.

Cincinnati, Dec. 21.—Plans for building the Cincinnati, Toledo and Detroit Short Line railway, an electric line, were discussed at a meeting of directors of the company in this city to-day. President J. M. Morgan, of Toledo, presided.

Adjudged Bankrupts.

Wooster, O., Dec. 21.—L. P. Ohliger, president, and J. R. Zimmerman, chairman of the board of directors of the Wooster National Bank, which recently suspended, were to-day adjudged bankrupts here by Referee Kean.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, Dec. 21.—The statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $141,817,262; gold, $85,378,336.

CORPORATIONS FILE ARTICLES AT FRANKFORT.

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 21.—[Special.]—Incorporation articles were filed in the Department of Secretary of State today as follows:

The Axton-Fisher Tobacco Company, of Jefferson county, with $64,000 capital stock. Its incorporators are W. F. Axton, of Owensboro; G. H. Fisher, of Shelbyville, and M. D. Oswald, of Louisville.

The Tinsley-Mayer Engraving Company, of Louisville, with $20,000 capital stock. E. B. Tinsley, Bruce Haldeman and F. S. Mayer are the stockholders.

The Berea Real Estate and Development Company, of Madison county. It has $10,000 capital stock, and W. H. Porter, A. W. Porter and P. Cornelius are incorporators.

The Mountaineer Publishing Company, of Pulaski county. It has $6,000 capital stock, and J. H. Shearer, of Monticello, and E. M. Shelly and J. H. Van Hook, of Burnside, are incorporators.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, Dec. 21.—Spot, Rio quiet; mild quiet. The market for futures was a shade less active than yesterday, but met with a continued good demand from Wall srtest houses. Realizing by recent buyers, however, checked the advancing tendency, and at the close prices were at a slight loss. The opening was steady at a decline of 5@15 points in response to rather disappointing cables, which reported rather full Brazilian receipts, unchanged Brazilian markets and indifference in the European markets, which have recently shown little disposition to follow the advance, but there was a big demand for Wall street at the opening decline. On the other hand, trade interests, Cotton Exchange houses and some of the European houses were active sellers, and after advancing some 5 points above last night's finals on actual sales the market in the afternoon eased off and closed steady at a net decline of 5@10 points. Sales were reported of 271,500 bags, including January at 7.50@7.60c, March at 7.75@7.90c, April at 7.90@7.95c, May at 8@8.15c, July at 8.15@8.30c, September at 8.40@8.55c, October at 8.50@8.55c and November at 8.55c.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, Dec. 21.—The dry goods market is on a substantial basis and little evidence of possible declines. The attitude of sellers is toward the maintenance of prices and there seems to be little warrant for any recession, owing to the well sold condition of many mills and the position of manufacturers regarding cotton. Jobbers are doing a very restricted business and little interest is likely to be evinced until after the first of the year.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Dec. 21.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 50@50¼c. Rosin firm; A, B, C $2.50; D $2.52½; E $2.55; F $2.57½; G $2.60; H $2.72½; I $2.35; K $4; M $4.30; N $4.50; window glass $4.75; water white $5.15.

Charleston, Dec. 21.—Spirits of turpentine firm at 48½c. Rosin firm; A, B, C, D, E $2.45; F $2.50; G $2.60; H $2.65; I $3.10; K $3.15; M $4.15; N $4.35; window glass $4.60; water white $5.

Wilmington, Dec. 21.—Spirits of turpentine, nothing doing. Rosin firm at $2.40. Tar steady at $1.60. Crude turpentine firm at $2.30 and $3.70.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, Dec. 21.—Credit balances $1.55; certificates, no bid; shipments 63,860 bbls., average 70,665; runs 79,424, average 66,830; shipments (Lima) 38,663, average 56,423; runs (Lima) 68,463, average 56,740.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Dec. 21.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures quiet; December nominal; January 7s 1¼d; March 7s 1¼d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new 4s 7¼d; do old 4s 10½d; futures steady; December 4s 3⅜d; March 4s 3¼d.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

Wednesday Evening, Dec. 21.—Deposits with the banks compare favorably with those of the corresponding period last year, and as far as can be estimated the holiday trade is proving very satisfactory. Activity is noted over the counter, but there is only a moderate borrowing inquiry, with some disposition on the part of merchants to pay off paper. Rates for money remain firm at 5 and 6 per cent.

New York exchange sold to-day at par.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$1,856,325
Balance	125,693

The market for securities was quiet, sales of bonds amounting to only $13,000 par value. New Orleans Railways 4½s were in good request and the price was very firm to-day, advancing to 77¼ bid, with none offering. Sales of the common stock were reported at 2¼ to 3¼ and 3½. The preferred stock sold here at 13¼. There was no feature to the market, and some stocks ordinarily active were not qouted at all. Louisville Traction was wanted at 77, with none offering. St. Louis United Railways common was quoted at 22⅝@23, the preferred stock at 68¾ bid and 70 asked and the bonds at 87½ bid. Brown Bros.' underwriting subscriptions were 108½ asked. Detroit United Railway stock was quoted in New York at 77½@78½, and Toledo Railways and Light at 22⅝@23½. San Francisco Railways common sold in New York at 22.

Louisville having no exchange where daily prices for securities are established, the following sales reported to-day are published for what they may be worth:

$5,000 St. Louis United Ry. 4s	87½
$5,000 Buffalo Railway consol. 5s	*113
$3,000 Louisville Railway 5s	*113
100 shares New Orleans Ry. com	3½
90 shares New Orleans Ry. pref	13¼
91 shares New Orleans Ry. com	3¼
86 shares New Orleans Ry. com	2¼
85 shares New Orleans Ry. pref	13¼

*And interest.

Interest on New Orleans Railways 4½s, due January 1, will be paid at the office of the Fidelity Trust Company in this city.

The stockholders of the Toledo Railways and Light Company will hold their annual meeting at the office of the company in Toledo on January 19. Books close January 7 and reopen January 20.

The Nashville Railway and Light Company has declared a dividend of 2½ per cent. on its preferred stock, payable January 1 to holders of record December 20.

The ordinance to instruct the Board of Public Service to advertise for bids for the lighting of the streets of Toledo for a period of from two to five years has been given its third reading and passed by the Council, the vote being 9 to 7.

C. M. Clark, of Philadelphia, spent a day in Rochester this week. Immediately on his arrival he went to the State street offices of the company and was closeted for several hours with General Manager R. E. Danforth. Later in the afternoon Mr. Clark had an hour's conference with Mayor Cutler. It is an open secret that Mr. Clark does not approve all the city of Rochester has been doing to his company in the last year, and his visit to the Mayor was to make a final protest against the adoption of the omnibus penal ordinance that is now in the hands of the Council committee to be reported to the Common Council in the near future. In substance this ordinance provides that suburban cars must stop at all regular stopping places to take on city passengers; that suburban lines must give transfers on the lines of the Rochester Railway Company; that all cars must be labeled with a sign showing their destination and that no car shall turn back until it reaches such destination, barring accidents. Mr. Clark, finding the Mayor obdurate in his determination to push through the railroad ordinance, finally asked as a favor that the adoption of the ordinance be delayed a short time, until he had an opportunity to consult with the managers of the Rochester and Eastern Rapid Transit Company, as that company is more directly interested than the Rochester Railway Company in some sections of the ordinance. Mayor Cutler said he was willing as a matter of courtesy to give Mr. Clark sufficient time to consult, as there was no immediate haste about the adoption of the ordinance, but he did not promise to grant more than a short delay.—(Rochester Herald.

"Why doesn't the D. U. R. promise a straight five-cent fare from the City Hall to the easterly boundary of Fairview village?" asks the Detroit Evening News.

"Because Jefferson avenue, between Woodward avenue and the westerly limit of Fairview village, is divided into three sections, each being operated under separate franchises, which expire at different times. Between Woodward avenue and Mt. Elliott is the first stretch, the franchise for which expires in 1909. From Mt. Elliott to the city limits is another stretch, the franchise for which is perpetual, given in 1873. The third stretch is the one now in contention, reaching from Detroit city limits to the easterly limit of Fairview. If the town board of Fairview permits the placing of a loop at the Fairview barns they will, by that act, officially recognize the validity of the franchise now in dispute and set at rest further litigation.

"With the Fairview stretch clinched, and the middle stretch perpetual, the D. U. R. is not compelled to promise anything, but if in 1909 the city does not renew the franchise to Mt. Elliott avenue and elects to run its own cars the D. U. R. can say at Mt. Elliott avenue, 'Thus far shalt thou go and no farther;' and he who lives beyond Mt. Elliott will pay the price or walk. If, on the other hand, the D. U. R., in order to get the loop, should promise the citizens of Fairview a five-cent fare it would have difficulty in carrying out the agreement, in case the city should not renew the franchise controlling the tracks between Mt. Elliott avenue and the City Hall. As it is the mere formality of approving the minutes stands between the D. U. R.'s purpose and its accomplishments. This is the 'strategic point' the D. U. R. is trying to occupy, and that is the point it will occupy if the minutes of the last meeting of the Fairview trustees are approved."

"It can be said truthfully that no difference of opinion exists as to the healthfulness of the bond market," says the Wall Street Daily News. "Demand for bonds continues to absorb all new issues at excellent prices and to reduce the floating supply of old issues of high character to pretty near zero. Illustration of the first statement has just been furnished by the immediate absorption of the Mexican $40,000,000 loan, the $8,200,000 issue of Detroit United and the $5,000,000 issue of Buffalo and Susquehanna. In each of these cases subscription lists were filled almost as soon as opened. Such action can mean nothing but superabundance of capital eager to find safe outlet; and in such subscriptions there is hardly the remotest tinge of speculation. A security market having as its basis broad, healthy bond demand must command confidence, nor can its reactions at any time become dangerous."

FIVE NEW ELECTRIC ROADS TO ENTER ROCHESTER, TWO TO CONNECT WITH BUFFALO.

As the result of the session of the State Railroad Commission in Rochester last week to hear the application for franchises by promoters of electric lines that desire to enter Rochester from the West, a number of important facts were disclosed of local interest. Rumors of trolley roads coming from the West have been printed periodically in the Rochester papers for a year or two, but, as all the promoters were outside men, little of an authentic nature had ever been published here until last week.

It is now disclosed that two roads connecting Buffalo with Rochester, one following the main line of the New York Central and going through Batavia and the other following the Falls line of the Central and going through Lockport and Albion are practically assured, and that construction work will begin as soon as the franchises are granted. One line, the Batavia road, will enter the city over the West Avenue tracks of the Rochester Railway Company and the Albion road will enter the city by way of the Lyell-avenue route. Both roads plan to pass the Four Corners, adding to the great congestion of car traffic that already exists at that point.

Both lines are planning to do a large freight business and are desirous of running freight cars into the city. In fact, the president of the Batavia road said he had made freight ar-

rangements with the Erie railroad and expected to transfer freight in carload lots at Rochester, Batavia and Buffalo. His idea seemed to be that freight cars could be run across the Four Corners and directly to the Erie freighthouse on Exchange street.

At the same time these two Western roads are preparing to enter Rochester, the Syracuse and Rochester road is preparing to enter Rochester by way of the University-avenue line. Moreover, there are rumors of another line coming down the Genesee Valley to enter the city over the Exchange-street line, and still another road to run to Elmira from Rochester, whose entrance has not been made public.

It will only be a year or two, therefore, when five more suburban roads shall enter Rochester, in addition to the five suburban lines already using the streets of the city. At present, the Charlotte cars use Lake avenue, the Summerville cars use St. Paul street, the Sea Breeze cars use North street, the Sodus cars use Main street east and the Canandaigua cars use Monroe avenue. All these cars come down to the center of the city and with one exception all cross the Four Corners.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

Structural Steel Pool advances all products $2 a ton.

Tennessee Coal and Iron expects to be making rails up to its full capacity throughout 1905.

New York Central declared regular quarterly of 1¼ per cent.

It is possible that Missouri Pacific will show for the fiscal year ending December 31 a surplus nearly as large as in 1903. The surplus in 1903 was equal to 9.7 per cent. on stock.

American Car and Foundry directors meet about January 1 to act on dividend of 1¾ per cent. on preferred stock. While no action will be taken regarding dividend on common stock, it is expected that the statement of earnings to be submitted at the meeting will partially reflect improvement that has taken place in the company's business.

American Tobacco preferred first dividend declared, payable January 3.

New York Central for the quarter ending December 31 shows a net increase of $428,665; six months ending December 31 net increase $608,352.

American Locomotive declared 1¾ per cent. on preferred stock.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—After midday the market still further developed the hesitating tendency shown in the second hour. Traders thought that the Western crowd were overdoing the advance and were willing to catch them loaded with stock, but the principal reason was evidence afforded that the Standard Oil people did not like the recommendation of the Bureau of Corporations. In spite of the talk about rights on New York Central, the stock acted by no means so confidently as on Tuesday. Amalgamated Copper was heavy and lower. The short interest is said to be large, but does not look so in the loan crowd, where the borrowing is exceptionally light.—(Ex. Norton & Co. to J. J. B. Hilliard & Son.

New York.—In the first hour the market had every indication of hardening and gradually working higher, but when the purport of Mr. Garfield's recommendation was published a sharp reaction took place. The selling on this break was not particularly impressive, most of it having the appearance of short stock, but there was undoubtedly a certain amount of scattering liquidation brought about by fears of what the effect of these recommendations by the chief of the Bureau of Corporations might be. We ourselves consider this plan an excellent one and one which no honestly managed corporation can object to. It is the principle, however, involved, viz., interference by the Government in private business, which creates the uneasy feeling, for it is an accepted fact that socialism is the great danger of modern times, and such recommendations are unmistakably a step in that direction. We think that with the present complexion of Congress there need be no fear of any such matter becoming a law, and therefore advise the purchase of stocks on any further decline.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

New York.—Stocks closed fairly firm, after a good deal of weakness. Probably a good deal of margined stock was shaken out, but we do not think any investment interests sold. The bear tactics must have been clear to most persons. They made a mountain out of a molehill in the matter of Commissioner Garfield's recommendations in regard to industrial corporations. It is pretty well recognized here that it would require a constitutional amendment to carry out his suggestions, and it is next to impossible to get a constitutional amendment. It is many years since we had any. With the adjournment of Congress for the holidays this matter will be forgotten. When the proper time comes there will probably be a measure introduced for the regulation of traffic rates which will meet with the approval of railroad managers. If railroad interests approve there will be no occasion for any uneasiness in the minds of the public. Therefore we may dismiss legislative news as extremely unlikely to affect the stock market. The buying side is the one to take at the moment. We would use all such drives as we had to-day for the purpose of buying good stocks. All legitimate news developments are favorable and point to higher prices. Foreign exchange declined still further this afternoon, making a total break of 20 points for the day, and marking the early termination of gold exports.—(C. I. Hudson & Co. to John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—The market is somewhat easier. The bearish influences have been the sharp break in Consolidated Gas due to talk of adverse legislation, combined with the annual report of the Commissioner of Corporations, in which he makes a number of recommendations which the bear element used to hammer the market. The facts are a reaction was due, and after so many days' strength was to be expected. The market is likely to move within narrow limits for the present, but we see nothing in the situation to bring about any sharp declines from present prices. The recent liquidation was so thorough that the market is now in a healthy position. With the prospect for large earnings ahead of us, we see no reason why the good rails should not be bought on the breaks.—(Dick Bros. & Co. to W. L. Lyons & Co.

New York.—Buying orders appeared at the start. Stocks were bid up all around the room. The impression prevailed that Wall street would not wait until after the holidays to buy stocks, and bullish sentiment was rampant with the knowledge that a respectable short interest was in existence and with the belief prevailing that Reading directors would declare a dividend to-day. There was considerable realizing that finally developed into a heavy selling movement, due to unfavorable advices from Washington, a reflection of Commissioner Garfield's recommendation that all corporations transacting an interstate business should take out a Government franchise or a license thus subjecting them to the Federal laws. This news was too much for the market, timid holders throwing over long stocks, with declines assisted through bear pressure from the professionals. Money 2¾ per cent. Banks have lost $29,000 since Friday. Rallies appeared, but they were not very pronounced, the good feeling that existed early rapidly disappearing on the unexpected Washington incident, which may not prove such a bugbear as anticipated when more closely analyzed. The near approach of the holidays will undoubtedly lessen operations considerably, although the undertone to the market is not a weak one by any means, and as we view the situation we are still of the belief that the standard stocks should be bought on bear drives.—(Ware & Leland.

New York.—There was no real reason given for the decline about noon. Traders sold the market and bought some of them back, causing a slight rally at the close.—(Kelley, Miller & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, Dec. 21.—Money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent.; closing bid 2½; offered at 2¾; time loans easy and dull; 60 days, 90 days and six months 3½@3¾; prime mercantile paper 4@4½. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8715 for demand and at $4.8450 for 60-day bills; posted rates $4.85½ and $4.88; commercial bills $4.84¼. Bar silver 61⅛c. Mexican dollars 48⅝c. Government bonds easy. Railroad bonds heavy.

The strong upward movement of prices of stocks in dull trading which became striking yesterday was continued for a brief period only this morning. The movement at first seemed to run out simply, and a lethargic condition developed. Then prices turned abruptly downwards. Sharp declines were scored on a considerably larger volume of business than at any time during the previous day's advance.

The coincidence of accelerated downward movement with the appearance in Wall street of printed abstracts of the report of the Commissioner of Corporations gave color to the supposition that the weakness was induced by the contents of the report. The recommendation in favor of Federal licenses to permit corporations to engage in interstate commerce seemed to revive all the apprehension felt in the financial district on this subject, ever since the publication of the President's message. When the subject has receded into the background as a market factor, or seemed to do so, it has been because of quotation of authorities throwing doubt on the likelihood of action by Congress in line with the recommendations. This was the attitude yesterday on the occasion of the appearance of the Interstate Commerce Commissioners' report, which did not interfere with the uplifting of the market on very meager buying.

To-day's reaction was also due to a feeling of skepticism over the substantial nature of yesterday's advance. The doubt was fostered by some rather clear evidences to-day of a resumption of pool and manipulative tactics on the part of prominent leaders of the large advance to the heights from which such costly declines were made. The cost of that decline has not passed from the memory of the victims, and the current stock market is undoubtedly still affected by the shock to confidence induced by the drop.

There was a suspicion that the movement might be in the nature of an admonition against the injudicious attempts to extend speculative commitments and force the level of prices at an unpropitious time, and that it was aided with that end in view by some of the great banking and financial interests. The manner of some of the selling was clearly intended to convey the impression of such operations, but whether with the connivance of the interests supposed to be acting was left to the usual suspicious conjecture of the trading public.

The news of the day was not very significant and was not much regarded. The busy hum of excitement of trade in the retail districts gives warning that the usual considerable holiday requirements for cash will have to be estimated with other factors in the year end money markets. With the sailing of the last steamer which can reach foreign markets with remittances before the first of the year the exchange market went to pieces and flattened out to an almost nominal basis. This is corroborative of the view that the outgo of gold has been designd for purposes of "window-dressing" by foreign financial institutions for their annual showing of resources. Last prices of stocks were not generally the lowest of the day, but the gains made yesterday were mostly wiped out and the closing tone was easy.

Bank Clearings.

Boston, Dec. 21.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $24,636,311; in New York $249,195,367. New York funds sold at 5@10c premium.

St. Louis, Dec. 21.—(Special.)—Clearings $9,658,822; balances $1,233,029. Call money 4 per cent. New York exchange 45c premium bid.

Cincinnati, Dec. 21.—(Special.)—Clearings $4,039,200. New York exchange 10c discount. Collateral loans 3@3½ per cent.

Memphis, Dec. 21.—(Special.)—Clearings $1,079,384.20. New York exchange $1 discount buying, $1 premium selling.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—(Special.)—Clearings $32,754,006; balances $2,314,517. New York exchange 15c premium.

New Orleans, Dec. 21.—Clearings $3,567,592. New York exchange: Bank $1 premium; commercial 25c discount.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High est.	Low est.	Bid. Cls'g
Atchison	15,500	86⅝	84⅝	85¼
Do preferred	900	103⅞	103¼	103¼
B. and O.	19,400	100⅝	98⅞	99⅝
Do preferred	200	95⅝	95½	95
Brooklyn Rapid T.	13,300	61⅝	59	59¾
Canadian Pacific	2,500	131	129½	130⅛
Central of N. J.	500	191	190	189
C. and O.	2,300	48⅞	47¼	47½
C. and A.	400	43½	43½	42½
Do preferred	....	....	....	78
Chicago Gt. West.	4,200	22⅝	22	22¼
C. and N. W.	200	209	207⅞	204⅞
C., M. and St. P.	18,500	171½	169	169¼
Do preferred	100	182½	182½	181
Chicago T. and T.	....	....	....	12
Do preferred	400	22	22	21⅞
C.,C.,C. and St.L.	900	91⅝	90½	89
Colorado Southern	700	23¼	22⅝	22⅝
Do 1st pref.	800	59⅝	59½	59½
Do 2d pref.	600	36⅝	35⅝	35½
Del. and Hudson	1,700	187⅝	186	185
D., L. and W.	300	330	330	330
D. and R. G.	200	31½	31	30
Do preferred	600	89	88	88
Erie	13,100	37⅞	36⅛	36⅝
Do 1st pref.	3,900	75¼	74	74
Do 2d pref.	200	54½	54½	54½
Hocking Valley	....	....	....	89
Do preferred	300	93⅛	93	92⅝
Illinois Central	2,400	155	153¼	154
Iowa Central	100	29¼	29¼	28⅝
Do preferred	200	56¼	55⅝	55⅝
K. C. Southern	200	28½	28½	28½
Do preferred	1,200	52⅝	52	52½
L. and N.	7,600	141⅛	138⅛	139⅛
Manhattan L.	100	163¼	163¼	162
Met. Securities	5,700	80⅞	78½	78⅝
Met. St. Ry.	5,800	122⅝	121¼	121½
Minn. and St. L.	100	58	58	57
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	....	....	....	85¼
Do preferred	....	....	....	146¾
Missouri Pacific	19,400	109¼	107⅞	108½
M., K. and T.	1,100	31⅛	30⅝	30⅝
Do preferred	1,200	63½	63	63
Mexican Central	5,500	21¼	20⅝	20⅝
Nat. Ry. Mex. pfd.	700	41	40	40
N. Y. Central	11,300	142	139⅝	140
Norfolk and West.	3,700	79	77⅞	78⅝
Do preferred	....	....	....	92
Ontario and West.	2,600	44	43½	43½
Pennsylvania	28,700	138	136¼	136⅝
P.,C.,C. and St.L.	100	76	76	75
Reading	50,900	79⅝	77½	77⅝
Do 1st pref.	600	90⅞	90½	90
Do 2d pref.	100	81½	81½	81½
Rock Island Co.	22,400	34⅝	33⅛	33½
Do preferred	1,000	85⅝	84¼	84½
St.L. & S.F. 2d pf.	100	67½	67½	66⅝
St. L. Southwest.	900	24⅝	24	24
Do preferred	100	57	57	55
Southern Pacific	48,800	65½	62⅞	63
Do preferred	1,700	118⅝	118½	118¼
Southern Railway	9,100	35⅝	33⅞	34½
Do preferred	700	97	96⅝	96½
Texas and Pacific	900	34⅝	34	34
T., St. L. and W.	300	36½	35¼	35⅛
Do preferred	300	54	53⅛	53
Union Pacific	62,800	111⅞	109⅞	110
Do preferred	100	95½	95½	95¼
Wabash	100	22	22	21⅞
Do preferred	500	43⅝	42½	42¼
W. and L. E.	....	....	....	18½
Wisconsin Central	100	22	22	21½
Do preferred	300	45⅝	45	44½

Express Companies.

	Sales.	High est.	Low est.	Cls'g Bid.
Adams	....	....	....	236
American	200	209¾	209¾	208
United States	....	....	....	119
Wells-Fargo	....	....	....	238

Industrials.

	Sales.	High est.	Low est.	Cls'g Bid.
Amal. Copper	72,000	68⅛	64½	65¼
Am. Car & F'dry	11,000	35⅝	33¼	34⅝
Do preferred	1,600	93⅝	92⅝	92½
Am'n Cotton Oil	2,300	37	36¼	36⅝
Do preferred	....	....	....	95
American Ice	600	6⅞	6½	6¼
Do preferred	1,000	38	37½	37¼
Am'n Linseed Oil	....	....	....	15½
Do preferred	....	....	....	37
Am'n Locomotive	7,600	35	33⅞	34⅛
Do preferred	300	103	102⅞	102⅝
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	4,700	81⅞	80⅛	80½
Do preferred	100	113⅞	113⅞	113
Am. Sugar Ref'g	29,500	143⅝	140	141⅝
Ana. Mining Co.	100	98½	98½	98½
Col. Fuel and I.	7,000	46⅞	45	45½
Consolidated Gas	26,100	201⅛	194¼	195⅞
Corn Products	2,900	21⅞	20½	20⅝
Do preferred	1,700	79½	78⅞	78⅝
Dist. Securities	300	38	37¼	37
Gen. Electric	100	186	186	184
Internat'l Paper	900	24⅞	24	24
Do preferred	200	77½	77½	77
Internat'l Pump	....	....	....	39
Do preferred	....	....	....	85
National Lead	3,100	24⅝	23⅝	23½
North American	....	....	....	100
Pacific Mail	500	43½	42½	41½
People's Gas	4,400	107⅛	105⅛	106
Pressed Steel Car	1,000	39⅞	38⅞	38⅞
Do preferred	300	90½	90	89½
Pullman Pal. Car	....	....	....	233
Republic Steel	900	16⅞	16	16
Do preferred	600	69¼	68½	68⅝
Rubber Goods	1,100	26⅞	25½	26⅛
Do preferred	300	94	94	93⅞
Tenn. Coal and I.	7,700	72⅞	69¾	70½
U. S. Leather	14,600	14⅞	13⅞	14½
Do preferred	9,300	101⅞	100⅞	101
U.S.Realty & Imp.	300	80⅛	80	78
U. S. Rubber	....	....	....	31½
Do preferred	200	93⅞	93	93
U. S. Steel	68,600	30	28⅞	28⅝
Do preferred	112,500	93⅞	91	91⅝
Westin'house Elec.	1,100	183½	181½	180½
Western Union	400	92⅝	92⅝	92¼

Total sales for the day, 848,100 shares.

BOND QUOTATIONS.

New York, Dec. 21.—Bonds were heavy. Total sales (par value) $3,260,000. U. S. new 4s registered declined ¼ per cent. on call.

The following are the closing bid prices on Government bonds:

U. S. Bonds.

Refunding 2s, registered	104⅛
Do coupon	104⅝
3s, registered	104½
Do coupon	104½
New 4s, registered	130⅝
Do coupon	130⅝
Old 4s, registered	105⅝
Do coupon	106⅝

Miscellaneous Bonds.

Atchison general 4s	102⅝
Do adjustment 4s	94⅛
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	99⅛
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	103¼
Do 3½s	96
Central of Georgia 5s	111
Do first income	92½
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	105⅝
Chicago and Alton 3½s	82
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s	100¼
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul gen. 4s	110⅝
Chicago and Northwestern consol. 7s	129
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 4s	80⅝
Do collateral 5s	93⅞
C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s	*101½
Chicago Terminal 4s	85⅛
Consolidated Tobacco 4s	76
Colorado and Southern 4s	92¼
Colorado Fuel 5s	85½
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	102
Erie prior lien 4s	101⅛
Do general 4s	91⅝
Fort Worth and Denver City firsts	107⅛
Hocking Valley 4½s	111⅛
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	103⅝
Manhattan consolidated gold 4s	105
Mexican Central 4s	76¼
Do first income	23⅝
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	100½
Do seconds	85
National Railway of Mexico consol. 4s	81¼
New York Central general 3½s	100⅝
New Jersey Central general 5s	136
Northern Pacific 4s	105⅛
Do 3s	75
Norfolk and Western consol. 4s	100⅝
Oregon Short Line 4s and participating	104
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s	102⅝
Reading general 4s	102½
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol. 5s	116¼
St. Louis and San Francisco fdg. 4s	89⅝
St. Louis Southwestern firsts	97⅝
Seaboard Air Line 4s	84¼
Southern Pacific 4s	94
Southern Railway 5s	119½
Texas and Pacific firsts	119⅝
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	*82½
Union Pacific 4s	106¼
Do convertible 4s	110¼
United States Steel second 5s	92
Wabash firsts	117½
Do debenture eB	67¼
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	93¼
Wisconsin Central 4s	92½

*Offered.

NEW YORK BOND SALES

(Reported by Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.)

Bond	Sales	Price
Am. Tobacco ctf. 4s.	$20,000	72
	$32,000	72¼
	$82,000	71⅞
	$25,000	71¾
Ann Arbor 1st 4s.	$20,000	98⅝
B. and O. S-W. 3½s.	$11,000	93⅝
B. R. T. 5s.	$7,000	108
B. R. T. conv. 4s.	$6,000	85
C. G. 1st 5s.	$10,000	92¼
Cen. Ga. 2d income 5s.	$26,000	73⅝
	$30,000	73½
Cen. Ga. 3d income 5s.	$10,000	63⅝
Cen. Pac. 1st ref. 4s.	$15,000	101⅝
	$86,000	101⅞
C. and A. 4s.	$10,000	84⅞
C., B. and Q. 4s.	$11,000	100¼
C., B. and Q. Ill. 3½s.	$29,000	97
C. and N. W. 6s.	$10,000	116
C., R. I. and P. gold 5s.	$48,000	93¾
C., R. I. and P. R.R. 4s.	$25,000	81
	$20,000	81⅝
Col. Fuel cvs.	$10,000	85¼
Colorado Midland 4s.	$29,000	76
	$10,000	76¼
	$10,000	76
Con. Tobacco 4s.	$10,000	76
Colorado Southern 4s.	$5,000	92
	$25,000	91⅝
Cuba 5s.	$59,000	102⅞
Dist. Securities Cor. 5s.	$20,000	78¼
Erie convertible 4s.	$10,000	95⅞
Hocking Valley 4½s.	$13,000	111¼
Int. and Gt. Nor. 3d 4s.	$17,000	71
Japan ctf. 6s.	$30,000	93⅝
	$10,000	93⅛
L. S. and M. S. 3½s.	$5,000	100¼
Long Island 5s.	$10,000	102¼
L. and N. 4s.	$1,000	103⅝
L. and N. col. tr. 4s.	$1,000	98
L. and N.-So. Ry.-Monon col. 4s.	$20,000	97
Mex. Central con. 4s.	$9,000	76⅝
Mex. Cen. 1st income.	$10,000	23⅝
N. Y. C.-L./S. 3½s.	$44,000	90½
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. and P. 5s.	$30,000	110
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. and P. 4s.	$10,000	95½
	$26,000	95⅝
Norfolk and West. 4s.	$7,000	100⅞
Penn. convertible 3½s.	$15,000	102½
Reading gen. mor. 4s.	$11,000	102½
R. I. Gr. col. tr. 4s.	$10,000	89
St. L. and S. F. 4s.	$11,000	89½
	$55,000	89⅝
	$39,000	89½
St. L. and S.W. con. 4s.	$37,000	80½
S. A. and A. Pass 4s.	$8,000	88⅝
Southern Pacific 4½s.	$15,000	100⅝
So. Ry. St. L. Div. 4s.	$25,000	99
U. P. convertible 4s.	$40,000	111½
	$215,000	111⅝
	$50,000	111⅝
	$20,000	111⅝
	$70,000	110⅝
	$92,000	110¾
	$46,000	110¾
	$105,000	110⅝
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s.	$76,000	92⅝
	$75,000	92½
	$265,000	92¼
	$20,000	92⅛
	$128,000	92
	$10,000	91⅞
	$45,000	91⅝
Wabash deb. Bs.	$10,000	67½
	$35,000	67

Total sales (par value) $3,266,500.

Record Prices of Season For Burley Tobacco.

The record for the season on new Burley tobacco was made at the Central Warehouse to-day, when 12 hogsheads in fair to good condition, realized an average of $15.58. The highest price was $17.75, obtained for two offerings. Other prices were $13.75, $14, $14.25, $14.50, $15.75, $16, $16.25 and $16.75, two hogsheads selling for $16 and two at $14.25. E. J. O'Brien took most of the lot, including the highest priced offerings.

The tobacco was grown in Bourbon county, and was purchased there by Ashley Leer, a dealer, and shipped to this market. It consisted of leaf, lugs and trash.

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, Dec. 21.—Money was in strong demand in the market to-day. Discounts were a shade easier, owing to the improvement in continental exchanges, which were also affected by the news of the coming influx of gold from India and Egypt. Operators on the Stock Exchange were in holiday humor and there was little pretense of business. Consols were firm. Americans opened quietly steady at about parity, with Southern Pacific the feature. Stocks hardened later and closed firm. Japanese were cheerful. Imperial Japanese Government 6s of 1904 were quoted at 95¼. Consols for money 88⅝; do for the account 88¼; Anaconda 5¼; Atchison 88⅞; do preferred 106; Baltimore and Ohio 103⅞; Canadian Pacific 134; Chesapeake and Ohio 49⅝; Chicago Great Western 23; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 175½; De Beers 18¼; Denver and Rio Grande 32¼; do preferred 90⅝; Erie 38⅝; do first preferred 77; do second preferred 57½; Illinois Central 159½; Louisville and Nashville 145½; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 32; New York Central 145¼; Norfolk and Western 81¼; do preferred 95; Ontario and Western 45⅝; Pennsylvania 70½; Rand Mines 11¼; Reading 40⅝; do first preferred 45½; do second preferred 41½; Southern Railway 36; do preferred 99¼; Southern Pacific 66½; Union Pacific 114⅝; do preferred 98; United States Steel 30½; do preferred 95¼; Wabash 22½; do preferred 44⅞; Spanish fours 89½. Bar silver steady at 28¼d per ounce. Money 2@2½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2 15-16@3 per cent.; do three months' bills 2¾@2 15-16 per cent.

Paris, Dec. 21.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were weak and trading was inactive. Russian Imperial 4s were quoted at 90.60 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 501. The private rate of discount was 2½@2⅝ per cent. Three per cent. rentes 97f 47½c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 16c for checks.

Berlin, Dec. 21.—The changes on the Bourse to-day were of little importance. Exchange on London 20 marks 37½ pfgs. for checks. Short bills 3½ per cent.; three months' bills 4 per cent.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, Dec. 21, 1904.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1904.	Ship'd 1904.	Rec'd 1903.	Ship'd 1903.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs.	27,600	203,952	22,200	221,036
Bagging, lbs.	......	1,900	......	2,130
Boots and shoes, cases	662	223	466	312
Coffee, lbs.	37,540	32,950	53,008	47,770
Cotton, bales	115	......	4	10
Flour, bbls.	203	675	205	2,151
Furniture, lbs.	19,100	113,645	9,335	80,330
Barley, bush.	3,600	......	......	......
Malt, bush.	5,300	2,175	......	450
Corn, bush.	42,400	30,400	14,100	42,615
Oats, bush.	13,000	6,600	2,600	3,200
Rye, bush.	4,800	6,625	2,315	6,700
Wheat, bush.	5,310	2,700	5,225	8,410
Hardware, pkgs.	509	1,823	201	2,624
Hay, tons	147	......	92	20
Bacon, lbs.	51,890	289,632	31,120	142,910
Hams, lbs.	......	2,225	......	3,525
Lard, lbs.	14,400	128,820	5,200	56,905
Pig iron, tons	778	18	616	......
Leather, lbs.	......	27,083	......	36,131
Nails, kegs	730	504	202	234
Apples, gr., bbls.	959	416	......	430
Onions, bbls.	......	75	......	118
Potatoes, bbls.	1,400	82	......	274
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	36,200	1,550	......	......
Soap, lbs.	3,800	26,810	150	17,035
Sugar, bbls.	575	288	1,400	456
Tobacco, leaf hds.	337	149	120	389
Tobacco, mfd., lbs	440	112,490	1,906	180,740
Whisky, bbls.	492	1,482	243	1,436
Wool, lbs.	3,000	3,720	......	13,492

LOCAL MARKETS.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge, these quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

BEANS—Northern hand-picked $1.85 per bu.; Indiana new beans $1.90 per bu.; Lima beans 5½c per lb.; California pinks $2.30 per bu.; New York red kidneys $3.50 per bu.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.55@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement 75@87c per bbl.; lime 80c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.55@2 per bbl.

CHEESE—New York cheddars 14½c; Western cheddars 14c; full cream flats and twins 14½c; full cream dairies 15c; full cream, long horns 15½c; skim goods 11@11½c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 12½@13½c; Maracaibo 10½@12½c; Laguayra 10½@11½c; Mocha 19¾@23c; Java 24½@28c. Green Rios: Fancy 12½c; choice 11½c; prime 11c; good 10½c; roasting grades 10½@12c; Santos 11@15c.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota spring patents $6.50@6.75 per bbl.; plain patents $6@6.50; straights $5.75@6; family $5; low grades $4.75; winter patents $6@6.25; winter straights $5.75@6; low grades $4@4.25; bolted meal $1.50 per 100 lbs.

FEATHERS—Prime white goose 48@49c per lb.; gray 35@39c; No. 1 old 35@38c; dark and mixed old goose 15@25c; white duck 38@40c; old and mixed duck 25@30c.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 7@7½c; raisins, London layers, per box $1.40; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes 5½@6c; prunes, California new 3@6½c; peaches 9@12c; pears 10@11c; figs, in layers 10@12c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 11@11½c; Persian dates 5c; Fard dates 8@9c; evaporated apples 6½c.

FIELD SEED—Selling prices from store: Choice timothy $1.30@1.40 per bu.; clover $7.50@8; orchard $1.30@1.45; bluegrass, fancy 75@80c; red top, fancy 5½@7c; English bluegrass $1.40.

HAY—These quotations are for hay in car lots on track: Choice $12.50@13; clover hay $11@11.50; wheat straw $6@6.50; No. 1 $11.50@12; No. 2 $10.50@11. This is for baled hay; hay from store $1.50@2 per ton higher.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides; Southern green hides ½c lower. We quote assorted lots: Dry flint, No. 1 18c; No. 2 16c; dry salted, No. 1 15c; No. 2 14c; round lots of green salted beef hides 9@9½c; round lots, dry 15@17c; dry kip and calf 16c; green salted, No. 1 10c; No. 2 9c; kip and calf 9c; sheepskins, butchers' 75c@$1; country skins 40@80c; shearings 15@25c; shearings, dry 5@15c; lambskins 45@70c; horse hides, No. 1 large $3; No. 2 $2.

KRAUT—45-gallon casks $5; ½-bbl., 15 gallons, $2.25.

MILL OFFAL—In car lots: Bran $19.50@20; shorts $20.50@21. Prices are $1.50 per ton higher in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 22½c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 36@38c; centrifugals 24@30c; sorghum 35@38c per gallon, according to quality.

NUTS—Dealers' prices are as follows: Almonds 14c per lb.; filberts 10c; California walnuts 15¼c; French walnuts 12c; peanuts, fancy Virginia 6½c; choice Virginia 6c; Texas pecans 8@10c; home-grown pecans 10c; cocoanuts $3.25 per 100; mixed nuts 11c per lb.; Brazil nuts 10c; chestnuts 7@7½c.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 82c per gallon; No. 2 78c; linseed 42c for raw and 43c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 57c; extra No. 1 52c; No. 1 43c; No. 2 40c; gasoline, 87 degrees 19c; stove gasoline 12½c; benzine, 63 degrees 11c; straits oil 33c; black oil 9@18c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 25c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined 35c per gallon; coal oil, Kentucky test 11½c; Indiana 11½c; water white, 150 degrees 12½c; headlight, 175 test 13½c; turpentine 54c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white and red lead 6½c per lb., less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ¾c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 3c per lb.; fancy 5½c; Japan 4½c; Java 6c; Indian head 6¼c; Carolina head 5½c; fancy Patna 6c.

ROOTS—Clean ginseng, Kentucky $7@7.25 per lb.; Indiana $7.25@7.50; Southern ginseng $7@7.50; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1.25; Mayapple 4c; blood root 7c; Virginia snake root 30c; Seneca snake root 45c; pink root 12@13c; lady slipper 5c. Dealers do not want ginseng split, or unstrung, and washed before dried.

SALT—Delivered in dray load lots as follows: Ohio river 7-bu. bbl. $1.30; do 5-bu. bbl. $1.05; Michigan 7-bu. bbl. (medium) $1.30; do 5-bu. bbl. (medium) $1.04; do 5-bu. bbl. (fine) 97c; do 7-bu. bbl. $1.20; dairy salt $1.25@1.95 per bbl.; freezing salt, 200-lb. sack 65c.

TALLOW—No. 1 4½c; No. 2 4c.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1903: First three-bracket sizes 90 and 20 per cent.; all other sizes 90 and 15 per cent.

WOOL—Quotations are for Kentucky and Indiana wool. For Southern wool quotations are from 1c to 2c per lb. lower on grease wool: Burry 16@20c; clear grease 27@28c; medium tub-washed 38@39c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 33@36c; black wool 24c.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Crystal dominos	8.70	No. 3	5.82
Eagle tablets	7.70	No. 6	5.67
Cut loaf	6.77	No. 7	5.62
Cubes	6.32	No. 8	5.57
XXXX powdered	6.22	No. 9	5.52
Powdered	6.17	No. 10	5.47
Stand. gran., bbls.	6.00	No. 12	5.37
Stand. gran., 2-lb.	6.32	No. 14	5.27

GRAIN.

WHEAT—
No. 2 red and longberry $1 16
No. 3 red and longberry 1 14
Rejected 2@8c less; on levee 1½c less.
CORN—
No. 2 white 55¼
No. 2 mixed 55½
OATS—
No. 3 white 35
No. 2 mixed 34
RYE—
No. 2 Western 81
No. 2 Northwestern 86

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

IRON BARS—$2@2.10 for base.
TOOL STEEL—18@25c for base.
SOFT STEEL—$2.45 for base.
STEEL ROOFING—Corrugated $2.25@2.30; V-crimped $2.40 per square.
BLACK SHEETS—No. 10 $2.10; No. 12 $2.20; No. 14 $2.35; No. 16 $2.45; Nos. 18 and 20 $2.60; Nos. 22 and 24 $2.80; No. 26 $2.50; No. 27 $2.85 per 100 lbs.
GALVANIZED SHEETS—70 and 5 per cent. discount.
CUT STEEL NAILS—$2.20 base.
WIRE NAILS—$2.10 base.
PLAIN BLACK WIRE—$1.90 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.
GALVANIZED WIRE—$2.20 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.
BARBED WIRE—Painted $2.20; galvanized $2.50 per 100 lbs.
HORSE SHOES—No. 2 and larger, Juniata $3.75 base; Perkins' $4 base; Burden $4.25 per keg.
HARROW TEETH—$3.25 per 100 lbs.
MACHINE BOLTS—70 per cent. discount.
CARRIAGE BOLTS—70 per cent. discount.

PROVISIONS.

MESS PORK—$11.
HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 10¾@11½c; heavy to medium 10¾@11c.
BACON—Clear rib sides 9½c; regular clear sides 9½c; breakfast bacon 13½@14c; sugar-cured shoulders 8¼c; bacon, extra 9½c; bellies, light 10c, heavy 10c.
LARD—Prime steam in tierces 7c; choice leaf in tierces 8¼c, in tubs 8½c; pure leaf lard in tierces 9c, in tubs 9¼c, in firkins 9¼c.
BULK MEATS—Ribs 8¾c; regular clear 8¾c; extra short 8¼c.
DRIED BEEF—12c.

COTTON.

Middling 7⅝c; strict middling 7¾c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

These prices are wholesale.

BUTTER—Packing 13c lb.; good country 15@17c; Elgin 28½c in 60-lb. tubs, 29c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 29½c.
EGGS—23@24c, loss off.
POULTRY—Hens 7c per lb.; spring chickens, large 7c, small 8c; ducks 11c; geese $7@7.25 per dozen; turkeys 12c per lb.
DRESSED POULTRY—Turkeys 15@16c per lb.; hens 10½@11c; chickens 11½@12c; ducks 13½@14c; geese $8@12 per dozen.
GAME—Rabbits $1 per dozen; squirrels $1.25 per dozen.
FRUIT—Home-grown apples $2@2.25 bbl.; Northern apples $2.50@3.50 per bbl.; Florida pineapples $2.75@3 per crate; bananas $1@1.75 per bunch; Florida oranges $2.50@2.60 per box; cranberries $7@7.50 per bbl.; imported Malaga grapes $5@6 per bbl.; Turkey figs 11@12c per lb.; new Persia dates 5c per lb.; new Fard dates 10c per lb.; Florida grape fruit $4 per box; Messina lemons $3.25 per box; California lemons $3 per box; Florida mandarines $2 per half box; Florida tangerines $2 per half box.
VEGETABLES—New onions $1.75 per bag; leaf lettuce $1.25 per bu.; Southern head lettuce $1.25 per bu.; parsley 30c per dozen; egg plants $1.50@2 dozen; green beans $2.50@3 per hamper; home-grown beets 20c per dozen; Southern radishes 50c per dozen bunches; home-grown tomatoes $1.50 per bu.; Northern cabbage $14 per ton; home-grown potatoes $1.50@1.75 per bbl.; Southern peppers $3 per crate; Spanish onions $1.75 per crate; Michigan celery $2.50 per case, 40c per dozen; turnips $1.25 per bbl.; cucumbers $1.50@1.75 per dozen; red peppers 50c per dozen; kale 90c@$1 per bbl.; carrots $2 per bbl.; California celery $2.75 per pony crate.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Wednesday Evening, Dec. 21.—Leaf tobacco sales to-day were composed largely of new Burley, there being only 55 dark out of the 661 hogsheads offered. The market for the better grades of the new Burley was inclined to be easier, while that for the low grades was decidedly stronger. One lot of new Burley from Bourbon county, composed of 12 hogsheads, averaged $15.58, $17.75 being the highest price paid. This tobacco showed exceptional color and was in good condition. The new dark offerings were generally of the lower grades and sold at fairly satisfactory prices. Old Burley was scarce, in good demand and realized high prices. Old dark tobacco was of poor quality, with the market firm.

E. D. Fryman, of Harrison county, has sold his crop of tobacco, consisting of about 7,000 pounds, to C. Lebus, of Cynthiana, at 15 cents straight. The crop consists principally of the best cigarette tobacco.

"In our correspondence from Southern Kentucky last week we find," says the Western Tobacco Journal, "that, notwithstanding unfavorable weather and no shipping being done, there has been considerable tobacco changed hands in districts where the farmers' organizations have not tied up the crops. This, however, has been done only in the Clarksville, Tenn., district, where it appears enough of the farmers have concluded to pool their interests and place their tobacco in the hands of the Farmers' Alliance, who are to furnish advances on it, build drying and prizing houses and hold it for future sale, unless they get four cents per pound more than they did last year. While this will be done as far as desired in the Clarksville district, we are informed that many substantial farmers even there will not go into any such scheme to become speculators, but will sell their crops in the open market if they get prices satisfactory to them, whatever the Farmers' Alliance will do.

"The Italian buyers in the Clarksville district, as we understand it, have left the field, neither the crop, as to quality or prices, suiting them, and have gone to the Western district. As stated last week, they have made Paducah and Mayfield their headquarters for the season, where they had secured considerable tobacco, but had hardly started at our last advice in Barren, Marshall and other counties, where it is claimed the tobacco exists which is suitable for them, and has resulted in the raising of prices somewhat over other buyers, more particularly the Imperial Tobacco Company buyer, Mr. Glover, who has been active in securing some of the best crops there. The want of a stripping season only has prevented them and the country dealers from securing more than they have done. With the advent of the Italian buyers business will now become more active and benefit the farmers all the more."

The following is the report of offerings to-day on the Louisville market, including all the warehouses:

	Hhds.
Burley	606
Dark	55
Total	661
Original inspections	3,616
Reviews	45
Rejections yesterday	28

First sale to-morrow at the Kentucky Warehouse.

Sales to-day were reported as follows:

Burley.

Anderson County—8 hhds at $12.75, 12.25 to 8.20.
Bullitt County—3 hhds at $12.75 to 8.40.
Breckenridge County—4 hhds at $14.25, 10.75, 10 and 7.40; 1 hhd at $14.25; 14 hhds at $9.90 to 5.80.
Barren County—28 hhds at $14, 12.75, 12.75, 10.75, 12.25, 11.75, 10.75, 12.75, 13.50, 13, 14.25, 14 to 6.90; 12 at $14.25, 14.25, 13.75, 13.75, 13.50, 12.75, 12.75, 11.75, 11.75, 11, 9.50 and 8.
Bourbon County—12 hhds at $17.75, 17.75, 16.75, 16.25, 16, 16, 15.75, 14.50, 14.25, 14.25, 14 and 13.75; 1 hhd at $5.40.
Bath County—14 hhds at $16, 15.50, 15.25 to 10.50; 12 hhds at $14, 13.75 to 7.75.
Carter County—8 hhds at $14.25, 14, 12, 12, 11.25, 10.75, 10.25 and 7.90.
Clark County—6 hhds at $11.25, 10.50, 8.90, 8.90, 7.90 and 6.60.
Fayette County—14 hhds at $14.75 to 4.95.
Franklin County—8 hhds at $12.75 to 6.40.
Green County—13 hhds at $12.50, 11.50 to 6.10; 4 hhds at $15.75, 14.25 to 7.20; 7 hhds at $12.75, 10, 9.30 to 6.50; 26 hhds at $14 to 7.40.
Hart County—15 hhds at $14.50, 13.75, 12.75 to 7.50; 13 hhds at $14.75, 14.25, 11.75, 12.75, 12 to 8.20; 4 hhds at $11.75 to 8.10; 17 hhds at $12.75 to 5; 8 hhds at $12.75, 11.25, 9.40, 7.70, 7.70, 6.60, 6.40 and 4.60; 30 hhds at $13.75, 13, 12.50, 10, 9.50 to 6.50; 25 hhds at $14.25 to 5.45.
Henry County—5 hhds at $11.50 to 8.10; 6 hhds at $11.75 to 6; 10 hhds at $13.75 to 8.30; 8 hhds at $18.75, 18, 17, 16.25, 13.50, 10.75, 10.25 and 7.90; 6 hhds at $13.25 to 8.90.
Hardin County—10 hhds at $11.75 to 6.20; 3 hhds at $16.75 to 8.60.
Larue County—15 hhds at $12.75, 11, 10, 8.90 to 6.
Marion County—5 hhds at $12 to 8.60.
Meade County—6 hhds at $11.75 to 7.10.
Metcalfe County—12 hhds at $14.25, 13.75, 13.75, 13.75, 12.75, 12.75, 13.50 to 7.90; 12 hhds at $14.75, 14.50, 14.50, 11.75, 11, 12.75, 12.75, 10.75, 10.25, 10, 7.90 and 7.90; 5 hhds at $9.90 to $8.
Shelby County—2 hhds at $13 and 8.50; 30 hhds at $12.75 to 5.
Spencer County—10 hhds at $10 to 7.60; 8 hhds at $13.75, 13.50, 10.50, 10.25 to 9.60; 4 hhds at $13.25 to 9.90; 7 hhds at $13.75 to 8.10.
Trimble County—10 hhds at $13 to 8.80.
Washington County—9 hhds at $13.75 to 9; 8 hhds at $13 to 8.50.
Warren County—9 hhds at $15.25, 12.75, 13.75, 11.25, 11.75 to 7.90.
Tennessee—2 hhds at $14 and 12.75.

Dark.

Barren County—2 hhds at $7.30 and 4.60.
Breckenridge County—5 hhds at $5.80 to 3.95; 2 hhds at $4.30 and 3.95.
Green County—7 hhds at $6.50 to 3.10.
Hart County—3 hhds at $4.25 to 5.10; 1 hhd at $4.60.
Metcalfe County—6 hhds at $7.20, 6.70, 4.65, 4.55, 4.60 and 3.95.
Warren County—5 hhds at $5.90 to 3.50.
Indiana—8 hhds at $4.95 to 5.35.
Illinois—1 hhd at $6.50.
Tennessee—5 hhds at $5.65 to 5.05.

Cincinnati Market.

Cincinnati, Dec. 21.—(Special.)—The tobacco market to-day was spirited and active, especially the new tobacco, and sold at good full prices. The same can also be said of the old, especially that showing sprinklings of color. The Globe Warehouse sold 19 hhds, of which six were new, being from Kentucky. The total of 63 hhds which were offered sold under the following range in prices: New—20 hhds: 1 at $2.65; 2 at $4.90 and 5.30; 8 at $6.65 to 7.90; 6 at $8.70 to 9.95; 3 at $10.75 to 11.75. Old—43 hhds: 5 at $4.90 to 5.70; 10 at $6.25 to 7.60; 8 at $8.20 to 9.55; 2 at $10 and 10.25; 6 at $12.25 to 14.25; 12 at $15 to 18.25.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by the Louisville Live Stock Exchange, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Dec. 21.—Cattle—The receipts of cattle to-day were 84 head; for three days 1,750. The attendance of buyers here to-day was only fair and the market continued rather quiet. There was a fair inquiry for strictly choice handy-weight butcher cattle, and everything of that description sold readily, while the trade ruled very sluggish on the common and medium grades of butcher cattle; very little outlet for that class. There was not much doing to-day in the feeder and stocker department; not many country buyers here. Choice heavy high-grade feeders continue in good demand at current prices; the trade on other classes is slow to a shade lower, and plain rough feeders and light trashy stock cattle particularly hard to sell at low values. The bull market ruled about steady. Canner trade slow. Choice milch cows and fancy springers continue selling readily at good figures, while the plain and inferior grade of cows are hard to dispose of at low prices. No heavy cattle here to-day; the feeling on that class is easy. At the close this evening the pens were fairly well cleared of desirable stock.

Calves—Receipts of calves 61 head; for three days 178. The market ruled slow and 25@50c lower; the best selling at $5@5.50; common calves slow sale.

Hogs—The receipts of hogs to-day were 2,182 head, including several cars bought by local packers on other markets and not on sale; receipts for the week so far 10,590. The market ruled slow and irregularly lower. Heavy hogs were 5c lower; mediums, lights and roughs 10c lower and pigs steady; the best, 200 pounds and up, $4.70; 165 to 200 pounds $4.55; 120 to 165 pounds $4.35; pigs ranged from $4.10 to $4.20, according to weight and quality; roughs $3.50@4.05. The market closed easy.

Sheep and Lambs—The receipts of sheep and lambs were very light, 29 head; for three days 720. The market ruled very quiet throughout the day without any change in values; the best lambs $5.75@6; best fat sheep $3.75@4; other grades slow sale at quotations.

Quotations.

CATTLE.

Extra good export steers	$4 75@5 00
Light shipping steers	4 00@4 50
Choice butcher steers	3 75@4 25
Fair to good butcher steers	3 00@3 65
Common to medium butcher steers	2 50@3 00
Choice butcher heifers	3 40@3 75
Fair to good butcher heifers	2 75@3 25
Common to medium butcher heifers	2 00@2 65
Choice butcher cows	3 00@3 50
Fair to good butcher cows	2 50@3 00
Common to medium butcher cows	2 00@2 50
Canners	75@1 75
Choice feeders	3 40@3 65
Medium to good feeders	2 75@3 25
Common and rough feeders	2 25@2 75
Good to extra stock steers	3 00@3 40
Fair to good stock steers	2 50@2 75
Common to medium stock steers	1 50@2 25
Good to extra stock heifers	2 40@2 65
Common to medium stock heifers	1 50@2 25
Good to extra oxen	3 50@4 00
Common to medium oxen	2 00@3 00
Good to extra bulls	2 40@2 65
Fair to good bulls	2 00@2 40
Choice veal calves	5 00@5 50
Common to medium veal calves	3 50@4 00
Coarse, heavy calves	2 50@3 00
Choice to fancy milch cows	35 00@40 00
Medium to good milch cows	20 00@30 00
Plain common milch cows	15 00@20 00

HOGS.

Choice pack. & butch., 200 to 300 lbs.	4 70
Medium packers, 165 to 200 lbs.	4 55
Light shippers, 120 to 165 lbs.	4 35
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs.	4 20
Light pigs, 50 to 90 lbs.	4 10
Roughs, 150 to 400 lbs.	3 50@4 05

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

Good to choice fat sheep	3 75@4 00
Fair to good sheep	2 50@3 00
Common sheep	1 50@2 25
Bucks	1 50@2 50
Extra shipping lambs	5 50@6 00
Best butcher lambs	4 50@5 00
Culls and tail-ends	4 00@4 50

(Reported by the Central Live Stock Exchange, Central Stock Yards.)

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Cattle—The market was dull and draggy to-day and will continue so until after the holidays on anything except something fancy. Fancy butcher stuff is selling at fairly good prices; common half-fat stuff almost unsalable. Some demand for choice feeders; common kinds are very hard to sell. No heavy shipping cattle here; feeling barely steady. Bulls about steady; canners slow. Good milch cows sell at steady prices, while the common small cows are selling at a shade lower prices. The pens are well cleared of good stuff, but there is some common cattle held over. The prospects do not look good for balance of the week.

Calves—Receipts light. Market steady; best veals $5.50@6; fair to good $4@4.75.

Hogs—Receipts light. Market ruled steady on all grades; best 200 lbs. and up $4.75; 160 to 200 lbs. $4.65; 120 to 160 lbs. $4.55; heavy pigs $4.25; light pigs $4@4.10; roughs $3.75@4.15. There is not near enough hogs coming to this market to supply the demand.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts light. Market steady on choice fat sheep and good lambs; others slow; best fat sheep $3.50@4; best lambs $5.50@6.

New York.

New York, Dec. 21.—Beeves—Receipts 2,196; market firm and higher; native steers $4@5.50; tops $5.65@5.75; oxen and stags $3@4.50; choice fat oxen $5; bulls $2.50@3.90; few export bulls $4.15@4.20; cows $1.30@3.10; few choice fat Ohio do $3.40; exports 310 cattle and 2,700 quarters of beef, to-morrow 2,000 cattle. Calves—Receipts 1,145; veals and calves steady; veals $5@9.25; little calves $4@4.50; barn-yard calves $2.50@3.50; Westerns $3.20@4. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 2,724; sheep slow to 25c lower; lambs firm; prime lambs 10@15c higher; sheep $3@4.90; few choice $5; culls $2; lambs $6.25@7; choice lots $7.12½@7.25; culls $5; Canada lambs $6.70. Hogs—Receipts 8,905; market firmer; good to prime State hogs quoted at $5@5.15.

Chicago.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Cattle—Receipts 16,000, including 200 Westerns; market 10@15c higher; good to prime steers $6.10@7; poor to medium $3.85@6; stockers and feeders $2.10@4.20; cows $1.25@4.40; heifers $2@5; canners $1.25@2.40; bulls $2@4; calves $3@6.75; Western steers $3.50@5. Hogs—Receipts 45,000, estimated for to-morrow 40,000; market 5@10c lower; mixed and butchers $4.35@4.65; good to choice heavy $4.55@4.70; rough heavy $4.30@4.45; light $4.20@4.50; bulk of sales at $4.40@4.57½. Sheep—Receipts 17,000; sheep and lambs 10@15c higher; good to choice wethers $4.55@5.10; fair to choice mixed $3.50@4.50; Western sheep $3.50@5.15; native lambs $4.50@6.90; Western lambs $5.50@6.50.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Dec. 21.—Cattle—Receipts 3,700, including 100 Southerns; market steady to 10c higher; choice export and dressed beef steers $5@6.50; fair to good $3.50@5; Western-fed steers $3.50@5.50; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.10; Southern steers $2.50@4.25; Southern cows $1.75@3.25; native cows $1.75@4.25; bulls $2@4; calves $3@6.50. Hogs—Receipts 11,000; market weak to 5c lower; top $4.67½; bulk of sales at $4.35@4.60; heavy $4.65@4.67½; packers $4.50@4.60; pigs and lights $3.75@4.50. Sheep—Receipts 2,200; market steady; native lambs $5@6.50; native wethers $4@5.25; native ewes $4@5; Western lambs $5@6.35; Western yearlings $4.75@5.60; Western sheep $3.75@4.75; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.50.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Dec. 21.—Hogs—Market quiet; butchers $4.65@4.70; common $3.75@4.20. Cattle—Market steady; fair to good shippers $4@5; common $2@2.25. Sheep—Market steady at $2.25@4.25. Lambs—Market steady at $4.50@6.75.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, Dec. 21.—Small primary receipts in the United States was one of the reasons of a strong wheat market here to-day. Crop damage reports from Argentina also aided in the upturn. At the close May wheat was up 1⅛c. Corn shows a gain of ⅛c. Oats are up ⅛@¼c. Provisions are off 2½@5c.

The wheat market at the opening was somewhat irregular, the May option being a shade higher to ½c lower at $1.10⅝@1.10¾. For a moment offerings were slightly in excess of demand. Almost immediately, however, sentiment changed and it became difficult to get responses to bids. The result was a quick advance in prices. Liverpool advices were of a bearish tenor. Quotations on future deliveries at the time of opening here were from ½@⅝d lower. The apparent reason for the decline was favorable news received there from Argentina, together with offerings of Argentine wheat at 3d decline. As an offset to these advices a local commission house had a cablegram from a Chicago crop expert now in Argentina giving a much less favorable account of that country's crop. The claim was made by this authority that with 2,000,000 more acres seeded to wheat this year appearances indicated that the total yield would be somewhat smaller than last year's. This was one cause of the fairly active demand from commission houses and shorts that developed soon after the opening. Later in the session the market was further strengthened by a liberal decrease in primary receipts, arrivals to-day being only about one-half as compared with those of the corresponding day a year ago. The superior strength of the December option, as evidenced by an advance of over 2c, gave indication of the cash wheat here being in strong hands, and also of their being still some outstanding shorts in this month's delivery. The strength of December likewise had a sympathetic effect on deferred futures and was partly responsible for the bullish tone of the late market. Shortly before the close May reached the highest point of the day at $1.12. The market closed strong, with May at $1.11⅝. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 57,700 bushels. Primary receipts were 648,000 bushels, compared with 1,299,100 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 535 cars, against 570 last week and 557 a year ago.

The corn market was strong, partly in sympathy with wheat and partly because of much smaller receipts than estimated. Reports of a lively shipping demand also strengthened speculative prices. Shorts were the best buyers. May opened ⅛@¼c higher at 45⅛@45⅜c, sold up to 45⅝c and closed at the highest point. Local receipts were 345 cars, with two of contract grade.

Strength of wheat and corn was the main cause of a firm oats market. Trading was exceedingly quiet and largely of a local character. May opened unchanged at 31¼c, sold up to 31⅝c and closed at 31⅜@31½c. Local receipts were 46 cars.

Provisions were a trifle easier as a result of liberal receipts of hogs. Trading was almost at a standstill. At the close May pork was off 2½c at $12.92½. Lard was a shade lower at $7.12½@7.15. Ribs were down 2½@5c at $6.75.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow: Wheat 32 cars; corn 535; oats 71; hogs 34,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
WHEAT—				
Dec.	$1 11	$1 13⅝	$1 11	$1 13⅛
May	1 10⅝	1 12	1 10⅝	1 11⅝
July	98½	98⅞	98½	98⅝
CORN—				
Dec.	45⅝	47¼	45⅝	46¼
May	45⅛	45⅝	45⅛	45⅝
July	45⅝	45⅞	45⅝	45⅞
OATS—				
Dec.	29¼	29¼	29¼	29¼
May	31¼	31⅝	31¼	31⅜
July	31¼	31⅜	31¼	31⅜
PORK—				
Jan.	12 57½	12 60	12 57½	12 57½
May	12 90	12 95	12 87½	12 92½
LARD—				
Jan.	6 85	6 90	6 85	6 90
May	7 12½	7 15	7 10	7 15
RIBS—				
Jan.	6 45	6 47½	6 45	6 47½
May	6 75	6 75	6 72½	6 75

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $5.10@5.20; straights $4.80@5; spring patents $4.90@5.50; straights $4.60@4.80; bakers' $2.70@3.80. Market barely steady.

Grain—No. 2 spring wheat $1.08@1.15; No. 3 do 98c@$1.12; No. 2 red $1.13@1.16; No. 2 corn 46¼@47½c; No. 2 yellow do 46¼@46¾c; No. 2 oats 30⅝c; No. 2 white do 31¾@31⅝c; No. 3 white do 29½@30⅝c; No. 2 rye 73c; good feeding barley 37@38c; fair to choice malting do 41@48c; No. 1 flax seed $1.16; No. 1 Northwestern do $1.23½; prime timothy seed $2.72½; clover, contract grade $12.75.

Provisions—Mess pork $11.30@11.45 per bbl.; lard $6.85 per 100 lbs.; short rib sides, loose $6.25@6.50; short clear sides, boxed $6.62½@6.75.

Whisky—Basis of high wines, $1.24.

On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was steady; creamery 16@26c; dairy 16@22c. Eggs easier at mark; cases included 19@22c; firsts 22c; prime firsts 24c; extras 26c. Cheese firm at 11@12c.

Receipts—Flour 42,600 bbls.; wheat 122,000 bu.; corn 973,900; oats 221,500; rye 9,000; barley 156,300. Shipments—Flour 51,500 bbl.; wheat 70,700 bu.; corn 303,200; oats 99,200; rye 1,100; barley 14,500.

YOU DO well to rent a Safe Deposit Box in the Fire and Burglar Proof Vaults of The Louisville Trust Company; the largest and strongest in the city.

Deposit your savings with that Company, where your money will work for you day and night at compound interest.

SOUTHWEST CORNER FIFTH AND MARKET.

S. C. Henning & Co.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions
Members { New York Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade. 226 FIFTH ST.

FINANCIAL.

J. M. SHARP & CO.,
406 W. MAIN STREET.
BONDS AND STOCKS, INVESTMENT AND STREET RAILWAY SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Special attention given to out-of-town orders. New York stocks bought and sold on moderate margins. Correspondence solicited.
Both Phones 1618.

CITY OF LOUISVILLE BONDS.
We have for sale City of Louisville 3 per cent., 3½ per cent., 4 per cent. and 5 per cent. bonds, also Street Railway Traction and Railroad Stocks and Bonds.
JOHN W. & D. S. GREEN,
249 Fifth street, Louisville, Ky.

5% MONEY
to loan by the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company.
GEO. W. DAVY, Special Loan Agen
Kenyon Bldg., Louisville, and Union Trust Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio.

ESTABLISHED 1878.
W. L. Lyons & Co.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS AND COTTON.
MEMBERS OF N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE AND CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.
Exclusive private wires and long-distance telephone connections. Local securities bought and sold.
Keller Bldg., 5th and Main, Louisville, Ky.

WILLIAMS COMMISSION CO.,
STOCKS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS, COTTON.
Direct correspondent of The Cella Commission Company of St. Louis.
All Listed Securities Bought and Sold on Moderate Margin.
Trades Placed Direct if Desired.
235 Fifth St. Both Phones 1337

E. H. MORGAN & CO.
Stocks and Bonds Bought For Cash or On Margin.
DIRECT WIRE TO PRINCIPAL CITIES
241 FIFTH STREET.
HOME PHONE 6979.
CUMBERLAND MAIN 104.

THE O'DELL COMPANY.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
Commission on cotton 3 points; on pork 2½. Private Wires to Principal Cities. Phones 3496 Main and Home 1618.
406 W. Main st. D. L. MAY, Manager.

Ware & Leland,
GRAIN, PROVISIONS, STOCKS, COTTON, COFFEE.
216 FIFTH ST.
Represented in Louisville by
CHAS. S. WILLIAMS and GEO. L. BACON
Private Wires to Principal Points. WRITE FOR MARKET LETTER.

JOHN L. DUNLAP,
228 Fifth Street.
HIGH CLASS INVESTMENT SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Direct private wire connection with all principal cities.
Telephone Main 431. Home 237

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, Dec. 21.—Butter steady; street price, extra creamery 26@26½c; official prices, creamery, common to extra 17@26c; do held, common to extra 19@24c; State dairy, common to extra 15@24c; renovated, common to extra 13@20c; Western factory, common to choice 13@17c; Western imitation, creamery, common to extra 15½@20c. Cheese firm; State full cream, small colored and white, fancy 12c; do fine 11½c; do late-made colored and white, choice 11c; fair to good 10@10½c; do poor 8½@9½c; do large colored and white, fancy 11⅝c; do fine 11@11¼c; do late-made colored and white, choice 10⅜c; do fair to good 9@9½c; do poor 8@8⅞c; skims, full to light 4@10c. Eggs steady; State, Pennsylvania and near-by fancy selected white 36c; do choice 32@34c; do mixed fancy 30@32c; Western fancy selected 28c; do average best 37c; Southerns 22@28c; refrigerators 18@21c. Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining 4⅜c; centrifugals, 96 test, 4⅞c; molasses sugar 4⅛c; refined firm; crushed 6.35c; powdered 5.75c; granulated 5.65c.

Flour—Receipts 16,477 bbls.; exports 10,899; market steady, but quiet. Rye flour and buckwheat flour quiet. Corn meal steady. Rye nominal. Barley quiet.

Wheat—Receipts 17,000 bu.; spot market firm; No. 2 red nominal in elevator and $1.18½ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth $1.23⅛ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba nominal f. o. b. afloat. Corn—Receipts 93,525 bu.; exports 39,321; spot market steady; No. 2 55½c in elevator and 53¼c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow 53¼c; No. 2 white 53½c. Oats—Receipts 9,000 bu.; exports 7,480; spot market dull; mixed oats, 26 to 32 lbs., 34½@35½c; natural white, 30 to 32 lbs., 36@37c; clipped white, 36 to 40 lbs., 37@39½c.

Hay quiet. Hops dull. Hides quiet. Leather and wool firm. Coal nominal. Beef steady. Cut meats dull. Lard steady; Western steamed $7.25; refined steady; continent $7.30; South American $8; compound $5.12½@5.50. Pork easy; short clear $13.75@16.25; mess $13@13.50; family $14@15; short clear $13.75@16.25; mess $13@13.50. Tallow quiet. Cotton-seed oil and petroleum steady. Rosin firm; strained, common to good $2.82½@2.85. Turpentine firm at 53@53½c. Rice and molasses steady.

Metals—Following yesterday's sensational decline in tin at London to-day's cables reported a partial recovery, spot advancing 15s to £132 5s and futures £1 to £130 10s. Locally the market was also steadier, with spot quoted at $29@29.25. London copper was unchanged at £66 for spot and at £66 7s 6d for futures. The local market was quiet, with the general range of prices as follows: Lake 14⅞@15⅛c; electrolytic 14⅝@15⅛c; casting 14½@14⅝c. Lead declined 2s 6d in London, with spot closhing at £12 10s. The market here was unchanged, with spot at $4.50@4.60. Spelter ruled easier abroad, closing at £24 12s 6d and was unchanged locally at $5.75@5.87½. Glasgow iron unchanged at 52s 3d; Middlesboro advanced to 48s 9d. The New York iron market was unchanged; No. 1 foundry Northern, No. 1 foundry Southern and No. 1 foundry Southern soft are quoted at $17.25@17.75 and No. 2 Northern at $16.50@17.25.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Dec. 21.—Wheat higher; No. 2 red cash in elevator $1.14½, on track $1.15; May $1.14⅝@1.14½; July 96¼c; No. 2 hard $1.11. Corn higher; No. 2 cash 43c, on track 44c; December 43c; May 43⅝c. Oats firm; No. 2 cash 30c, on track 30½c; December 30c; May 31⅝c; No. 2 white 32½c. Lead steady at $4.55@4.62½. Spelter steady at $5.70@5.75. Poultry slow; chickens 6½c; springs 7½c; turkeys 12c; ducks 9½c; geese 7c. Butter steady; creamery 20@28c; dairy 15@23c. Eggs steady at 24c per dozen, case count. Flour dull; red winter patents $5.25@5.40; special brands $5.50@5.60; extra fancy $4.80@4.90; clear $4.15@4.40. Timothy seed nominal at $2@2.40. Corn meal steady at $2.40. Bran firm; sacked on east track 90c. Hay steady at $8@13; prairie $6@9.50. Whisky steady at $1.27. Iron cotton ties 93c. Bagging 7⅛c. Hemp twine 6½c. Pork unchanged; jobbing $1160. Lard unchanged; prime steam $6.55. Dry salt meats steady; boxed, extra shorts $6.75; clear ribs $7.12½; short clears $7.37½. Bacon steady; boxed, extra shorts $7.62½; clear ribs $7.87½; short clear $8.12½.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, Dec. 21.—Hog products steady. Pork—Standard mess $12.50. Lard—Refined tierce 5⅝c; pure lard 7⅜c. Boxed Meats—Dry salt shoulders 7½c; sides 7⅜c. Bacon—Clear rib sides 8⅜c. Hams—Choice sugar-cured 12½@14c. Coffee firm; Rio, 8s to 4s 8⅛@9⅛c. Rice steady; screenings 1⅛@1⅝c; head 2⅝@4⅝c; extra fancy 4⅞@5c. Flour steady; extra fancy $5.40@5.50; patent $5.80@5.90. Corn meal steady at $2.60. Bran quiet at $1. Hay—No. 2 $13.50; No. 1 $14.50; choice $16. Corn—No. 2 bulk white 56c; mixed 55c; yellow 57c. Oats—No. 2 bulk 35c. Sugar firm; white clarified 4 15-16@5c; open kettle 3⅝@4⅛c; open kettle centrifugal 4⅛@4⅝c; centrifugal whites 4 13-16c; yellows 4½@4⅝c; seconds 3½@4⅛c. Molasses quiet; open kettle 15@28c; centrifugal 7@18c. Syrup steady at 22@25c.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Dec. 21.—Wheat higher; December $1.03½; May $1.03⅛@1.03¼; July 90⅛@90½c; cash: No. 2 hard $1.04@1.07; No. 3 $1.02@1.04½; No. 4 90c@$1; No. 2 red $1.07@1.09; No. 3 $1.04@1.07; No. 4 95c@$1.02. Corn steady; December 40⅝@40⅜c; May 42⅛c; July 42½c; cash: No. 2 mixed 41@41½c; No. 3 41¼@41½c; No. 2 white 41½c; No. 3 41@41½c. Oats firm; No. 2 white 31½c; No. 2 mixed 31c. Eggs lower; Missouri and Kansas new No. 2 whitewood cases included 22c; case count 20½c; cases returned ½c less.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Dec. 21.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods dull on basis of $1.24. Eggs steady at 26c. Butter firm. Poultry quiet; hens 8c; springs 8c; turkeys 11@12c. Cheese steady. Flour quiet. Wheat firm and higher; No. 2 red $1.18@1.19. Corn steady; No. 3 45⅜c. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 33¼c. Rye dull; No. 2 82c. Lard quiet at $6.60. Bulk meats quiet at $6.75. Bacon easy at $8. Sugar firm.

Duluth.

Duluth, Dec. 21.—Wheat—To arrive: No. 1 Northern $1.10; No. 2 Northern $1.04; on track: No. 1 Northern $1.10; No. 2 Northern $1.04; December $1.10; May $1.13. Oats—To arrive and on track 29¼c.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Dec. 21.—Wheat—December $1.09¼; May $1.13¼; July $1.12⅝@1.12½; No. 1 hard $1.13; No. 1 Northern $1.11; No. 2 Northern $1.06.

Toledo.

Toledo, Dec. 21.—Clover-seed—Cash and December $7.95; February $8; March $8.05; prime alsike $8.05; prime timothy $1.30.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Dec. 21.—Barley steady; No. 2 52c; sample 36@50c.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Dec. 21.—The cotton market was moderately active and ruled very irregular. At times the bears appeared to be in full control and prices registered a new low level for the season around midday, to rally later and closed very steady at a slight gain on buying that was attributed not only to covering shorts, but to purchases for spot interests. The opening was firm at an advance of 1@10 points in response to the cables. On the New York close of yesterday Liverpool was due to come about 6 to 8 points lower, but official quotations showed a decline of only 5 points at the hour of the local opening, and private cables reported more favorable conditions, owing largely to an oversold short interest and small Southern offerings. After the opening here prices continued to show firmness and worked up to a net gain of about 12@13 points in the first half hour or so of trading on covering and buying by reactionists. But leading speculative interests were very heavy sellers on the bulge to 7.51c for March, and, the early demand being filled up, prices started downward, reaching in the early afternoon a net loss of about 9 points, with January selling at within 12 points of the promised 7c level, while March, selling at 7.30c, was 21 points down from the best level of the session. Selling was encouraged to some extent by reports of freer spot offerings in the Southern markets and a lower range of quotations, but in the afternoon exporting interests who had been quietly buying on the decline purchased very aggressively, smaller shorts covered actively and prices shot up to a little over the opening figures. Final quotations were 5@7 points net higher on all months except October, which was 14 points higher. The estimate for to-morrow's receipts at Houston was small, but other points expect fair arrivals.

Estimated receipts at the ports to-day 53,000 bales, against 48,711 last week and 52,072 last year; for the week 300,000 bales, against 326,365 last week and 301,314 last year; to-day's receipts at New Orleans 18,649 bales, against 17,899 last year, and at Houston 13,045 bales, against 13,536 last year.

Spot cotton dull; middling uplands 7.70c; do gulf 7.95c. Closed quiet and 10 points lower; middling uplands 7.60c; do gulf 7.85c; sales 25 bales.

The following is the range of prices for futures on the New York Cotton Exchange:

MONTH.	Opening.	Closing.	Highest.	Lowest.
December	....	7.24	7.24	7.12
January	7.22	7.28	7.33	7.12
February	7.32	7.38	7.38	7.30
March	7.43	7.46	7.51	7.30
April	....	7.53	7.54	7.49
May	7.59	7.57	7.62	7.40
June	7.62	7.66	7.66	7.50
July	7.70	7.68	7.72	7.51
August	7.70	7.69	7.71	7.55

New Orleans, Dec. 21.—Spot cotton in good demand, but at lower rates. Sales 7,700 bales, including 3,800 to arrive. Quotations reduced ⅛c; ordinary 4 11-16c; good ordinary 6c; low middling 6⅝c; middling 7 3-16c; good middling 7 7-16c; middling fair 7 15-16c; receipts 19,380 bales; stock 436,453. Futures opened from 4 to 8 points up, but by noon prices had declined to a few points below last evening's closing. The bullish and bearish sentiment to-day was well intermingled, so thoroughly that some of yesterday's bears were the bulls of to-day and vice versa. Liverpool cables advised that this was a good time to buy. New York telegrams were noncommittal on that point, showing that the sentiment of the traders was divided much the same way on the local market. Later in the session there was an improvement of 6@8 points, the market closing steady, with net gains of 4@6 points.

Liverpool, Dec. 21.—Moderate business done in spot cotton; prices 5 points lower; American middling fair 4.42d; good middling 4.18d; middling 4.08d; low middling 3.96d; good ordinary 3.82d; ordinary 3.66d. The sales of the day were 7,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export and included 6,500 American; receipts 37,000 bales, including 36,400 American. Futures opened easier and closed steady.

Savannah, Dec. 21.—Cotton quiet; middling 7 3-16c; net receipts 6,761 bales; gross receipts 6,761; sales 150; stock 163,336; exports to the continent 9,742; shipments coastwise 889.

Memphis, Dec. 21.—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅜c; net receipts 1,520 bales; gross receipts 3,539; shipments 2,019; sales 1,200; stock 136,194.

St. Louis, Dec. 21.—Cotton quiet; middling 7½c; net receipts 800 bales; gross receipts 3,726; shipments 3,082; stock 34,577.

Galveston, Dec. 21.—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅜c; net receipts 13,379 bales; gross receipts 13,379; stock 201,558.

Boston, Dec. 21.—Cotton quiet; middling 7.70c; net receipts 449 bales; gross receipts 6,729.



Sample
Umbrellas
At Cut Prices.

$3.50 and $4.00 Goods $2.85
$5.00 and $6.00 Goods $3.85
$6.50 and $7.50 Goods $4.85
$8.00 to $12.00 Goods $6.85

Choicest novelty handles; best steel rods and paragon frames; fast color, high-grade silks; every umbrella guaranteed for one year. Put up in Christmas boxes; handles engraved free of charge. See special window display.

LEVY'S, Third and Market.
OPEN NIGHTS
UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK.

Courier-Journal.
THURSDAY..DECEMBER 22, 1904

CITY FEATURES.

Don't Fail To Get

Some of our famous Fruit Cake and Plum Pudding. The best in town. Also fine line of confections, bakings and delicacies of all kinds. See our excellent display of Xmas souvenirs from 5c to $5. Don't forget the place. JENNIE C. BENEDICT CO., 512 Fourth.

SALE OF STOCK

IN GAS COMPANY SEEMS ONLY RECOURSE.

Sewers Badly Needed and City Engineer Is Making Plans.

Plans for sewer construction, which is to be begun during the coming year, are now being prepared by J. B. F. Breed, the city engineer, and will be presented to the Mayor during the next few weeks. It has not been decided what work will be done or how much will be expended, but it now seems probable that the city's stock in the Louisville Gas Company will be sold and the money used for constructing sewers. There is some objection to this on account of the loss of dividends which are now paid on the gas stock, and the necessary increase of the tax rate to cover the loss, but at present no other way of constructing the necessary sewers presents itself to the General Council in the near future.

The city has on hand $250,000 of bonds for sewer construction, but as they pay only 2 per cent. interest it is thought some difficulty will be experienced in selling them. If they could be sold for par, the law not allowing the sale for less than par, the city could construct at least one large outfall sewer, probably that known as the northwestern outfall sewer. This is greatly needed and it is probable that the money which is expended will be put into the sewer, which will begin at or near Eighteenth and Grayson streets and extend to the river in a northwesterly direction.

By the tax levy for the fiscal year 1905 the sewer construction fund is allowed $6,428.17. In addition the city will receive about $24,000 interest on the sewer bonds, which are in the hands of the sinking fund, but which have never been sold. This would give the city $31,400 for sewer construction, independent of the sale of bonds of the gas company stock. The gas company stock could be sold for almost $1,250,000. The question is to be presented to the Finance Committee as soon as the city engineer completes his plans.

Fireman Resigns.

J. J. Mellet, a member of Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, resigned his position yesterday. Mellet will engage in business more profitable.

EARNINGS OF SOUTHERN SHOW LARGE INCREASE.

From financial statements issued by the Southern railway an increase in business is shown. The increase for the second week in December over the same period in 1903 is $58,400. The entire business of the summer has far exceeded that of last year, as is evidenced by the figures from July 1 to December 14. The increase during this period over last year is $1,563,255.

For Converting a Horse.

A warrant is in the hands of the police for the arrest of John McNulty, of 1703 Portland avenue, charging him with converting a horse to his own use. The horse is the property of Joe McNulty, a cousin of John McNulty. In his affidavit Joe McNulty alleges that he loaned the horse to his cousin, who was to take care of the animal for its use. Instead of complying with the contract, the affidavit alleges, McNulty disposed of the horse and refuses to reimburse the oner. The horse is valued at $150. McNulty has not been arrested.

Blank Cartridges Barred.

"I intend to enforce the city ordinance against the use and sale of blank cartridges," said Sebastian Gunther, Chief-of-Police, yesterday. "The ordinance has been violated to some extent," continued the Chief, "but if it can be prevented this Christmas I intend to do it. I will order the police to arrest anybody found using or handling the cartridges. If they don't want to be arrested they must let those dangerous toys alone."

HOLIDAY RATES
VIA B. AND O. S.-W.

To St. Louis, Cincinnati, Columbus, Pittsburg, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points in C. P. A. territory on sale December 24, 25, 26, 31, January 1 and 2. Return January 4. City office Fourth and Main.

PLEASED

At Being Sent To Jail For Three Months.

NEGRO WOMEN COMMITTED.

WILL DRAW $1 A DAY AND HAVE EXPENSES PAID.

TREATED AS STAR BOARDERS.

Acting under a statute that has been long on the books, but seldom proceeded under, Judge Evans yesterday committed to jail Lacy Taylor and Anna Rogers, both colored, who will be held as witnesses in the case against the four policemen and the negro men charged with conspiring to intimidate voters. The women will be paid $1 a day and expenses while in jail and will be given comfortable quarters by John R. Pflanz, the Jailer. The women expressed an entire willingness to spend the winter in jail at $1 a day.

R. D. Hill, the District Attorney, moved the court that the women be held in jail as witnesses after hearing their story. When Pleas Taylor and William Lawson left Louisville after election day they took the two women with them, and Taylor married Lacy Taylor at Hartsville, Tenn. The women accompanied the men back to Louisville after the arrest.

Since their return here the women said they were threatened if they testified in the case, and told Mr. Hill that men with revolvers told them they would be killed if they testified. Mr. Hill was unable to find out who had threatened the women, who said at one time that it was a party of United States officers and at another that it was a party of policemen. To insure their remaining here he decided to have them committed to jail and locked up, the statute giving the Judge the authority to put them under bond. Judge Evans fixed bond at $1,000, and, as the women were unable to furnish it, ordered them committed to jail.

A report that the women would be removed to another jail was denied by Mr. Hill. "I think Mr. Pflanz is one of the best jailers I have ever known," he said. "And I am perfectly willing that all Federal prisoners and witnesses should be committed to his care. These women will be put in an apartment kept for the better class of colored women and will be well treated. They will be given reading matter and supplied with many comforts. The Government will pay them $1 a day and all expenses and they will be better situated than the great majority of negro women. They were glad to go and will have probably $100 apiece when the cases are called for trial."

RUSH AT REGISTRY DIVISION.

Five Clerks Transferred To Assist Regular Men.

Several clerks were transferred from other divisions to the Registry Division at the Post-office yesterday to assist in handling the Christmas mail. Nearly 800 packages were handled by the registry clerks yesterday before 6 o'clock and the three extra clerks had all they could handle. Two additional clerks will be transferred to the Registry Division to-day and every effort will be made to handle the mail properly.

The incoming Christmas mail is now almost as large as that being sent out, and the carriers are having all they can attend to to deliver that addressed to houses on their routes. As there is practically no money for extra clerks during the rush, the preference will be given to first-class mail, and there may be some delay in the delivery of Christmas presents sent through the mail.

PUT UNDER BOND.

Pleas Taylor and William Lawson Held To Answer.

Pleas Taylor and William Lawson were held to answer to the Federal grand jury yesterday by Henry F. Cassin, the United States Commissioner. Mr. Cassin said he had read the evidence taken at the examining trial of the policemen and King Taylor and would hold Taylor and Lawson under the same bond—$5,000. The negroes were unable to furnish security and went to jail.

Substitute Carriers Appointed.

William Warley, Samuel Nichols and Charles W. Jones were appointed substitute letter carriers yesterday by Dr. T. H. Baker, the Postmaster. The men will get their first work in assisting in handling the Christmas mail.

LITTLE CHANCE FOR LIFE TO BE SAVED.

Suffering from suppurating meningitis, which will probably cost him his life, Charles Goodwin, a twelve-year-old boy, was taken to the City Hospital from his home at 1014 Dumesnil street yesterday afternoon. When taken to the hospital the family of young Goodwin reported that he had been complaining for three weeks. The physician who attended him stated that it would be almost impossible to save his life on account of the lateness of the treatment, but an operation will be performed to-day.

Suppurating meningitis, a disease of the brain, has reached an acute stage in the case of Goodwin. The case is always particularly obstinate and difficult to cure even when treated in its early stages and owing to the fact that Goodwin was unconscious when taken to the hospital his condition is particularly critical.

The exact manner in which young Goodwin received the injury, which caused his disease, is not known. The latter is generally caused by a fall or severe blow and affects the brain. Three weeks ago the lad received a blow upon the head while at play and since that time he has been complaining of racking pains. His condition gradually grew worse until he was taken to the hospital yesterday.

Patronize Home Industry.

Ask your grocer and meat market for our

Kentucky Brand

Hams, Bacon, Lard and Sausage.

Made from Selected Kentucky Hogs, which produce the choicest of all products.

Kentucky Packing & Provision Co.
CENTRAL STOCKYARDS.

DIFFER

As To Fate of City's Kindergartens.

MAYOR AND CITY ATTORNEY

THINK WORK IS PROVIDED FOR IN TAX LEVY.

PROF. MARK'S CONTENTION.

The fate of the free kindergartens of Louisville was anxiously discussed yesterday, and a difference of opinion exists on the subject, Prof. E. H. Mark, Superintendent of the Schools, and C. C. Martin, Secretary of the School Board, contending that, because the General Council did not provide in the tax levy for the kindergartens, this branch of the school work in Louisville will have to be discontinued. On the other hand, Judge A. E. Richards, the City Attorney, S. M. Wilhite, the City Controller, and others of the city officials, contend that the increase in the amount which will be paid by the city to the school fund is more than enough to maintain the kindergartens. Mr. Martin claims that under the law the kindergartens are not a part of the common school system, and money appropriated generally for schools cannot be used for kindergarten purposes.

This is denied by the City Attorney, who said to Mrs. Morris B. Belknap and Miss Eleanor Tarrant, who called on him yesterday for his legal opinion on the kindergarten question, that there is nothing in the charter of the city requiring a special levy. "The kindergarten system is a part of the school work, and it is not different except that a different method is employed," said Judge Richards. "In my opinion the kindergartens can be maintained from the fund for general school purposes, and as I understand the figures, the increase of this year over last year will be more than was expended on kindergartens during the past year. In addition the schools this year were at an expense for free books, and they will not have to go to this expense next year. I can see no legal reason why the kindergartens may not be provided for by the appropriation which is made in the tax levy ordinance, as presented to the lower board of the General Council last night."

* * *

Kindergartens Provided For.

Mayor Grainger said yesterday, regarding the increase in the amount which will be received by the schools: "The appropriation this year will allow the schools almost $17,000 more than last year, and this will be ample to provide for the kindergartens. On account of the sum which will be received by the schools from the Water Company's assessment we thought it unnecessary to provide for the one-fourth of 1 per cent. which we gave them last year. We had no intention of cutting out the kindergartens, and we do not believe that we have done so. The appropriation has been ample, and the increase will more than pay for the same number of kindergartens which they have at present. We simply give the School Board more than $10,000 with which to pay a water bill of about $1,500. This bill has always been paid, so that the assessment of the Water Company results in advantage to the schools, for we must take from the general purpose fund money sufficient to pay the schools their pro rata of the taxes which are paid by the Water Company."

* * *

Prof. Mark's Views.

The contention of Prof. Mark is set forth in the following statement, which he gave out yesterday:

"The city authorities evidently wish to do away with the kindergarten or do not realize the importance of the work. The allowance for schools is thirty-three cents on the $100 of taxable values for 1905. Last year and the year before it was thirty-three and one-quarter cents, with the specific understanding that the one-quarter of a cent was to be used for the expenses of the kindergartens.

"With the reduction of one-fourth of a cent the board would not have sufficient funds to operate the kindergartens.

"The levy of one-fourth of a cent last year amounted approximately to $3,000. The expense of running the kindergarten classes was $6,000. The difference was made up from the funds of the School Board. The expense of each kindergarten is $500 a year. The teacher is paid a salary of $425. The janitor service, heating and furnishing cost an additional $75 a year for each school."

* * *

Assessor Explains.

"The whole question is one of city finance and is hard to understand," said Daniel F. Murphy, the City Assessor. "The school fund gains by the water company's assessment, but almost all the other funds of the city proper lose. The court has decided that the water company must pay its taxes. At first it was thought that the water company's bills for water used by the city, which must be paid under the court's decision, could be counterbalanced against the taxes and that it would simply be an even break without loss to either, but the complications which arose gave the school fund just $10,698.27 as its part of the water company's assessment and this must be paid from other funds which are under the control of the Finance Committee. The schools gain just this sum on account of the water company's assessment, although the city proper loses by this same assessment.

"The amount received by the schools this year was $407,573.51 while next year the schools will get $424,259.55, a gain of $16,686.04. The whole thing is complicated and will not be understood unless one is familiar with the methods of making assessments, taxation and allotting it to the various departments."

* * *

Women Interested.

Mrs. Belknap and Miss Tarrant are greatly interested in the kindergartens and they went to see Judge Richards to get his legal opinion on the questions involved. They also called on Mr. Wilhite, who explained to them the increase in the amount which will be received by the schools, and they went away feeling encouraged. The fight for kindergartens will come before the School Board at a meeting in the near future when the whole thing will be settled. The following is the location of the present kindergartens:

One in connection with the first ward school, Cabel and Washington streets; Third ward, Shelby and Broadway; Normal School, Hancock and Market streets; Fourth ward, Hancock and Walnut streets; John H. Heywood School, Fifth and O streets; Eighth ward, Center and Walnut streets; Sixth street, Sixth and Kentucky streets; Tenth ward, Thirteenth and Green streets; Madison street, Seventeenth and Madison; Western colored school, Sixteenth and Magazine streets; California colored school, Seventeenth and Kentucky streets, and the Main-street colored, Preston and Main streets.

* * *

Want Truant Officers.

Another difficulty faces the School Board, for the women who have interested themselves in truant officers will insist that the board provide for them now; that it has nearly $17,000 more money with which to do it. Mrs. Belknap asked Judge Richards yesterday for his opinion as to the meaning of the word pupil as used in the statute which requires the appointment of an officer for every 3,000 pupils. Judge Richards said that it seemed to him a child would not be a pupil until he or she had been registered in some public or private school. He then estimated the number of pupils, under his meaning of the law, at 36,000. At this figure the law would require the appointment of twelve truant officers, at a salary of from $1 to $2.50 for each school day. Estimating the cost at $2.50 a day the expenses of the truant officers would be something over $7,000. The School Board will be asked to provide for these officers.

FINES FOR THE YEAR WILL PROVIDE DINNER.

Directors of Board of Trade Arrange Their Annual Banquet—Logan C. Murray Tells of Washington Trip.

The annual dinner of the directors of the Board of Trade will be given Thursday evening, December 29. This was decided yesterday at the regular meeting of directors, but the place yet remains to be selected. This dinner is entirely separate and distinct from the annual banquet given all members of the Board of Trade, this latter function to be given January 26.

It has long been the custom of the directors to fine themselves for absence from any regular meeting of the board, and the fund so created will be used in providing the dinner. In assessing fines no excuse for absence is taken, sickness and absence from the city not being accounted valid.

Logan C. Murray, chairman of the Board of Trade committee to invite President Roosevelt to visit Louisville, reported to the board his interview with the President and said that in his opinion, from what was said at that time, President Roosevelt would accept the invitation.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following: Jesse C. Morgan and Mary P. Bowman, Clarence Davis and Lizzie Gardner, F. W. Fish and Maggie May Traylor, Val Lauermann and Bessie Lee Johnston, John Hayden and Jessie Clark, J. D. Waldron and Mary P. Smith, Dewilton Boswell and Ida Belle Watson, Charles Madison Ellis and Mary Stone Maddox, Leslie Thomas and Bela Hendrick, Osborne W. Smith and Mary Dunn, J. S. Smith and Nelle M. Carrico, Willie J. Mathis and Mabel J. Penn.

Refuses To Give Name.

A well-dressed stranger was found asleep on Tenth street yesterday morning by Patrolman Young and locked up on the charge of being drunk. All efforts to learn the stranger's name have so far failed. He was told that he would be asked in Police Court to give his name, and he said he would not give it. "Why can't they assess a fine against 'the unknown?'" he asked. "I don't see what a name would have to do with it, since I am not suspected of murder, robbery and other things."

SIR THOMAS LIPTON



HAS

THE CECILIAN
THE PERFECT PIANO PLAYER

IN HIS HOME.
Why Can't You Have One In Yours?

THE CECILIAN

can be attached to any make of Piano, square or upright. With it attached to your Piano you could enjoy the classical as well as the popular airs of the day, be you musician or not.

AS A CHRISTMAS GIFT
IT IS UNSURPASSED.

The Price of the Cecilian is $250.
MONTHLY PAYMENTS IF DESIRED.

We invite you to call and let us demonstrate the superiority of THE CECILIAN.

Montenegro-Riehm Music Co.
628-630 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

We offer High-Grade Cigars at reasonable prices, packed in boxes of 25, especially suitable for the holidays. These goods are well known and popular brands. Merchants, Manufacturers and others contemplating making presents to their friends can't do better than call on us for their supplies.

ROBINSON-PETTET CO., INC.
528-532 W. MAIN ST., LOUISVILLE, KY.

PIANOS
Buy the Best.
STEINWAY and KURTZMANN
and the celebrated
PIANOLA

Do not take chances with new and untried makes when about the same or a little more money will buy an OLD RELIABLE Piano from an old reliable house.

SMITH & NIXON CO.,
4th Ave. Bet. Walnut and Chestnut Sts.
OPEN AT NIGHT.

BARGAINS IN PIANOS AT F. M. TILLAR'S,
Cor. 6th and Wal. OPEN AT NIGHT

Holiday Purchasers Profit
By Visiting Our Store in the Morning and After Supper.

This Morning 8 to 11	*To-night 7 to 9.*
$1.50 Military Hair Brushes, 98c. Imported Black Military Hair Brushes, with Sterling Silver monogram plate.	*Enameled Doll Cradles, 15c.* Red and White Enameled Wood Doll Cradles, regular values 25c to 35c.
$2.50 Linen Table Covers, $1.98. Our Best Imported Table Covers, knotted fringe; each one is guaranteed to be absolutely fast wash color. $1.98.	*Tool Chests, 10c.* Tool Chests, with set of nice tools, 10c.
20c Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 12c. Women's Fine Swiss Embroidered, Scalloped Handkerchiefs, neat floral designs, 12c.	*Black Taffeta Umbrellas, 75c.* Only 100 Men's, Women's and Children's Fast Black Taffeta Umbrellas; best steel paragon frame, very pretty handles; regular $1.00 quality, 75c.
$7.50 Silk Waist, $3.98 Women's Silk Shirt Waists, in Peau de Cygne, Taffeta, Crepe de Chine and Peau de Sole, broken lots and sizes; this season's style, values $5.50 to $7.50.	*Women's $1.50 Shoes, $1.19.* Two styles, our $1.50 Shoes, soft Vici Kid, patent tips, light and heavy soles; every pair guaranteed; one pair to a customer.

HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO.
414-416-418-MARKET STREET.-418-420-422

I'll save you money on your CHRISTMAS COFFEE



8 lbs. Dry Roasted...
7 lbs. Mixed Special...
6 lbs. Mulloy's Special
5 lbs. Best Bogota...
4 lbs. H. & H. Special.
3 lbs. Mocha and Java
} $1

Good Tea at 45c Per Pound.
HOME PHONE 1322.
John M. Mulloy
THE COFFEE ROASTER,
214 West Market.

CHAFING DISHES.



Finest Assortment, Lowest Prices
BRIDGEFORD & CO.,
501 W. Main St.

CHRISTMAS
OUR FURNITURE STORE

Is a most attractive place to come to for a holiday present. You can find a suitable gift for a man, woman or child.

CALL AND SEE US.

KEISKER'S 586 FOURTH AVENUE.
LOUISVILLE'S LEADING FURNITURE STORE.

Ready For Christmas! Yes, we are ready with the largest and finest collection of

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY AND NOVELTIES.

The following are a few specials we offer this week:

Verithin Watches $35.00 to $75.00.
5-piece Tea Set, Gorham's $100. Bread Trays $3.50.
Amethyst and Topaz Crosses with chains $7.50
Scarf Pins from $1.00 to $100. Child's Gold Bracelet $4.00
Gorham's Silver Deposit Cologne Bottle $1.50.

GEORGE WOLF & CO., Fourth and Jefferson Sts.

A COAL VASE
makes a nice Christmas gift. We have them at prices ranging from one dollar up.

A GOOD SET OF KNIVES AND FORKS
is always acceptable, and we can show the best variety in the city and at the lowest prices.

An extra good set of Carvers at $1.50, and warranted. Brass Cages, Brass Spittoons and Brass Coal Vases and Fire Sets, Toy Stoves and Toy Graniteware, Fine Tea and Coffee Pots.

GEHER & SON,
217 MARKET ST., near 2d

You get more than the worth of your money when you buy a spoon or fork of the new

FLOWER-DE-LUCE
pattern in
COMMUNITY SILVER.

This plated ware has the beauty and "style" of the best Sterling. It is triple plated and guaranteed for 25 years. Yet we offer it to you at a price very little more than that of ordinary plate.

Floyd & Bohr Co.,
Hardware, Saddlery and Harness,
750 to 758 West Main St.



For Sale by T. P. TAYLOR & CO.,
9d and Jeff., 336 4th and 3d and Market,
MAIL ORDERS SOLICITED.

PIANOS

PIANOS
PIANOS
PIANOS
PIANOS
PIANOS
PIANOS
PIANOS
PIANOS
PIANOS
PIANOS

Are what might be termed necessary luxuries, since no home is complete without one. Music drives away the cares of everyday life and relieves the monotony of household worry.

Baldwin PIANOS

Represent the highest type of musical instruments. The world's greatest artists speak of them in words of the highest praise.

The Baldwin Piano Player

Possesses exclusive features not possible in any other. Come in and hear it play.

Special Terms and Prices During December.

D. H. Baldwin & Co.,
529-531 Fourth Avenue.

LAST DAYS

During these last days of Xmas shopping it is well to remember the

KLAUBER SHOP.

You have the assurance that whatever may be selected for gift purposes at our establishment is certain to afford lasting pleasure to the recipient and corresponding satisfaction to the giver. . . .

Klauber 340 4th Ave.

Wintersmith's Remedies
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.